CHAPTER-III

ORIGIN, GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE SANSKRIT AND INDOLOGICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTES IN INDIA

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CHAPTER-III

ORIGIN, GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE SANSKRIT AND INDOLOGICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTES IN INDIA

ESTABLISHED

We now come to the question of Research Institutes. The research Institutes in our country are mainly centred in the bigger cities and have grown up by themselves under the port range of either the rich or enlightened families or under the fostering care of the foreign scholars and educated children of the soil. The oldest of the research societies in the country is the Asiatic society founded by Sir William Jones in 1784 at Calcutta, the then headquarters of the British in India. Sir William Jones; one of the profoundest scholars who devoted his life to the investigations of the society would be the geographical limit of Asia and that within the limits its enquiries would be extended to whatever is performed by man or produced by nature. A museum was set up in the hall on the ground floor of the society’s buildings, with two sections, one for the Archeological, Ethnographical and Technical collections and the other for Geological and zoological specimen. Along with the museum, a library also was founded.
The museum was to include inscriptions on stone or brass, ancient monuments, Hindu deities, ancient inns, manuscripts, instruments of music, vessels used in religious ceremonies, implements of native art and manufacture, animals peculiar to India, dried or perched, skeleton or particular bones of such animals, birds stiffed or preserved, dried plants and prints, minerals or vegetable preparation peculiar to eastern pharmacy, ores of metal, native alloys of metals, minerals of every description. Thus founded, the museum and the library thrived from year to year under the patronage of the elite of the country both foreign and indigenous amongst whom mention may be made of Col. Stuart, Dr. Tytler, General Mackenzie, Mr. Brian Hodgson, Capt. Dillon and Babu Ram Kamal Sen and others who placed at the disposal of the society interesting and envious objects collected from various parts of the country.

It was in 1862 that the proposal of the society to establish imperial Museum materialized when the govt. announced the necessity for the foundation of a public museum in Calcutta. By 1865 negotiations had advanced and in 1866 under Act XVII of 1866, a public Museum at Calcutta, called the Indian Museum was established. By this act the Asiatic Society had to make over to the zoological, Archeological and Geological (to the Geological Survey) collections and get in return suitable
accommodation for itself in the museum building the portion allotted to the society being in their exclusive occupation and control.

The society purchased more land in an adjoining site in Park Street and made adequate provision for future expansion and continued its activities in the publication of its important memories and Indological research series such as the Asiatic Researches, the bibliotheca Indica, Bibliotheca Buddhica and also its own journals where important papers in science and arts were published after being formally presented to the general body of members in its monthly meetings. The library attached to the society was its most important asset and this library, the richest in the country for its rare collection systematically thrived under the fostering parental care of its enthusiastic members. The library was the main laboratory for the researchers and serious scholars. The total stock of the library will be about 3 lacks of which about 50,000 volumes are manuscripts a large part of which is rare and unobtainable anywhere else. The name of the society too has undergone changes since its foundation in 1784. From the Asiatic Society it was renamed Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal and then again after independence it has changed its name to the Asiatic Society, Bengal, once more. The galaxy of illustrated persons who have served as president, fellows and members of the society include eminent persons who are
renewed Scientists, Linguistics and great Scholars of repute both of the country and abroad.

Oriental Institute, Baroda is another important Research Institute in the western region of the country, which has made a name in the field of Indological research in the world. The institute was first a branch of the Central Library at Baroda, which H.H. the Maharaja Sayaji Rao III founded in 1910. Later on it separated itself as the Prachya Vidya Mandir with a director of its own and its two main branches, viz; the Manuscript Department and the Printed Section or the Library. The institute specializes in oriental or rather in indological research. It is the centre from where the world famous Gaekward's Oriental Series is published. The Director of the institute is the ex-officio General Editor of the series which has to its credit more than 250 different publications of rare Sanskrit and Pali manuscripts of utmost value to Research Scholars on Indian culture, history, linguistics, grammar, philosophy etc. The rare and unpublished are edited critically with translation, critical notes, appendices etc. and brought out in the G.O. Series. This series alone has made the name of the Gaekwards famous all over the scholarly world where indological studies are valued. The library has more than 1 lakhs volumes of books and printed material on Indian Philosophy, linguistics, Grammar, Politics, Literature, Language, History, Art, Sculpture
and Culture. Besides, it has a very rare collection of Mss brought from
different parts of the country. There are more than 25,000 volumes of Mss
properly catalogued looked after and preserved. The library is open to the
public who are interested in Sanskrit and allied studies. Since 1960, Baroda
has been separated from Bombay or Maharashtra and is now a part of the
newly formed Gujarat state with Ahmedabad/Gandhinagar as the state
capital. The Oriental Institute now forms a part of the Maharaja Saya ji Rao
University of Baroda and is under the supervision of the Head of the
Department of Sanskrit of the University. This Institute in the western region
of the country was performing its duties as a solitary research institute and it
has of late many other competitions in the field.

The Bhartiya Kala Bhawan, started by Dr. K.M. Munshi, the
Research Institute under the St. Xavier's College, Bombay, the K.R. Cama
Oriental Research Institute are now doing very valuable work in the field of
Indian philosophical and historical studies. In East Khandesh also the Indian
institute of Philosophy at Amalner as also the famous Jai Bhandars at Patan
and other states in Gujarat are also in their own way doing very good work
in helping research in their own lines. They have rich collections of mss and
books open to their members only. Facilities for research have of late
increased and no serious scholar is now precluded from making use of any
such library for his serious work and studies. Royal Asiatic Society at Bombay branch was founded in 1804. It serves as the branch of the Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain at London. It has also a research institute library with several important publications to its credit. After independence the library has been taken up by the state govt. as the state central library with the director of libraries for Bombay as the chief. It is also entitled to receive a copy of all books under the Delivery of Books Act. It is a public library with facilities for research under it. In its new role it has an important part to play in the spread and development of book service in the state.

Now to turn to the South. The most famous research centre is the Saraswati Mahal library or better known as Tanjore maharajah Sarfoj’s Saraswati Mahal library. It was founded in 1600 as the private collections of the ruling kings of Tanjor. It houses rare mss collections and is of utmost value to the scholars interested in ancient Indian and Tamil culture and studies. Its catalogues are printed and are available for sale. Its total stock runs to more than 1 lacs volumes, majority of which are mss. Since 1918 it has been opened to the public and there is a managing committee to look after its affairs. There is a small museum attached to the library also. Facilities for research have now been extended and any one interested in
utilizing the materials may do so on the premises. Unless specially decided rare mss are not lent out.

The other important centre’s which have materials for research are the university library (1907), the Presidency college library (1840), the Connemara public library (1890), Govt. Oriental Mss. Library (18th century), Madras library Society library (1812), Theosophical Society library (1883), Nilgiri library, Ootacamund (1867), Vizianagram Mharaja’s Sanskrit college library (1900). Madras is the only state to have a library Act on the statute Book. In Mysore there are quite a number of important research centers, e.g. The Maharaja’s Sanskrit college (1876), Govt. Oriental library (1891), The Mythic Society library (1809), The Kannada Sahitya Parishad library (1915), Indian Institute of Science library (1911), Central College library, Bangalore (1858), besides the University library.

The Sayidia library formerly under the Nizam’s region was founded in the 10th century A.D. It is famous for its rare manuscript collections dating from the 12th century A.D. comprising Arabic and Hadees books. It has also important documents of early British rule in south India-including letters bearing the signatures of Clive, warren Hasting, Wellesly, Tipu Sultan, Nizams of Hyderabad, Governors of Madras etc. There are also art collections attached to library. It was opened to the public as late as 1934.
The former state of Hyderabad has also the Osmania University library (1919), The Nizam College Library (1787), The Zamia Nizamic Library (1875) besides other libraries. After independence Nizam’s dominance has been added to the neighboring states and the states of the Andhra has been founded with the major portion of Nizam’s dominance. The districts adjoining to the states of Madras and (Karnataka) Maharashtra have been added to those states. The presidency state of Kerala comprising the Cochin and Trivancore areas of the British days have also just a few important libraries, viz; the Ernakulum Maharaja’s college library, Cochin (1873) the Public Library (1869), Trichur Public Library and Reading Room (1873), besides the university library and other educational institutes.

