GLOSSARY

Adhikari: A public or private charge or situation of authority; authority; jurisdiction

Amaldar: A person holding public charges; a public officer

Amanat: A deposite

Amin: Revenue collector

Barkhali: Alienated land. It dates its origin probably to the time when the Government received its dues in kind and signified without the Government barn (from ‘Bahar’ without ‘Khali/khale‘barn)

Bhagbatai system: where the tax was taken in kind or taken by the state to a fixed share of produce (earliest form).

Bhagdari: The bhagdar of village were the superior holders or shareholders. The revenue was collectively paid by the bhagdars. (Here) too was no intervention of Government between the bhagdars and the cultivators regarding the dues, extracted – The Government was concerned only with the dues that is got from a bhagdari village.

Chakaria: Land held either wholly or partially rent-free for service

Chauth: an annual tax nominally levied at 25% on revenue or produce

Desai: The chief hereditary revenue officers in a District

Dukan: An indigenous bank

Gadi: Seat of Power

Ganot: Rent

Inam: a gift, a present
**Inandar:** A holder of Inam lands

**Izara:** A revenue farming contract

**Izaradar:** Revenue Farmer

**Jakat:** Octroi

**Kalambndhi:** An agreement or a treaty between the two Governments

**Jamadar:** Head Constable

**Kamal:** Value. The full or gross rental of a village

**Kamvisdar:** Revenue farmer

**Kar:** A tax or duty

**Khatu:** An account; an account between Government and cultivator

**Khetivadi Pedhi - Agricultural Bank**

**Kos:** A leather bag was used to draw water from a well

**Kutchery:** A Government office; a public office

**Mahal:** A revenue taking area

**Majumdar:** Hereditary District officers enjoying alienated lands and case allowances in the same manner as Desai

**Mulukgiri:** Annual expedition forces to extract revenues from Kathiawad

**Mutalik:** A post along with the Dewan

**Naka:** A customs or preventive post

**Nazarana:** An amount paid in recognition of claim

**Paga:** A military establishment
**Panchayat:** A local Court of arbitration appointed by the civil officers of Government or by the disputants themselves

**Patel:** Village Headman

**Potedar:** A treasurer

**Sanad:** A grant; a patent; a document conveying to an individual emoluments, titles, privileges, offices, or Government right to revenue from land etc. under seal of ruling authority

**Sardeshmukhi:** an additional 10% tax levied upon the collected 'Chauth'.

**Shahukar:** An indigenous Banker

Shroffs: Money changers

**Taqavi:** An advance of money made by Government to poor cultivating, for the purpose of seeds, bullocks, agricultural implements and digging wells, to be repaid with interest from the period of the harvest

**Tajvijdar:** Hereditary officer similar to Desai, Amin, and Patel

**Talati:** A village accountant

**Talika:** Sub-division of district

**Talukdar:** A landholder; the proprietor of holder of a taluka village

**Vero:** Taxes imposed under various denominations upon trades and employment exercised, as well as upon articles of property belonging to cultivator