<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Glossary</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Agi</strong> : Singpho term for a Chief</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Aki</strong> : Chairman of a village council</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Baka</strong> : Traditional Singpho attire for men also known as Lunghi</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Bar Hat</strong> : Big market</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Bomban</strong> : Traditional Singpho headdress or turban</td>
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<td><strong>Bukang</strong> : Traditional Singpho wrap around skirt of the womenfolk</td>
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<td><strong>Changlangkan</strong>: A Hilltop where the ancestors of the Singpho are believed to discover a herbs which they used during fishing.</td>
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<td><strong>Chapup</strong> : Traditional local rice beer commonly known as laopani</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Changhang</strong> : A small hut construct at grave</td>
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<td><strong>Cungfong</strong> : A coffin kept in a guarded house</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Dhufan</strong> : Family lineage of a chief</td>
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<td><strong>Dumsa</strong> : A Traditional Singpho priest</td>
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</table>
Dumyo : A specific dance performed during the funeral of an old and respected person of the society

Fan : Clan which means people belong to same blood

Gam : First son of a family or a clan

Gui : Elephant

Gunjang : Assistant Priest who assist the Dumsa during rituals

Hplap : Traditional Singpho red tea

Hukang : A Fence of human heads

Intana Mitaw : A family

Inka nhat : Deity who is believed to give the people a prosperous harvesting

jingpho : Human beings who were exposed to outside world and who do not live in isolation

Kumbang : The matchmaker or go between in a negotiated marriage

Khaichi : Traditional Singpho beads

Khani : opium
Kyang : Monastery
Khungrang : Hornbill
Manau : Dance which is believed to be originated by the birds.
Manau Shadung: The stage during the celebration of Shawpawng Yawng Manau Poi
Mangtum : Granary
Mauzadarship : Representative of British administration
Mela : Trade fair organized by the Ahom in the plain areas where hill tribes also participate to exchange their items. Later on, it was continued by the British administration
Miriym : A Village
Mitoi : A magician endowed with supernatural power
Mung : The people present during a trial proceeding to listen to the trial (Audience)
Mutung Tifidai : A negotiated marriage
Ngadang : Sacrificial altar during a ritual
Nhat : Spirit whom the Singpho people used to worship

Nhatgun : Worshipping of a spirit of the protector

Ningwat : Waistband wore by married women

Npeng : Traditional Singpho bag

Numladai : Marriage and the word means taking of a girl

Pangna Fra : Small Buddha temple in a Singpho house

Passa : Traditional fish soup

Phy : Bride wealth

Pinalanta : Village dormitory

Punglat : Bloodshed or fight among the commoners

Saat Makai : Traditional food

Singlap Nhat : Ancestral spirit

Siphon-Silang : Traditional Village Council member

Suwanka : Ritual performed after a person died so that the departed soul could reach the land of spirit safely and lived there happily

Tra-Ding : Traditional Village council
Theravada : The word is consist of Pali word 'Therav' and Sanskrit word 'Sthirvada' both the word stands for unmoved or stand still. Theravada Buddhist sect is for those believers of the Buddhism who did not move away from original teachings of the Lord Buddha.

Twa : A ritual for prosperity in agricultural activities

Yawng : Mythical ancestor of the Singpho