Abstract
The realities of the new information society regarding rapid changing character of library and information science make the LIS schools to revise their curricula to provide more education and training in new information technology and sciences.

The purpose of this study is to review the existing courses at Bachelor and Master’s level offered by library science departments in Iran and India to see whether they have been designed to prepare librarians to meet the challenges of the new environment. If they have not, to determine what steps would be needed for restructuring the courses.

For the purpose four sets of questionnaires were distributed amongst the librarians working in different types of libraries and faculty members of LIS departments in both the countries. The questionnaires administered are analyzed and discussed in four sections. The first two sections concerned with Iranian librarians and teachers and the other two for Indian librarians and teachers.

Through analyzing the results the researcher concluded that:
1. Just about 18% of librarians in Iran and about 34% in India are fully satisfied with their education in library science.
2. The most important causes of their limited satisfaction are: insufficient acquaintance with IT, inadequate practical training, and deficiency in methods of teaching.
3. Faculties need introspection and improvement first of all in acquaintance with IT then in overall knowledge and knowledge of the courses taught.
4. Methods of teaching and systems of examination and evaluation should change to interactive and practical-oriented methods.
5. Course contents of both the levels in both the countries need revision either partially or completely. A few courses should be dropped and some new ones should be introduced.
6. As the tools and instruments of communication have changed the new instruments i.e. information technology and practical training on usage of these instruments should be made a part of each of the core courses.

At the end some suggestions for both the countries has been made.