In the United Provenances now known as the Uttar Pradesh there are several University Libraries which are important research centers as well. Besides there are the following libraries (1823), Allahabad Public Library (1864), Prince of wales Sanskrit Bhavana, Kalsi Vidyapith now Sampurnanand Sanskrit University, Govt. Sanskrit College Library, Varanasi.

In Bihar besides the University Libraries we have the following important libraries which have research material and afford some facilities for serious work. The Khuda Bux Library is a very rich collection noted for
its manuscript and books in Urdu, Persian and Arabic and is indispensable for fundamental research work in Muslim history and culture.

There are quite a few famous research institute libraries in Poona in the state of Maharashtra. To name some of them; The Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute (1917), The Bharat Itihas Samsodhaka Mandal Library (1910) rich in books and manuscripts on Maratha history while the former is an important seat of indological studies. The monumental critical edition of the Mahabharata published/produced by the BORI has made the institute famous the entire world over, the Poona Anandashram Library (1888), the Poona Albert Edward Institute and Cowasjee Dinshaw Hall and Library (175), The Meteorological office Library (1875), Servants of India Society, Poona (1910), besides University and a large number of educational and non-institutional Libraries.

We now turn to the central capital at Delhi where there are quite a few important Indological centers. The position of Delhi prior to independence was not so important culturally and socially. It was the Head Quarters of Indian govt. and it had all the different ministerial libraries and the central Secretariat library besides the more important Research Institute library such as the then Imperial Record Department (IRD) library now known as the National Archives Library, is a very important store house of research
material for the scholars interested in the British period of Indian history. Besides, printed books, parliamentary papers and other allied material—the Archives have all the records of the GOI from the earliest times down to the present decade. This affords a very good opportunity to the scholar to handle the original records and get his material for research and study. There is trained staff to help the scholars with the necessary books and records.

The other important research library in Delhi is the central Archaeological library under the Archaeological survey of India. It is wonderfully rich in collection of printed materials for ancient Indian history and culture.

Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthan. It was established (1972) under the auspices of Ministry of Human Resource Development, GOI to promote, propagate and preserve the traditional Sanskrit learning. Here research work is carried out by the efficient scholars. Teach Sanskrit language through correspondence. Its assistance to various projects and republishing the rare titles like waterbuck, Sabdakalpadruma is commendable. It has published 25 works simultaneously to commemorate its silver Jubilee in 1997. Provides financial assistance to host conferences and to publish Sanskrit books. Works as a central governing office of various Vidyapithas and Pathasalas are affiliated to it and are fully financed by the sansthan.
Sri Lal Bahadur Shastri Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapitha (Deemed to be University).

Earlier it was affiliated to Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthan. Now, it has been given an independent status of deemed to be university. It propagates learning of Sanskrit in all the fields e.g. Astronomy and Astrology, Grammar, Poetics, Nyaya, Vedanta, Jainism, Vedic Studies, Karmakanda etc. on traditional lines. It is a seat of higher learning leading to the degrees of B.Ed., M.Ed., Ph.D., and D.Lit. It has a full fledged publication department regularly brings out the scholarly works of repute, are constantly contributing to the all round development of Sanskrit. Its computer department is a feather to its cap. Sanskrit magazines Shodhaprabha and Adhyayanamala are regularly published from here.

Delhi Sanskrit Academy was established in 1987 to preserve the culture, civilization and literature of India. Its purpose is to publish texts, dictionaries, encyclopedias and all types of books. It arranges National and International conferences, seminars, lectures, group discussions, debates, dramas, dance competitions, poetic seminars and exhibitions to propagate Sanskrit. To honour the distinguished scholars of Sanskrit, it confers upon awards every year to the meritorious students of schools, collages and
universities regularly. Also offers scholarships to the meritorious students. Publishes a quarterly Sanskrit Magazine-Sanskrit Manjari.

**Sahitya Academy**- It is the biggest forum for the propagation of creative literature of all the Indian languages including Sanskrit. It has published many of the Sanskrit works e.g. critical editions of the works of Kalidasa anthologies, monographs and encyclopedias. ‘Sanskrit Pratibha’ Magazine is regularly published from here.

**Indira Gandhi Center of Arts and Culture** – It is one of the biggest centers of exploring Sanskrit through Arts, numismatics, sculpture and dance. It also publishes Sanskrit books with translation in English. A voluminous work ‘Kali-Kosa’ has been published from centre.

It has a big library, rich in books with facilities of a reading room with computers. Its project for photo copying manuscripts from all over the world and preserving those for the future generation is praiseworthy. It holds many national and international conferences, lecture-series and lectures.

Dharma Hinduja international centre of Indic Research. This foundation is working for inculcating Indian values through the study of Vedas, Philosophy, Astronomy, Integral Yoga and Pranas. It holds a number of seminars, symposia, lectures and group discussions. Recently it has been shifted from Delhi to Bombay.
Ramakrishna Mission—This centre is fully devoted to propagate Indian culture, religion, philosophy thought the lectures and workshops, its library provides many important books on culture, religion and philosophy. It also holds various competitions of recitations of the Gita and other works.

B.L. Institute of Indology – This institute works mainly for exploring Jainism and Jain studies. It mainly for exploring Jainism and Jain texts and Mss. both in Sanskrit and prakrta. Many of these have been brought out from Lahore and Patan. It organizes various seminars, discourses on Jainism.

In Assam the Kamarup Anusandhan Samity has also brought out some works including Ananda Lahari and Saundarya Lahari. The Kamarupa- Sanskrita Sanjivani Sabha, Nalbari published a work named Vrttamala. The Historical Research Institutes at Gauhati besides the Deptt. Sanskrit, Gauhati University has played a major role in teaching of Sanskrit in the entire North-Eastern States and thereby it has been trying to make Sanskrit a living language in the entire North Eastern states, are important research centers in the eastern border state.

The Indian Institute of advanced study situated near Baluganj (Shimla) is the well established Research Institute run by central govt. It owns a full-fledged rich library and plenty of funds. Also provides scholarships for a short term of 3 months to a long term of 3 years
fellowships. Also has published many books. Many scholarly monographs have been published from here. It organizes Prakrta workshops during summer vacation.

Kund Kund Bharti- Though it is a centre of Jainism, working under the patronage of Jain Munis yet it propagates Sanskrit and prakrta through organizing lectures on various topics of Jainism, Philosophy, Epigraphy etc. Similarly Rsabha Foundation and Bhartiya Jnanapitha are important institutes for the preservation of Jain Heritage and also publish many books of various languages including Sanskrit.

Acharya Ramdayalu Sanskrit Seva Sansthan- This institute holds Sanskrit teaching workshops and classes of Sanskrit speaking. It also publishes Sanskrit books and a magazine Anadivak. It has also prepared a directory of Sanskritists and the institute and the centers of Sanskrit.

A questionnaire was prepared and sent to the various organizations. In response, all the information received has been processed and recorded in four distinct groups. The first part deals with their physical data like name, address (e-mail), telephone number, year of establishment, branches or regional centers and their status. The next and the most characteristic feature of this description indicate the objectives and research activities of these organizations. Then we come to their management, identifying the office
bearers and signifying the strength of their membership. The last group gives an idea of the publications brought out by the organizations and the libraries maintained by them. All this information is processed in the following order.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the organization</th>
<th>Year of Establishment</th>
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<td>Address</td>
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<td>Telephone Number</td>
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Aims and functions

Research activities

Head of the organization

Publications

Library Collection

**ABDUL KALAM AZAD ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE LIBRARY**

Public Gardens, Hyderabad, 500004 registered under Societies Act conduct research in history, philosophy, culture, language, guide scholars, maintain library publish books, arrange lecturer etc.

Head President = Mr. Mahmoodbin Muhammad IPS (Retd.)

Publications = Classics, Collection of poetry and other writings, reprint of rare books, contemporary writings in Persian Urdu and English etc.

