Bibliography
PRIMARY SOURCES

A. Unpublished Documents

Public Record Office, London

Arab Bureau Files, Series 887.
Cabinet Files, Series 24 (Cabinet Memoranda).
Colonial Office Files Series 727 (Arabia)
Colonial Office Files, Series 371 (Turkey)
Foreign Office Confidential Print, Series 424 (Turkey)
Foreign Office Embassy and Consular Archives 195
Foreign Office General Correspondence 76.

India Office Library and Records, London

Persian Gulf Territories: Residency Records 1890-1914.

   Bushire Agency Records (R/15/1) - 1890-1914
   Bahrain Agency Records (R/15/2) - 1899-1914
   Kuwait Agency Records (R/15/5) - 1904-1914

Political and Secretary Department, Home Correspondence, 1875-1911.
Political and Secret Department, Letters from India, 1875-1911.
Political and Secret Department, Memoranda.
Political and Secret Department (Regular) Files, 1912-1930.
Political and Secret Department, Subject Files, 1902-1931.

National Archives, New Delhi

Foreign Department Proceedings, Secret and External Files of the Government of India for the period 1890-1914.

280
B. Published Documents


SECONDARY SOURCES

A. Books


Ahmad, Feroz, The Young Turks, the Committee of Union and Progress in Turkish Politics, 1908-1914 (Oxford, 1969).


Bailey, F.E., British Policy and the Turkish Reform Movement (Cambridge, 1942).


Blaibdell, B.C., European Financial Control in the Ottoman Empire (New York, 1929).


Capper, James, Observations on the Passage to India Through Egypt and Across the Great Desert (London, 1973).


Chapman, M.K., Great Britain and the Baghdad Railway 1888-1914 (Massachusetts, 1948).


Dickson, H.R.P., Kuwait and Her Neighbours (London, 1956).

Earle, E.M., Turkey, the Great Powers and the Baghdad Railway, A Study in Imperialism (London, 1923).


Glubb, J.B., British and the Arabs (London, 1959)

--------, The Story of the Arab Legion (London, 1956).


Gopal, S., British Policy in India, 1858-1905 (CUP, 1965).


Greaves, P., Britain and Turkey (London, 1941).


Hallberg, C.W., The Suez Canal: Its History and Diplomatic Importance (New York, 1931).


Hoskins, H.L., British Routes to India (New York, 1928).

Hourani, A.H., Ottoman Background of the Modern Middle East (London)


---------, The Economic History of Turkey, 1800-1914 (Chicago/London, 1980).

Karpat, Kemal H., ed., The Ottoman State and Its Place in World History.


---------, In the Anglo-Arab Labyrinth (Cambridge, 1976).


Kelly, J.B., Britain and the Persian Gulf, 1798-1880 (New


Kienrnam, Thomas, The Arabs - Their History, Aims and Challenges to the Industrialised World, USA.


Kumar, Ram Nandan, Britain and Iraq (A Study in British Diplomacy (Patna, 1992).

Kumar, Ravinder, India and the Persian Gulf Region, 1858-1907 (Bombay: Asia Publishing House, 1965)


--------, European Alliances and Alignments, 1871-1890 (New York, 1964)


--------, The Emergence of Modern Turkey (London, 1961).


Menon, K.S., The 'Russian Bogey' and British Aggression in India and Beyond (Calcutta, 1957).


Peterson, J.E., Yemen: The Search for a Modern State (London: Croom Helm, 1982).


----------, Arabian Jubilee (New York, 1953).

----------, The Heart of Arabia, A Record of Travel, vol.2 (London, 1922).

----------, Forty Years in the Wilderness (London, 1957).


286


Rihani, A., Ibn Saud, His People and His Land (London, 1928).


Saab, Hasan, The Arab Federalist of the Ottoman Empire (Amsterdam: Djambatan, 1958)


**B. Articles**

Ahmad, Feroz, "Great Britain's Relations with the Young Turks 1908-1914", *Middle Eastern Studies*, vol.11, no.4, 1966.


--------, "Arab-Turkish Relations in Historical Perspective (1260-1914)", *Studies on Turkish Arab Relations*, Annual 1986.


Royal Institute of International Affairs (London), "Political and Strategic Interest of the United Kingdom", (1925).
