The threat of terrorism is booming not in one city or country but all over the world. Today, it has become a global problem. India has been a victim of the terrorist violence for more than two decades. The thrill of terrorism generally generates high intensity shock waves which usually pass down the terminal point of our spine. It may be true that the anatomy of terrorism is complex but it is equally correct that its causes are more complicated. Terrorism is actually a curse on mankind. This insanity is perpetuated by fanatic acts of deranged barbarians who have no value for human life. Thousands of innocent people, having no link with or knowledge of terrorists, have lost their lives in terrorist attacks. Terrorist wrath has taken the toll of larger number of enforcement agencies whose only crime was to execute their assigned duty. Terrorism has crippled life in several states and countries and is causing economic breakdown leading to unemployment, hunger and untold misery, and also paralyzed the social and economic fabric of the society. It has taken the lives of a Prime-Minister and Chief Minister in the ghastly suicide terrorist attacks.

Therefore, the present research work was undertaken by me with a view to study the problem of terrorism and the possible solution including measures which could be taken for the prevention, control and abatement of terrorism. For the convenience of study, the present work is divided into ten chapters. First Chapter is as usual is that of “Introduction.” In this chapter, an attempt has been made to study the problem of terrorism in detail including Historical Perspective, Problem of Terrorism at Global Level, Terrorism Sponsoring/Affected States, Profiles of Terrorist’s Organisations, Background of Terrorists, Weapons used by Terrorists, and Problem of Terrorism at National Level.

The Second Chapter deals with the “Concept, Meaning and Definition of Terrorism”. In this chapter, an attempt has been made to analyse and understand the meaning and definition of terrorism in detail. Further, the distinct meaning of various terms like Terrorism, Extremism, Militancy, Revolutionary, Guerrilla,
Insurgency, Mercenary etc, are also discussed at length. In addition, Origin of Terrorists, Extremists, Insurgents and Revolucionists etc is also discussed along with the possible distinction among them.

The "Causes and Effects of Terrorism" are discussed in the Third Chapter. In this chapter, an attempt has been made to find out the possible Causes of Terrorism. In addition, the Effects the Consequences of Terrorism are also discussed in this chapter, threadbare.

In the Fourth Chapter, "Kinds and Modus Operandi of Terrorism" are discussed. In this chapter, the nature and scope of International Terrorism, State Terrorism, State-Sponsored Terrorism, Regional Terrorism, Fanatic Terrorism, Narco-Terrorism, Urban Terrorism, Domestic Terrorism, Political Terrorism, Suicidal Terrorism, Chemical and Biological Terrorism, Nuclear Terrorism, Ideological Terrorism, and Cross-border Terrorism etc. are discussed. Further, the chapter also explains the Modus-Operandi of Terrorists including Hijacking, Kidnapping, Assassinating, Bombing, Explosives, Hand Grenade, and Extortion, Robbery and Theft etc.

The Chapter Fifth is of "Global Terrorism." In this chapter, the problem of terrorism in various countries including Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, America, Afghanistan, Chechnya, Russia, Israel-Palestine, Lebanon-Israel, United Kingdom (UK), Tajikistan, Uzbekistan, Spain, Algeria, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Turkey, Switzerland and Japan etc. is overviewed. In addition, an attempt has been made to study the various 'Legal Principles against International Terrorism, including the Tokyo Convention, 1963, the Hague Convention, 1970, the Montreal Convention 1971, the Taking of Hostages Convention 1979, the Protocol to the Montreal Convention, 1988, the Marking of Plasting Explosives for the Purpose of Detection Convention 1991, the International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombings, 1997, the International Convention for Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism, 1999 and the SAARC Summit for Suppression of Network of Terrorism, 2007 etc.
In the Sixth Chapter, "The Problem of Terrorism in India" is discussed. The special emphasis has been made regarding the problem of terrorism in Jammu and Kashmir, Panjab, Delhi, U.P., Maharashtra, and Tamil Nadu etc. In addition, this chapter also covers the problem of Insurgency in North-East States including Nagaland, Assam, Manipur, Tripura, Mizoram and Meghalya. Further, the Problem of Naxalism which is growing day by day in different parts of the country including the Chhatisgarh, Bihar, Jharkhand, West Bengal, Orissa, Andhra Pradesh and Telegana etc, is also explained.

The Seventh Chapter of the study is devoted to the "Statutory Safeguards against Terrorism." In this chapter, a critical appraisal of various anti-terrorist laws passed by Parliament from time to time have been made including the Terrorist Affected Areas (Special Courts) Act, 1984, the Terrorist and Disruptive Activities (Prevention) Act, 1987, the Prevention of Terrorism Act, 2002, and the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Amendment Act, 2004 etc.

The Eighth Chapter covers the issue of "Terrorism and Human Rights". In this chapter, an attempt has been made to understand the Concept of Human Rights, Universal Declaration of Human Rights, Indian Constitution and Human Rights, American Conventions on Human Rights, Violation of Human Rights by Enforcement Agencies and Terrorists, and the Third Degree Methods etc. Further, the issue that whether the terrorists themselves do have any human right or that whether any humanistic approach is required to deal with them, is also discussed in this chapter.

In the Nineth Chapter, "Role of Judiciary in Combating Terrorism" is discussed. The chapter also covers the judicial response regarding the matters of Possession of Unauthorized Arms, Ammunitions and Explosive Substances, Bail, Confessional Statements, Abetment and Conspiracy and punishment etc.

The Last Chapter is of "Conclusion and Suggestions". Some conclusions based on the study are drawn. At the end of this chapter, some useful and realistic suggestions, are also made.
The study is doctrinal in nature but wherever feasible data is supplied to make the study real and effective. The sources of information are also duly recorded in the Select Bibliography.

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