Monographs/Books: Over 78 Books
Library Books: 16500 Vols. Good Collections of MSS

D.O.E. 1959

Budget 2008-09: Rs. 1, 10,000/-

Sponsor: Central and State Governments

E-mail: akaoriental.org.com

Ph.: 040-23230805

ACADEMY OF SANSKRIT RESEARCH

Melkote (Mandya Distt.), Karnataka – 571431, Ph. No. 08236298741-2

E-mail: asrbng@vsnl.com Website; www.sanskritacademy.org

Private, autonomous Regd. body, sponsored by State and Central Govt.

Affiliation: Rashtrya Sanskrita Sansthan, New Delhi

Research in the field of Visistadvaita in comparison with Advaita and Dvaita Philosophies.

Head: Prof. Dr. Bhasyam Swamy, Director

Publication: 50 titles in Sanskrit, Kannada and English

Journals: Tatvadeepath (Half Yearly), News letter (Q)

Others: Proceedings of workshops, seminars and conferences

Library: 26,000 Books, 10,000 Palm Leaf ms.

Projects: Project on Semantic analysis and Sanskrit sentences using computers.
Software: Sanskrit Tutor
Estt. 1977
Fax: 0212333899

ADYAR LIBRARY AND RESEARCH CENTRE
Adyar, Chennai (T.N.) 600020 Ph. No. 413528
Voluntary; affiliated to the Theosophical Society
Aided by State Govt. and also donations.
Director: Dr. K.N. Neelakantan (Elayath)
Research and Publications; collection and preservation of mss. Books etc.
has published 500 works; 250 in main series and rest as pamphlets
Periodicals: Brahmavidya (Annual) Adyar Library Bulletin a quarterly journal
3,00,000 books and periodicals on religious philosophy indology etc.,
40,000 mss. Mostly in Sanskrit. Estd. In 1886
E-mail: [adyarlibrary](at)[vsnl]Dot[net]
Library Hours: 9:00 am to 5:00 pm except Monday.
Website - www.ts-adyar.org

AKHILA BHARTIYA SANKRITA PARISHAD
Lucknow University, Lal Bagh Marg, Hazratgany, Lucknow 226001
Tel. 05222393893
President: K.A. Subramania Iyer
Secretary: Bhawani Shankar Shukla Voluntary
Collection and Preservation of mss. and publication, lectures and other functions for promoting Sanskrit Organised in 1951.

**ALL INDIA KASHIRAJ TRUST**

Fort Ramnagar Varanasi
Voluntary: aided by State and Central Govt.
General Secretary: Ramesh Chandra De (Former)
Critical editions of and studies in 18 Mhapuranas and Wpapuranas; and indology; recitation of veda arranged twice a year in English and Sanskrit.
Critical edition of 18 Mahapuranas and a concordance; Matsya Purana being edited by V. Raghavan; Vamana-Purana by V.S. Agrawala.

**ALL INDIA ORIENTAL CONFERENCE**

Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Pune
Voluntary; regd., aided by Govt. of India
Secretaries: R.N. Dandekar former now President Prof. Satyavrat Sastri
Holds sessions every two years at different centres in India; all India forum of Oriental Scholars.
Has Published Reports and Proceedings of its Session (45 Vols.) and index to papers submitted at the different sessions. Founded in 1919; constituent members of the International Union of Orientalists.

**Note:** Notably, AIOC has made a unique contribution in bringing together scholars of various branches of indology and Orientology over the last nine decades. It has done a yeoman’s job in promoting a deeper understanding of cultural legacy of India since its inception i.e. 1919 AD when its first session was held at BORI, Pune.

**AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF INDIAN STUDIES POONA**

The Indian branch of the AIIS was formally opened at Poona on the 7th February 1964, Professor Norman Brown, President and Dr. McCrea Hazlett, Director of the parent Institute in America, were present on the occasion. Situated in the campus of the Deccan College Research Institute, the American Institute is intended primarily as a centre for research in Indology is dedicated to the advancement of knowledge about India and the promotion of intellectual engagement with India in American Colleges and Universities.

Now the institute receives primary funding from Smithson Aries Institution, the U.S. State department of Education. It has offices at Gurgaon, Haryana Tele. 911242381424 E-mail – www.usd.edu/iais
ANANTHACHARYA INDOLOGICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Cuffee Parade, Mumbai – 400005, India Ph. No. 2184174

Affiliated to University of Mumbai.

To propagate and promote research in Sanskrit Literature, to organize lectures, to publish journals, magazines, books and other periodicals and to maintain library.

Dr. R.M. Dave (Director)

Publication: Published 26 Books and seminar papers and released eight annual journals


Research Projects completed:

1. Varaha Images in M.P., Rajasthan and Gujarat: An Iconographic study

2. Historical and Cultural Geography of India, Vol. 1-Maharashtra; by Dr. H.S. Thosar

ANDHRA HISTORICAL RESEARCH SOCIETY, Rajahmundry

Voluntary; aided by Govt. Holds meetings and exhibitions

Hon. Gen. Secy. R. Subha Rao (Former)

Publishes a quarterly journal in English, Journal of the Andhra Historical Research Society; descriptive catalogues of mss. Being published; Sanscikas or special Vols. On different Andhra dynasties being published.

Founded in 1922

Management: - The council of management consists of the President, the Vice-President, the Secretary, the Librarian, The Treasurer and four members.

The Annual General meeting is held in the first week of April.

The chief sources of income are the subscriptions, donations, the sale of the society’s publications and the grants from the provincial Govt., Distt. Board and Municipal Council.

ANDHRA PRADESH SAHITYA AKADEMI

Kala Bhavan, Saifabad, Hyderabad – 4

Govt. sponsored autonomous body founded by state govt. create a proper literary climate; undertake publications, encourage writers to promote literature give annual awards; grant financial assistance for book –
publication; organize literary conferences, seminars, etc.; honour outstanding scholars in Hindi and Sanskrit

Head: B. Gopala Reddi, President D. Ramanuja Rao – Secretary

Publications : Books : Telgu 132; Sanskrit 35; Urdu 14; Hindi 10 and English

01 So over 400 books in Telugu, Hindi, Urdu, English and Sanskrit

Library Books: 10,000 Books in English, Telugu and Sanskrit.

D.O.E. 1957

ANDHRA SAHITYA PARISHAT GOVT. MUSEUM AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Ramaraopeta, Kakinada – 4, Distt. East Godavari. Govt. Institution

Aims & Funs: Promote museum consciousness through archaeologica
tically and numismatic studies collect mss. and other literary finds,
undertake publications.

Management: Council consist of the President, two secretaries and twelve
other members.

Publication : Periodical-The Journal of Andhra Sahitya Parishad

Patrika- Annual, Books, Dictionary and Classics, Editions of Skt Texts

Library: 8,000 Books, 4600 Mss. Coins and Copper plates etc.

Established in 1911 (Govt. takeover in 1973).
ANUP SANSKRIT LIBRARY, BIKANER
Under the authority of the Maharaja of Bikaner. Has about 15,000 mss in Sanskrit and 5,000 in Rajasthani, an old and a new printed catalogue available. Conducted the Anup Sanskrit Series, in which many Sanskrit/Rajasthani works were produced.

Shri Sardul Museum and Anup Library, Lallgarh Palace, Bikaner (Rajasthan).

Timing: 10.00 AM to 4.30 PM
Closed: Friday and Govt gazetted holidays

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA
Janpath, New Delhi – 110001

There are ten circles and eleven offices throughout India (22 branches all over India) Govt. Office

Preserve monuments; undertake explorations and excavations; promote epigraphical researches and survey; maintain museum; trains workers and brings out publications.

Head: M.N. Deshpande – Director General, B.K. Kapur – Joint Director General

Pub. Periodicals: Epigraphica Indica, Ancient India; memoirs, guides etc.
Library Books: 1,10,000 volumes and periodicals on indology, art and history very rich library containing thousands of official documents useful for researchers of modern history.

D.O.E.: 1903

Journal: Quarterly list of books

Reports: Annual Reports

ASIATIC SOCIETY 1, Park Street, Calcutta – 700016

Autonomous body registered under Societies Act, Aided by Central Govt. Investigate whatever is performed by man and whatever is produced by nature in Asia.

