JUVENILE JUSTICE BOARDS AND THE JUVENILES IN CONFLICT WITH LAW: A CRITICAL ANALYSIS WITH REFERENCE TO TAMIL NADU

CHAPTER INDEX

Certificate i
Declaration ii
Acknowledgement iii
Abbreviations v

Chapter I Introduction: Conceptual Framework 1-25
1.1 Introduction 01
1.2 Background of the Study 09
   1.2.1 Post Independence Era 10
1.3 Review of Literature 13
1.4 Scope of the Research 22
1.5 Objectives of the Study 23
1.6 Hypothesis 24
1.7 Methodology 24
1.8 Data Collection 24
1.9 Scheme of Research 25

Chapter II Concepts, Fundamental Principles and Definitions 27-64
2.1 Fundamental principles relating to the administration of Juvenile Justice. 28
   2.1.1 First Principle – Principle of Presumption of innocence 30
       2.1.2 Second Principle – Principle of dignity and worth 35
   2.1.3 Third Principle – Principle of Right to be heard 36
   2.1.4 Fourth Principle - Principle of Best Interest 38
   2.1.5 Fifth Principle - Principle of family responsibility 39
   2.1.6 Sixth Principle – Principle of Safety 41
   2.1.7 Seventh Principle - Positive measures 41
2.1.8 Eighth Principle-Principle of non-stigmatizing semantics, decisions and actions 42
2.1.9 Ninth Principle-Principle of non-waiver of rights 42
2.1.10 Tenth Principle-Principle of equality and non-Discrimination 43
2.1.11 Eleventh Principle – Principle of right to privacy and confidentiality 43
2.1.12 Twelveth Principle- Principle of last resort 44
2.1.13 Thirteenth Principle-Principle of repatriation and restoration 44
2.1.14 Fourteenth Principle - Principle of Fresh Start 45

2.2 Certain Important Definitions 45
2.2.1 Juvenile 45
2.2.2 Juvenile in conflict with law 46
2.2.3 Offence 47
2.2.4 Law 48
2.2.5 Competent authority 49
2.2.6 Board 50
2.2.7 Advisory Board 50
2.2.8 Begging 51
2.2.9 Public Place 52
2.2.10 Probation Officer 52
2.2.11 Child in need of care and Protection 53
2.2.12 Street Child 55
2.2.13 Abandoned Child 55
2.2.14 Surrendered child 56
2.2.15 Best interest of the Child 56
2.2.16 Child Friendly 58
2.2.17 Guardian 58
2.2.18 Fit Institution 59
2.2.19 Institution 60
2.2.20 Fit Person 61
2.2.21 Place of Safety 62
2.2.22 Special Home 62
2.2.23 Adoption 63
2.2.24  Special Juvenile Police Unit  63
2.2.25  Detention  64
2.2.26  Community Service  64

Chapter III  International Instruments Relating To Juvenile Justice: The Institutional Mechanism Embodied In The Relevant Instruments Relating To The Protection Of Juveniles

3.1 International Instruments for Protection of Children before 1989.

3.1.1 Declaration of the Rights of Child, 1924.  68
3.1.2 Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948.  69
3.1.3 Geneva Convention, 1949.  70
3.1.4 U.N. Declaration of the Rights of the Child, 1959.  73
3.1.5 International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966 and International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966.  76

3.2 International Instruments for Protection of Children after 1989

3.2.1 Convention on the Rights of the Child, 1989.  80
3.2.2 UN Convention for Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency: The Riyadh Guidelines, 1990.  82
3.2.3 UN Rules for the Protection of Juveniles Deprived Of their Liberty: Havana Convention, 1990.  86
3.2.4 Guidelines for Action on Children in the Criminal Justice System. Vienna Guidelines, 1997.  87
3.2.5 The UN Guidelines on Justice In Matters Involving Child Victim And Witnesses of Crime: Adopted By The Economic And Social Council In Its Resolution 2005.  89
3.2.7 Crime Prevention For Children: Developments And Good Practices, 2009  91

3.2.9 Implementation of SAARC Convention: The Way Forward.

3.2.10 Guidelines For Legislative Reforms On Juvenile Justice, 2011.

Chapter IV Constitution of India and The Protection of Juveniles
4.1 Right to Education 99
4.2 Right against Exploitation 100
4.3 Right to Health 102
4.4 Right to Equality 103

Chapter – V Juvenile Justice Delivery Mechanism 109-220
5.1 Police 109
  5.1.1 Relevant Statutory Provisions 110
  5.1.2 Organisation 111
  5.1.3 Duties & Functions 112

5.2 Probation Officer 115
  5.2.1 Relevant Statutory provisions 115
  5.2.2 Appointment 117
  5.2.3 Duties & Functions 118

5.3 Juvenile Justice Board 122
  5.3.1 Relevant Statutory Provisions 123
  5.3.2 Constitution 127
  5.3.3 Powers and Functions 130
  5.3.4 Inquiry 133
  5.3.5 Final Order 144
  5.3.6 Appeal and Revision. 148
  5.3.7 Post Final Order 148
  5.3.8 Pending Cases 150
  5.3.9 Disposed Off Cases 151
  5.3.10 Prevention of abuse and exploitation 151
  5.3.11 Cognizance of Offences 152
5.4 Institutions - Observation Home and Special Home 152
  5.4.1 Relevant Statutory Provisions 152
  5.4.2 Establishment 155
  5.4.3 Certification/ Recognition of Institutions run by Non-Governmental Organisation 155
  5.4.4 Physical Infrastructure and Standard of Care and Facilities 157
  5.4.5 Management and Staff 163
  5.4.6 Steps to be taken for newly admitted Juvenile 172
  5.4.7 Visit, Communication and Leave 176
  5.4.8 Transfer of Juvenile 177
  5.4.9 Prevention of Abuse and Exploitation 178
  5.4.10 Action against Juvenile 179
  5.4.11 Release from Institution and Restoration 180

5.5 State Government 183
  5.5.1 Relevant Statutory Provisions 183
  5.5.2 Constitution of Statutory bodies 186
  5.5.3 Establishment of Homes 194
  5.5.4 Recognition of Organisations and Institutions 195
  5.5.5 Training of Personnel 196
  5.5.6 Schemes and Programmes 197
  5.5.7 Creation of Juvenile Justice Fund 201
  5.5.8 Miscellaneous Functions 202
  5.5.9 Rule Making Power 203

5.6 Non Governmental Organisation (Ngo) and Social Worker 204
  5.6.1 Relevant Statutory Provisions 204
  5.6.2 Areas of Operation 206
  5.6.3 Grants in Aid 211
  5.6.4 Sponsorship Programme 212
  5.6.5 Disqualification 212
  5.6.6 Reports to be Confidential 212

5.7 Legal Services Authority and Advocates 212
  5.7.1 Relevant Statutory Provisions 213
BIBLIOGRAPHY 291-295


APPENDICES 296-410

Appendix: I. The Juvenile Justice (Care And Protection Of Children) Act, 2000
                 II. International Instruments Relating To Juveniles
                 III. Indian Laws Relating To Juveniles
                 IV. Table Of Cases