APPENDIX - I

Indo-Bangladesh Treaty of Co-operation, Friendship and Peace,
19 March, 1972.*

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Inspired by common ideals of peace, secularism, democracy, socialism, and nationalism;

Having struggled together for the realisation of those ideals and cemented ties of friendship through blood and sacrifices which led to the triumphant emergence of a free, sovereign and independent Bangladesh;

Determined to maintain fraternal and good neighbourly relations and transform their border into a border of eternal peace and friendship;

Adhering firmly to the basic tenets of non-alignment, peaceful co-existence, mutual co-operation, non-interference in the internal affairs and respect for territorial integrity and sovereignty;

Determined to safeguard peace, stability and security and to promote progress of their respective countries through all possible avenues of mutual co-operation;


(Contd. ...2)
Determined further to expand and strengthen the existing relations of friendship between them;

Convinced that the further development of friendship and co-operation meets the national interests of both states as well as the interests of lasting peace in Asia and the World;

Resolved the to contribute for strengthening World Peace and security and to make efforts to bring about a relaxation of international tension and the to find elimination of vestiges of colonialism, racialism and imperialism;

Convinced that in the present-day world international problems can be solved only through co-operation and not through conflict or confrontation;

Reaffirming their determination to follow the aims and principles of the United Nations Charter;

The People's Republic of Bangladesh, on the one hand and the Republic of India on the other, have decided to conclude the present treaty.

**ARTICLE - I:**

The high contracting parties, inspired by the ideals of which their respective peoples struggled and made sacrifices together, solemnly declare that there shall be lasting peace and friendship between their two countries and their peoples.

(Contd. ..... )
Each side shall respect the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of the other and refrain from interfering in the internal affairs of the other side.

The high contracting parties shall further develop and strengthen the relations of friendship, good neighbourliness and all-round co-operation existing between them, on the basis of the above-mentioned principles as well as the principles of equality and mutual benefit.

**ARTICLE - 2**

Being guided by their devotion to the principle of equality of all peoples and states, irrespective of race and creed, the high contracting parties condemn colonialism and racialism in all their forms and manifestations and reaffirm their determination to strive for their final and complete elimination.

The high contracting parties shall co-operate with other states in achieving these aims and support the just aspirations of people in their struggle against colonialism and racial discrimination and for their national liberation.

(Contd. .... )
ARTICLE-3:

The high contracting parties reaffirm their faith in the policies of non-alignment and peaceful co-existence, as important factors for easing tension in the world, maintaining international peace and security and strengthening national sovereignty and independence.

ARTICLE-4:

The high contracting parties shall maintain regular contacts with each other on major international problems affecting the interests of both states, through meetings and exchanges of views at all levels.

ARTICLE-5:

The high contracting parties shall continue to strengthen and widen their mutually advantageous and all-round co-operation in the economic, scientific and technical fields. The two countries shall develop mutual co-operation in the fields of trade, transport and communication between them on the basis of the principles of equality, mutual benefit and the most favoured nation principle.

(Contd. .......)
ARTICLE-6:

The high contracting parties further agree to make joint studies and take joint action in the fields of flood-control, river-basin, development and the development of hydro-electric power and irrigation.

ARTICLE-7:

The high contracting parties shall promote relations in the fields of art, literature, education, culture, education, culture, sports and health.

ARTICLE-8:

In accordance with the ties of friendship existing between the two countries, each of the high contracting parties solemnly declares that it shall not enter into or participate in any military alliance directed against the other party.

ARTICLE-9:

Each of the high contracting parties shall refrain from any aggression against the other party and shall not allow the use of its territory for committing any act that may cause military damage to or constitute a threat to the security of the other high contracting party.

(Contd. .... )
ARTICLE-10:

Each of the high contracting parties shall refrain from giving any assistance to any third party taking part in an armed conflict against the other party.

In a case either party is attacked or threatened with attack, the high contracting parties shall immediately enter into mutual consultations in order to take appropriate effective measures to eliminate the threat and thus ensure the peace and security of their countries.

Each of the high contracting parties solemnly declares that it shall not undertake any commitment, secret or open, towards one or more states which may be incompatible with the present treaty.

ARTICLE-11:

The present treaty is signed for a term of 25 years and shall be subject to renewal by mutual agreement of the high contracting parties. The treaty shall come into force with immediate effect from the date of its signature.

(Contd. ...... )
ARTICLE-12:

Any differences in interpreting an article or articles of the present treaty that may arise between the high contracting parties shall be settled on a bilateral basis by peaceful means in a spirit of mutual respect and understanding.