Prof. Biswanath Banerjee – President, Prof. Ramakanta Chakraborty – Gen. Secretary

Publication – 828

Journal – Journal of the Asiatic Society

Books: Bibliotheca Indica Series, Year Books, Catalogues, Monographs, Memoirs, Annual Reports, Proceedings, Lectures, etc.

Books: 3,00,000 Books, 47,000 Mss. approx. Also a good collection of paintings.

Total No. of jls are about 80,000

ESTD: 1784
Management: The council consists of the President, four Vice-Presidents, the General Secretary, the Treasurer and 15 elected Members.

Finance: Govt. Grants, rents and subscriptions.

BHANDARKAR ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE
Poona – 411037, Maharashtra Tel. 02025656932, Fax. 02025661362

Status – Private Organization Registered under Societies Act, partly aided by State Govt.

Aims – publish critical editions of texts and original works on oriental antiquities and to promote the cause of Orientology in general and indology in particular

Head – Prof. Saroja Bhate, Hony. Secretary

Publications – 573

Mahabharata, Harivansa, Annuals, Classics etc.

Books – 1,25,000 and Mss. 28,000

ESTD. – 1917 The institute founded in 1917 in memory of Ramakrishna Gopal Bhandarkar. 35 Vols. Of catalogues published. It has MRC since Sept. 2003

Critical edition of Mahabharata in 19 Vols.

Books are published under the following series:-

1. Bombay Sanskrit Series
2. Govt. Oriental Series

3. Bhandarkar Oriental Series


It organizes learned lectures by guest scholars under its various memorial lectureships.

In short, it has been effectively playing the role of a very significant centre of Indological studies and Research over the last nine decades.

Bibliography of the Mahabharata 6000+ entries recorded and categorized card size 22cm × 15cm; 600 entries computerized.

Management – All the matters of the society are managed by:-

The Trustees, the General Body, the Regulating Council and the Executive Board.

The Regulating Council consists of 25 elected members, 5 govt. nominees and the two trustees of the institute.

The Executive Committee consists of seven members elected by the regulating council from the council including the secretary and the Treasurer and two nominated by the govt. out of their five nominees on the regulating Council.

Annual meeting is normally held on the 6th of July.
Finance and grants from the Govt. of India, State Govt., donations, the subscriptions and the sale of publications.

**ASIATIC SOCIETY OF MUMBAI**

Town Hall, Bombay – 400023

Website – [www.asiaticsociety.org](http://www.asiaticsociety.org)

Public trust Investigate, encourage and promote the study and research of sciences, literature and art in relation to Asia and in particular to India and to maintain a general library.

President: Dr. Aroon Tikekar

Hon. Secretary: Dr. Vijya Vencatesan

PUBLICATIONS -1408

Journal, monographs and catalogues

Books: 2,48,953 The attached Museum has a collection of coins, paintings and other art artifacts. Serves as the central Library for the state of Maharashtra.

Estd.: 1804 as the library society of Bombay.

Journal: Journal of the Asiatic Society (Q), Bombay Branch, Estd. Nov.26, 1804

Digitization. Back issues of the ASM Journal (1925-2007) have been digitized by M/s Pujasoft Technologies Pvt. Ltd. in CDs.
BHARAT ITIHASA SAMSHODHAKA MANDALA

1321, Sadashiv Peth, Poona- 411030 Regd. Under Public Trust Act and Societies; encourage writing of monographs relating to Indian history and culture; promote critical study of and res. in Indian history and culture.

Head Secretary: Dr. S.M. Bhave.

Management: It consists of the President, two vice – Presidents, two Secretaries, one treasurer and seven elected members. Generally met on any convenient date in April, May or June.

Publications: Journal: Bharat Itihas Samashodhaka mandal (Q) 1921, Books: swiya Granthamala and pariskrita Ganthamala


D.O.E. 1910

Finance by Govt., subscriptions, donations and sale of the publications.

Future Projects

1. An Index of old news papers is in preparation.

2. An Index of articles in old periodicals is in preparations.

BHARTIYA VIDYA BHAVAN

Kulapati K.M. Munshi Marg, Bombay – 7

Branch: 17 branches in India and 7 centers abroad.
Private Organization regd. under societies act

Promote art, education and culture; conduct examination in Sanskrit; engage in research on indology; publish books and journals

Head Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees Executive Secretary

President: Sh. Surender Lal G. Mehta

Publications: Bhartiya Vidya Series; Singhi Jain Series, Bhavan’s General Publications

Periodicals: Bhavan’s Journal, Samarpan (F) in Gujrati, Samvid (Q) in Sanskrit, Bharatiya Vidya (Q) in English 58th Vol. on 31st Aug., 2011 online

Library Books: 70,000; Mss and paintings

Website: www.bhavans.info/ E-mail: bhavan@bhavans.info

Tele. No. 02223631261

D.O.E. 1938 with the blessings of Mahatma Gandhi

Founder: Kulpati Dr. K.M. Munshi

BIHAR RESEARCH SOCIETY

Patna Voluntary; Govt. aided

Research, publication, organizing learned lectures; archeological excavation; survey, collection and preservation of mss, historical records, etc.

Secretary: S.C. Sarkar (Former)

Maintains a library of printed books, periodicals and mss.

Founded in 1915; formerly called Bihar and Orissa Research Society.

Management: The Council consists of the President, the Secretary, the Treasurer, The Librarian and eight members.

CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF BUDDHIST STUDIES

Choglamsar, Leh (Ladakh) – 194101

E-mail: office@cibsladakh.com  Tele. 01982264391

Branches: 1. Duzing Pipiting School at Zangshar
2. Feeder schools at various gonpas of Ladakh Autonomous, Central Govt., Sampurnanand Sanskrit University, Varanasi

To spread and taught the teachings related to various aspects of Buddhism.

Head: Nawang Tsering, Principal

Publications:

Monographs – Some twenty five books
Journals – Ladakh Prabha, Various Conference Proceedings

Library: 25,000 Vols.

ESTD: 1959
CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF HIGHER TIBETAN STUDIES
Sarnath, Varanasi – 221007
Autonomous regd. body, Central Govt.
To Study and research in Buddhism, Tibetology and allied subjects
Head: Prof. S. Rinpoche, Director
Publications: Monographs/Books – Several monographs in English, Tibetan, Hindi, Sanskrit under the following series:
2. Dalai Lama Tibeto-Indiological Series
3. Samyak Vak Series
4. Rare Buddhist Text Series
Also published Tibetan-Sanskrit Dictionary
Journals: Dhih: Rare Buddhist Text Research Journal (Bi-Annual)
Library: 45,000 vols.
ESTD: 1967

CENTRE OF ADVANCED STUDY IN SANSKRIT
University of Poona, Ganeshkhind, Pune – 411007
A Deptt. Of Poona University, Financed by State Govt. and UGC.
To promote Sanskrit language & literature, preserve manuscripts and to publish the books, journals, reports etc.
Head: Prof. V.N. Jha, Director

Degrees Given: Certificate and Diploma Courses in Manuscriptlogy

Duration of Course: 1 year each

Scope of Research: It is a centre for Veda, Vyakarana, Nyaya and Mimamsa. Higher research in these fields and also other allied fields. Various research projects are undertaken and executed.

Journal: CASS Studies

Library: 20,000 Vols.

ESTD: 1964

C.P. RAMA SWAMI AIYAR INSTITUTE OF INDOLOGICAL STUDIES

No.1, Eldams Road, Alwarpet, Chennai – 600018 Ph. 91 – 44 – 24341778,

E-mail: cpraf@vsnl.com Estd. 1981

Pvt., regd. under societies Act. Affiliated to university of Madras, Madras

To facilitate research and promote the study of Indian Art, History and Culture, also organize seminars and conferences on various aspects of Indian Culture and History.

Director: Dr. Nanditha Krishna

Publications: - Books 25,

Journal: Journal of Indian History and Culture (Annual) English Annual sub.

