After long negotiations, the World Trade Organization has come into being on 1st January 1995 and India is a founding Member of WTO. Though WTO has a journey of only 12 years, it has many facets to discuss and argue. This thesis will first discuss various reasons behind the establishment of WTO, its purpose, principle and structure. Then it moves to its various Agreements one by one in detail.

In the second chapter this work attempts to discuss various provisions relating to Agreement on agriculture and throws light how provisions are threatening to food security and livelihood of farmers in India.

In the next chapter the study examines the provisions of Agreement on textile and clothing and the chances of India to prosper in textile sector in world arena.

Then the study concentrates on vital issue that is service sector and first annalizes provisions of General Agreement on Trade in Service and then minutely examines its impact on Indian service sector in general and exclusively deals with different sectors like tourism, health, education, etc.

Though TRIMs is very small Treaty, it has manifold effects on Indian economy; therefore, this work attempts to discuss various aspects of TRIMs and its impact on Indian investment.

Intellectual property was much debated issue in the WTO. Therefore, in chapter six the various provisions of TRIPs are dealt with in much detail and finally examines how the provisions of TRIPs are detrimental to Indian patent system, the health of the poor and Farmers’ Right to sell seeds.
Finally, in the concluding chapter, the study is summed up with much cautions and suggestions are laid down which might be very beneficial to Indian economy.

K. GABA
(KANCHAN GABA)