Rs.95/- for two issues.
Library has 15000 books and 5000 on environment and Manuscripts on 
Indian Philosophy and Religion, History, Culture, Art and law.
Projects: Women of Tamilnadu – A survey Performing Arts of Tamilnadu 
Iconography of Kartikeya Painted manuscripts of Saraswati mahal library at 
Thanjavur Folk toys of South Indian.
Also started short courses:- Indian Art, Indian Epigraphyt, Conservation of 
old books and Manuscripts, New Methods/ in Teaching History, Sanskrit for 
beginners/ Advanced level, Spoken in Upanisads, Ramayan, MBH, Gita, 
Puranas etc.
Also registered for Ph .D in History and Art, website: 
cprindology@cpr.foundations.org
DECCAN COLLEGE POST-GRADUATE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE 
(Deemed to be University) 
DCPRI
E – Mail: dakshina@pn2.vsnl.net.in web: www.deccancollegepure.org
Puna- 411006, Autonomous instt. Maintained by Govt. of Maharashtra
Provide facilities for higher learning maintain a library, museum and 
laboratory; conduct collaborative and coordinated research
Director: Prof. V.P. Bhatta
Library Books: 1, 02,000 Vols.
D.O.E. 1939 formerly established as the Hindu College on 6th October 1821 by the Bombay Presidency Government.

Publications: Monographs and Bulletins

Journals: Annual Bulletin

Additional Information: The Institute has started functioning as a Deemed to be University since 1994-95

FRENCH INSTITUTE OF INDOLOGY

11 Saint Louis Street, PB-33, Pondicherry – 605001

Tele. 0413-2334168-123, E-mail: ganesan@ifpindia.org

Institute Francais de,.Pandecherry Autonomous body, supported & financed by French Government

A multidisciplinary research organization that focuses on the southeast Asia Region conducts active research in ecological, social and indology i.e. Indian Studies, in collaboration with various Indian and foreign Research Institutes.

Primary objective is to promote Indo-French Cooperation in Indology, science & technology and culture.

Aim: Indian culture and its foreign contacts special interest in Saivagama Saiva Siddhanta in which a good collection of manuscripts has been built up; also iconography and lexicon of Ancient Tamil.
Director: Prof. Velayoudom Marimoutou

Publications: It has published books in Sanskrit with their translations in English and French language. Some also illustrated e.g. The frescos in the Minaksi Temple, Madhurai.

Indian Analysis of Sanskrit language and literature

Journal: Pattrica (3 issues per year)

Library has 60,000 books, 3,000 maps, 8,600 mss. 300 Thesis, 800 Journals

It has a manuscript Resource Centre (2004)

ESTD. On 20th March 1955

Website: www.ifpindia.org

K.J.SOMAIYA SANSKRITVIHAR

Somaiya Indological Research Institute Mumbai

Somaiya Sanskritvihar was set up to promote the rich culture heritage of India, primarily through the Sanskrit language.

ESTD. In 1990

SIRI does basic research in different aspects and subjects of Indology. It has already undertaken the following projects:

- Adhyatmika Interpretation of the “Rigveda” on the lines of Shri Aurbindo’s thought.

- Re-interpretation of Dharmashastras vis-avis actual social history
- Exhaustive study of Flora (Botany) in the Puranas.

1. Vishva Sanskrit Sammelan, Ujjain, May 1992
2. Institute of Oriental Studies, Thane, April 1994
3. AIOC, Tohtak, Dec. 1994
4. Deptt. Of Philosophy, University of Bombay Dec. 94 & March 95
5. Institute for the study of Ancient Civilization, Madras, Aug 1995

Surabharati (centre for the development of Sanskrit language)

It was established in 1967 by Somaiya Trust for the particular and propagation of Sanskrit. A particular outstanding achievement of Surabharti has been its efforts in the learning of the Sanskrit Subhashitas by 7, 50,000 students in municipal schools throughout the Indian state of Maharashtra.

INSTITUTE OF SANSKRIT AND INDOLOGICAL STUDIES

Kurakshetra University, Kurukshetra (Haryana) Pin code 136119

E-mail

Website: www.kuk.ac.in

Tel.No. – 01744-207179

Teaching and research deptt. Of KU to promote and propagate Sanskrit, conduct lectures, seminars, workshops and edit and publish ‘Praci–Jyoti’ an English journal yearly.
Head – Dr. Indu Sharma – Director and Prof. KU, which has been primarily founded with the special object of study and research in Sanskrit and other Indological subjects, has a separate faculty of Indological (Indic) Studies, which functions through the Institute of Indic Studies.

The department is under the supervision of a Director, who has different sections i.e.

(1) Scholars work on different projects i.e. ‘Mahabharata’ its terminology and the original text,

(2) Administrative Section – which comprises ministerial staff

(3) Library – it has a Separate well – equipped Library of Indology.

Containing some rare books and a large number of Indian and foreign journals and also a separate section for old manuscripts.

- The institute provides facilities for research for Ph.D degrees.

- Issues a digest of indological studies entitled “Praci-Jyoti”, which is inevitable for researches. Formerly its name was “Institute of Indic Studies.”

Library: 25,000 Books, 15,000 Manuscripts

ESTD: 1963

DEHLLI SANSKRIT ACADEMY

Plot no. 5, Jhandewala lan, Karol Bagh, Delhi
Autonomous body, regd. Under Societies Act To promote Sanskrit and to
Preserve the culture, civilization and literature of India, to publish Sanskrit
texts, translation of the original texts, dictionaries, encyclopedias, etc;
arrange national, international conferences, seminars, lectures, group
discussions, debates, drama, and dance competitions, poetic seminars,
exhibitions to propagate Sanskrit. To honour the distinguished scholars
Publishes and Sanskrit magazine—"Sanskrit Manjari — a quaterly. Its
collection to Sanskrit becomes more relevant by bringing out the musical
cassettes of Meghadutam, Saundarya Lehri, Bhagwati Suprabhatam and
Hanumat Suprabhatam preparatory classes for IAS aspirants. It also
publishes its Annual Report, Library Books, Periodicals.

Estd. in 1987

GANGANATH JHA KENDRIYA SANSKRIT VIDYAPEETHA

Formerly Ganganath Jha Research Institute Motilal Nehru Park, Allahabad –
211002

Autonomous body, Central govt. Affiliated to RSS, N. Delhi.

Conduct research in Sanskrit and other oriental Languages (on Indological
subjects)

Head Minister of Education, N. Delhi
Management: The Executive Committee consists of the President, two Vice Presidents, the secretary, the treasurer and other members elected by the council.


Books: works of Late Ganganath Jha Annual bibliography on Indological subjects

Books: 75,000 Vols., Manuscripts.: 13,000

Estd.: 1943 as Ganganatha Jha Research Institute

GOVERNMENT ORIENTAL MANUSCRIPTS LIBRARY

University Buildings, Chepauk, Madras

Govt. of madras

One of the largest and most important collections of manuscripts In the country;

Sanskrit: 50,000 mss. , 20,000 printed books.

Has published 252 works edited from mss. in Sanskrit, also Descriptive Catalogues of its mss. In the different languages.

Publishes Bulletins for issuing editions of short mss.

GUJARAT RESEARCH SOCIETY

Sanskrit Sadan, South Avenue, Khar Mumbai – 400052

Branch at Ahmedabad: Gujarat Research Society, Paldi, Ahmedabad – 7
Private Organization registered under Societies Act Organize and coordinate research in all branches of social sciences and social medicines.

Head: society is governed by the trustees and the council of management.

Periodical: Journal (Quarterly)

Books: Glossaries, social sciences, Maha Gujarat series, health pamphlets and reports, classics and psychological tests etc.

Books: 5,328; ESTD: 1936

**HARYANA SAHITYA AKADEMI**

Academy Bhavan, P-16, Sector – 14, Panchkula (Haryana)

Ph. 0172-2570979 (O), 0172-2620942 (R)

Autonomous body, regd, governed & financed by Haryana State Govt.

The Akademi promotes Sanskrit, conducts seminars, annual Sanskrit day; provide financial assistance for publication of their writings.

Publication: Started a biannual Journal of Indological Studies, but could not continue it after three issues (Vols. I-III, 1986-88). Published a book entitled “Sanskrita Sahitya Ko Haryana Ka Yogdana” written by Shri Ram Datt Sharma. It celebrates the Sanskrit day at a different place in Haryana state every year and invites and honour Sanskrit Scholars on the occasion.

Publishes Sanskrit Magazine ‘Hariprabha’ a quarterly.
INDIAN COUNCIL OF PHILOSOPHICAL RESEARCH

Rajendre Bhawan, 4th Floor, 210, Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Marg, New Delhi – 110002

Branches: Butler Palace, Lucknow

Sponsor: Autonomous organization fully handed by GOI, Minister of HRD

Aim: Normative inquiries, Basic values embodied in Indian culture and their relevance to national reconstruction, philosophy, science and technology, Meta physics, comparative and critical studies in the philosophical systems of movements and religions etc.

Head: Prof. Mrinal Miri, Chairman

Publications: Monographs/Books: 25

Journal: Journal of the Indian Council of Philosophical Research (JICPR) (Bi-annual) 1983

ESTD: 1981

INDIAN HISTORICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE

5, Mahapalika Marg, Mumbai – 400001

Status: Private registered body.

Affiliation: Unit of St. Xavier’s College

Scope of Research: Indian history & culture

Head: Fr. Desmond D’Monte, S.J., Director
Publications:-

    Journals: ‘Indica’ (Bi-annual) 1964

    Reports: Annual Report

Library: 30,000 Vols. (Formerly its name was Heras Institute of Indian History & Culture up to 1954

**INDIAN INSTITUTE OF ADVANCED STUDY**

Rashtrapati Nivas, Summer hill, Shimla – 171005

Website – [www.iias.org](http://www.iias.org)

Autonomous registered body, sponsored by Govt. of India, Ministry of HRD.

Aim: The institute aims at free and creative enquiry into the fundamental themes and problems of life and thought. As a residential centre for research, it encourages promotion of creative thought in areas which have deep human significance and provides an environment suitable for research in areas related to humanities, Indian culture, comparative religion & Social sciences.

Head: Prof. Mrinal Miri, Director

Publications:-

    Monographs/Books: 120 Plus Proceedings of Seminar 70,

Lectures by visiting professors 45.
2. Studies in Humanities and Social Sciences (Bi-Annual)

Library: 1,45,000 Volms, 50,000 E-Books, 5,000 E-Journals.

ESTD: 1965

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS

Janpath, New Delhi – 110001

E-mail – kalanidhi@ignca.nic.in

Autonomous body regd. under societies act, fully aided by Govt of India, Ministry of HRD., Branches: Varanasi, Imphal

Aim: To serve as a major resource centre for the arts, especially written, oral and visual source materials and to undertake research and publication programmes of reference works, glossaries, dictionaries and encyclopedia concerning the arts and the humanities.

Head: Dr. Kapila Vatsyayan – Academic Director, M.C. Joshi – Member Secretary

Publications: Various books has been published under the series i.e.

1. Kalatattva Kosa Series
2. Kalamulasastra Series
3. Kalasamalocana Series
4. Ananda k. Coomaraswamy Series
Periodicals: 1. Vihangama Quarterly news letter 2. IGNCA’s
Library Books: 2,50,000 books, 20,000 Manuscripts, 25,000 rare books, 1,00,000 art objectives with fully computerized A.C. Library.
ESTD: 1985

INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY OF INDIAN CULTURE
J22, Hauz Khas Enclave, New Delhi
Director: Lokesh Chandra
Voluntary Registered

Research, teaching and publication, preservation of manuscripts has a big project called Satapitaka of 100 greater Indian Texts bearing on Indian Culture and Literature.

Indonesian Texts on Pitṛpūjā, illustrations of Smaradhana, Tibetan Dictionary, Tibetan Arts, Mangolian History, Mangolian texts, Indological works like Jaiminiya Brahmana, Sanskrit Texts discovered from Central Asia, a Tibetan Commentary on the Amarakosa.

A large collection of books and journals in European and Indian languages manuscripts in Devanagri and from Far-East has a precious collection of greater Indian materials.

Publications: 94 volumes, including some Vedic Texts

Founded in 1934 by Raghu Vira.
KHUDA BAKHSH ORIENTAL PUBLIC LIBRARY

P.O. Bankipore, Patna (Bihar) 800004 Tel. 06122301507, E-mail: Kblibpat@sancharnet.in Autonomous instituted by the Gol by an Act of parliament in 1969 since July 1970. Collection and preservation of printed books and a precious collection of rare Arabic, Persian and Urdu mss. And rare coins in the collection.

Head: Dr. Mohd. Ziauddin Ansari


Library also houses facilities for research work.


Journal: Khuda baksh library Journal (Q), It has a MRC since September 2003. Website: www.kblibrary.org
K.P. JAYASWAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Museum Buildings, Patna – 800001

Honorary Joint Director: S.H. Askari Govt. Education Deptt.

Research and Publication on Indian History; Publications of Tibetan mss.; preservation of Sanskrit and Persian mss.; conducts excavation at different places.

Publication of a comprehensive History of Bihar and of Texts edited from the Tibetan Buddhist mss. Collected by Rahula Sanskrityayana.

Has Tibetan Buddhist mss. Sanskrit Manuscript 1500; Persian 250. Library books: 40,000 volumes.

Estd. 1904 otherwise 1950

KAMARUPA ANUSANDHAN SAMITI (ASSAM RESEARCH SOCIETY)

Gauhati, Assam

Voluntary; aided by state Govt., Head= Hon. Sec.

To carry on Historical and antiquarian researches mainly relating to Assam.

Published a quarterly, Journal of the Assam research Society. The sanmiti maintains a big Library of rare books, mss and transcripts. Estd. 1912

Management: the management is in the hands of the Executive Committee which consists of eleven members.

Finance: Annual Govt. Grants and membership fees.
K.R. CAMA ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE AND LIBRARY

136, Bombay Samachar Marg, Fort, Mumbai – 400023

Regt. Pvt. Institution runs by a trust

To promote and advance research in Oriental and Iranian studies i.e. ancient Avesta, Pahlavi, Sanskrit, Persian, Arabic and Gujarati manuscripts. It offers facilities in research work and awards them scholarships, etc.

Head: Jahangir F. Shroff, President

Publications: Publish books, translations of classics, Commemoration volumes, histories, biographies etc. 50 monographs on Parsi history and culture in English language:


Management: The management is in the heads of the governing body which consists of nineteen members.

Finance: the chief sources of income are the subscriptions, the interest on securities, donations and the rent of sir Jivanji Modi Memorial Hall.

Library Books. 30,000 vols., Journals: 1500 Manuscripts 10,000

Estd: 1916
KUPPUSWAMI SASTRI RESEARCH INSTITUTE

84, Thiruvika Road, Mylapore, Chennai – 600004 Tel. 044-24985320
E-mail: ksrinst@gmail.com
Website: www.ksrisanskrit.in

Voluntary Organization Registered.

Affiliated to University of Madras and Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthan, New Delhi

Promote Oriental Learning, arrange periodical meetings and conferences of scholars and conducts seminars. It also owns library of books, journals and manuscripts.

Head: Founder Secretary Dr. V. Raghavan, Dr. V. Kamleswari Director

Publications: Books- Histories, Classical work, Editions of Sanskrit Texts


Library Books: 50,000 Vols. Including palm leaf manuscripts

Established in 1944, inaugurated on 22nd April, 1945

Note: On line classes are also conducted for Sanskrit learning.

Management: The governing body consists of the President, the Vice-Presidents, Three Secretaries, The Treasurer, Two Trustees and other members elected by the General Body.
LALBHAI DALPATBHAI INSTITUTE OF INDOLOGY

Near Gujarat University, Narayanpuri, Ahmadabad – 380009

Status: Voluntary, affiliated to Gujarat University, regd. and also funded by Central and State Govts.

Aims: Collected and preservation of Sanskrit and Prakrit manuscripts, research and publication, special interest: Prakrit and Jaina Literature.

Head: Director: Dalsukh Malvania (former), Present: Dr. Jitendra B. Shah.

Publications: Jaina Agama Index

Has a collection of 81,000 Manuscripts prepared catalogues, also edited & published work in Sanskrit and Prakrit. Published 7 volumes of tabular catalogues.

Founded in 1959, inaugurated by Shri Jawaharlal Nehru.


Library Books: 45000 books Bound Vols. 15,000, Theses 125, 81,000 manuscripts.

The Institute was established by Muni Shri Punyavijayji and Shri Kasturbhai Lalbhai.

It has MRC since Sept. 2003

Budget: 57, 23,500/- Library Books 3, 18,500/-

LIBRARY OF TIBETAN WORKS AND ARCHIVES
Gangchen Kyisong, Dharmasala (H.P.) 176215
Tel. 01892222467, 26181, Fax.: 01892223723
E mail: lobshastri@gov. Tibet. Net
Autonomous body, Regd.
Collection and preservation of archival material and manuscripts pertaining to Buddhism. Collection of about 80,000 mss. , written on paper or birch – bark.
Head: Lobsang Shastri – chief Librarian Estd. 1972 Founded by His Holiness the 14th Dalai Lama of Tibet, the library of the Instt. Is one of the most important Instt. In the world dedicated to the preservation and dissemination of Tibetan culture
Publications: 175 books in Tibetan, 300 titles in English

LINGUISTIC SOCIETY OF INDIA
Deccan College, Poona – 411006
Branch: Asutosh Building, University, Calcutta – 700012
Pvt. Regd. Body Advancement of the scientific study of linguistics, especially Indian languages.

Lib. Books: Proceedings, monographs
D.O.E. 1928

MAHARSHI VEDINFORMATICS AND RESEARCH CENTRE

Pvt. Regd. Under societies act, on donations vedinformatics is also the name of exclusive Vedic electronic Journal/. News letter that is published monthly basis. This registered (ISSN 0974 – 5637) from surat, Gujarat (India) in association with Rishi Kanvas microbiology Research Institute (Vadodara, Gujarat), Yoga chetna samaj, (patna, bihar) along with International Institutes – the world community of Indian culture and traditional Disciplines (Italy), and world movement for Yoga and Ayurveda (Italy).

Vedinformatics is published in order to create awareness for vedic Journalism and to present the same.

Director: Dr. chakradhar Frend
Secretary: Ramchandra shastri
Publications: - books Publish four books i.e.

1. vedic microbiology (gurus of vedic microbiology)
2. Revived history of microbiology (vedic to modern)

3. Dictionary of microbiology

4. Rognivaraka Yogashana

Journal; Vedinformatics; vedic electronic journal published monthly


Ph. No. 09998638803

MITHILA SANSKRIT RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Kabraqhat, Darbhanga– 846004 Bihar

Autonomous Regd. Body

Sponsor: state govt. of Bihar

To promote and propagate Sanskrit, research and Publication Also conducts seminars workshops on Sanskrit, ancient Indian history and culture.

Head; Sridhar Tripathi, Director

Degrees Given: M.A. (Sanskrit), Ph.D., D. Litt.

Duration; M.A. – 2 years other – variable. Language of Instruction: Sanskrit.

Publications: -

Library: 22, 000w/s and 20,000 Mss.

Estd. : 1951
MYTHIC SOCIETY

2/3, Nripathunga Marg, Bangalore – 560001, Tel. No. 08022215034, Pvt. Org. registered under Societies Act

To Promote the study of Archaeology, anthropology, art, architecture, ethnology, folk lore, history, my theology, religion and other allied subjects in relation to Karnataka, stimulate research, publish books and periodicals, arrange lectures, etc.

Hon. Secretary the Journal of mythic Society (Quarterly). Management: It consists of the President, vice – Presidents, editor, General Secretary. And Treasurer, Branch Secretaries and other elected members.

About 200 publications and Lib. Books: 40,000 Volumes of rare books

D.O.E. 1909

Members 1460 Institute 49

www.mythic society.org

Publications: -

Monographs/ books: Hindi Vishva Kosh, some important Hindi dictionaries and hundreds of books in Hindi

Journal: Nagari Pracharni Patrika
ORIENTAL INSTITUTE

M.S. University of Baroda Opposite Palace Gate, Palace Road, Vadodra-390001

Affiliation: Statuary Body Constituent part of M.S. University of Baroda

Guide postgraduate students in learning and research of Sanskrit & Prakrit, preserve Manuscripts, publish classics of Sanskrit Literature and research Journals, Maintain a library.

V.C. : Prof Ramesh K. Goyal, Director Prof. Dr. Mukund Lalji Wadekar


Library Books: 50,000, Manuscripts 30,140

ESTD: 1893

Website: www.msubaroda.ac.in

Site Visitors: 8906737 on dt. 14/12/2009

Publication: A critical Edition of Valmiki Ramayana in 7 volumes, During 1951-75


Markandeyapurana (Under Press)

Vayupurana
Vahnipurana

Published 861 works, Journal of Ori Institute 57 Volumes. Svadhaya 43 Volumes.

**ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE AND MANUSCRIPTS LIBRARY**

University of Kerala, Thiruvanthapuram PIN – 695581

Tel. 04712418421, Fax. 047124172405

Under the University of Kerala

To collect and preserve manuscripts, edit and publish some manuscripts.

Library has 65,000 manuscripts also published eight volumes of Malayalam catalogues.

Ayilyam Tirunal Maharaja, King of Travancore between 1860 and 1880, to collect all the manuscripts in the state and keep them in the safe custody of the Palace Library. Eventually, the library was transferred to the care of the university of Kerala.

Library: 20,000 books, 56,746 manuscripts 80% on palm leaf. It has a MRC since Nov. 2003 Documented 73,721 manuscripts.

**ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE**

University of Mysore, Mysore (Karnataka) – 570005

Affiliated to University of Mysore Preserve and conserve records of ancient Indian Culture, bring out critical editions of rare and valuable works, publish
classical and Vedic works of literary and cultural importance, V.C. Prof. V.G. Talawar

Head Director – C.N. basavaraju

The most notable text ‘kautilya’s Arthashastra in 1909 ed. By Shama sastry, Navarat namani – mahatmya (a work on gemology), tantrasara – sangraha (a work on sculptures and architecture), and paryayapadamanjari (ayurvedic material medical). Also published seventeen Volumes of descriptive catalogues.

Tel: 08212423136

E mail: mrcmys@yahoo.com

Publication 200 titles

Library books: 50,000, mss. : 50,000

D.O.E. 1891

Taittiriya samhita in 12 vols.

Journals: The mysore orientalist (Annual) It has a MRC October 2003.

Documentation of 69,064 mss.

**ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE**

Venkateswara University, Tirupati – 517502, Andhra Pradesh tel. 08772249666 ext – 291, Fax. 08772226614

A deptt. Of Sri Venkateswara University, Tirupati
Sponsor: State Govt., Andhra Pradesh

Objective: Research particularly in Telugu, ancient Indian history, culture, linguistics, philosophy and religion, fine arts etc. Head: Prof. V. Ven Kataramana Reddy, Director

Budget: 74,57,400 = 00 – library budget 45,000/-

Publication: I tabular alphabetical catalogue covering all subjects.

Monographs/Books: 140, glossaries, dictionary of technical terms in fine Arts.

Journal: S.V. University Oriental journal (Bi – annual)

Total no. of Publication = 56

Library: 35000 books, + 5000 Bound vols. 15,000 Mss.

Estd.: 1939 Budget 2008 – 09 = R. 51,06,000

It was established by Tirumala Tirupati Devasthanam in 1939 and handed over to Venkateswara University in 1956. Set up with the objectives of furthering Indological research and propagating Indian culture and heritage

PRACHYA VANI – INSTITUTE OF ORIENTAL LEARNING

3, Federation Street, Calcutta – 9

Branches at Delhi, London, and Chittagong Pvt. Org. registered under Societies Act Propagate and popularize Sanskrit learning, publish research work and modern Sanskrit dramas.
Roma Choudhuri (Mss.) – Founder secretary

Management: The Council consists of not more than seven members elected from Patrons, Vice – Patrons, Life members and Ordinary Members.

PUNJABI SAHITYA AKADEMI

Punjabi Bhavan, Ludhiana (Punjab)

Pvt. Organization registered under societies Act Promote and encourage the development of Punjabi Language, literature and culture; encourage the study of Hindi, Sanskrit and Persian; establish a Library, research institute, writers home, art gallery, open air theatre, printing press, etc.; undertake publications; help research scholars and young writers; award fellowships, prizes, etc. M.S. Randhawa – President

Parminder Singh – Gen. Secretary

Commemoration volumes, classics, translations, compilations, fiction, reference books, etc. 10,000 books and mss.

Estd. 1954

RAI BAHADUR CHAMPALAL ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE

D – 1, Vidyalaya Marg, Tilak Nagar, Jaipur 302004 Rajasthan Sanskrit Academy

To promote Sanskrit studies 1. Sanskrit litt., 2. Grammar, 3. Kavya shastra

Head: Dr. Gangadhar bhatt, Director
Publications: Twenty

Additional Information: Research papers of eminent scholars are presented every month.

Library: 1500 vols.

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION INSTITUTE OF CULTURE, GOL PARK

Kolkata – 700029

Tel. 91 – 33 – 2464 – 1303

E mail: rmic@vsnl.com

Website: www.sriramaKrishna.org

Pvt. Org. regd. under societies Act

Promote thought, knowledge and education to arouse consciousness of the human race in its spiritual solidarity and unity of civilization; Swami Lockesvarananda.

Head: Nityaswarup Nanda Swami – Secretary Gen. Secretary: swami Probhananda

Publications: Cultural Heritage of India – Monthly Bulletin on education for world civilization

Library Books: 2, 19, 510 volumes, 429 periodicals, 7331 books for Children, 5021 rare books, 10.00am to 8.00pm, closed on Sunday & other holidays.
Bharatattva (Indology in common parlance) is a major academic programmer of 10 month, course, and classes are taken in the evening for three days in a week.

Seminars: - International seminars on Understanding consciousness; Recent advances
(18 – 20Jan, 2008) 2002 – Philosophy of science. An exploratory approach
To consciousness 2004 life, mind and consciousness 2006 consciousness: A deeper scientific search Institute. Has also has a Museum and Art Gallery
Also Organize lectures, debates, seminars, symposia, religious congregation through which knowledge is Imparted to the public.

**RANABIR SANSKRIT RESEARCH INSTITUTE & LIBRARY**
Raghunath Mandir, Jammu (J &K)
Pvt. Regd., voluntary, Financed by dharmarth trust Raghunath Mandir, rent and donations.
Aims & Objectives: To encourage and co – operate the researchers and to preserve Mss. library.
Head: Dr. Karan singh Chairman Head of the Library: Dr. dhani Ram Shastri
Publications: 1. Mss. Catalogue 4 volumes
2. Dharmmarg (Hindi) Quarterly vol. no. J K – 293/05

Library books: 20,000, Mss.: 5500 Year of Establishment: 1857

Shri Ranabir Singh, Prince of J & K has started the library.

RASHTRIYA SANSKRIT SANSTHAN

A – 40, vishal Enclave, Raja Garden New Delhi – 110027

www.sanskrit.nic.in (Deemed to be university)

Branches: Tirupati, Puri, Allahabad, Jammu, Trichur, Jaipur, Garli, Guruvayoor, Lucknow, Shringeri

Sponsor: Central Govt.

Aim: Prepare and publish scholarly editions of important Sanskrit classics, prepare dictionaries and indexes. Also conducts examinations for degrees in Sanskrit upto Ph.D.

Head: 1. President: Sh. Kapil Sibal

2. V.C. Prof. Radhavallabh Tripathi

Publications: Monographs/Books: More than 500 works published so far, some of them in several volumes.

Journal: Sanskrit Vimarsha (six monthly)

Library: 50485 vols. Theses 1063

Estd. 1970

15th world Sanskrit Conference will take place at New Delhi, 5th June 2012
1. Directory of Doctoral of Dissertations on Sanskrit of Indian Universities
New Delhi

2. Who’s who in Sanskrit – a directory of Sanskrit scholars
15\textsuperscript{th} Oct. 1970, autonomous organization regd. Under the societies Registration Act, Funded by goi, for the development, preservation and promotion of Sanskrit learning and research all over the Country and abroad. Declared as Deemed University vide the notification No. 9 – 28/2000 – 4.3. Dated 7\textsuperscript{th} may 2002.

Objections: - Establishment of Campuses, teaching of Sanskrit on traditional lines at Secondary, under – Graduate, Graduate, Post – Graduate and Doctorate level, Establishing Sanskrit Library, mss collection centers, Running Com. Courses for learning Sanskrit.

Campuses – 10, Adarsh Mahavidyalaya – 25

**RAMA VARMA RESEARCH INSTITUTE ARCHAROLOGICAL SOCIETY**

Town Hall, Trichur, Cochin Voluntary

Collects books, journals and unpublished Mss. Bearing on Kerala history and antiquities, published a bulletin; Rama Verma Granthavali Series, Library 15000 books, has also a museum.

Management: The Managing Committee consists of the President, the secretary and six members.
Finance – Subscriptions, Govt. Grants, Sale of publication and the interest on investments.

**RAJASHAN ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE**

Residency Road, Jodhpur – 342011 Govt. of Rajasthan, Deptt. Of Arts & Culture Research and publication; collection and preservation of mss.

Survey of mss. In private custody in Rajasthan Vina Lahoti, Director


Reports: Annual reports of progress and achievement are published

Other: Catalogues of Sanskrit and Prakrit mss. in 22 parts started in 1950 at Jaipur; now located at Jodhpur.

It was established as the Sanskrit Mandal in 1950 and extended as a full –fledged department in 1954, with a view to explore, collect, preserve, edit and publish the ancient literature in Sanskrit, pakrit Hindi – Rajasthan

It has MRC since Sept.2003 Documents 1, 75, 498

**RAJASTHAN SAHITYA AKADEMY**

City Palace, Udaipur Autonomous body
Promote development of literature, translate literary works, publish books of literary merit, award prizes and scholarships, hold conferences, seminars, symposia etc.

Head: Laxmi Narayan Kaushik – President
Devilal Paliwal – Director

Publications: Published 62 Books
Library Books: 10,000 Books
DOE: 1958

SAHITYA AKADEMI

Rabindra Bhavan, 35, Ferozeshah Road, New Delhi-11001

Regional offices at Bombay, Calcutta and Madras.

Autonomous Body, Central Govt. work for the development of Indian letters, foster and coordinate literary activities in all Indian languages and promote through them the cultural unity of the country.

Head: Suniti Kumar Chatterji – President, Sri Agrahara Krishnamurthy – Secretary

Scope of Research: Indian languages and literature.

Publications: Indian Literature – Bimonthly in English, Sanskrita Pratibha – A half yearly in Sanskrit, Original books and translation of classics, Samkaleen Bhartya Sahitya
Over 1400 Books in 24 Indian languages and the monumental National Bibliography of Indian literature in 4 vols.

Vol. 1. Assamese, Bengali, English and Gujrati

Vol. 2. Hindi, Kannada, Kashmiri and Malayalam

Vol. 3. Marathi, Oriya, Punjabi and Sanskrit

Vol. 4. Sindhi, Tamil, Telugu and Urdu

Library Books: 1, 50,000 volumes, A Bimonthly in Hindi since 1980

DOE: 1954

Future Projects: 1) Who’s who of Indian writers (Directory)

2) Refroconversion & Indian languages Section

INSTITUTE OF RAJASTHAN STUDIES (SAHITYA SANSTHAN)

Rajasthan Vidyapeeth University Udaypur (Rajasthan)

Branch in Hadoti Shodh Pratisthan, Kesav Bhawan, Mala Road, Kota – 2

Private Organisation registered under societies Act and forming part of Rajasthan Vidyapeeth, Udaipur collect research material in history, Archaeology, language, literature, arts and culture, carry out research, publish magazines and research projects, organize symposia, seminars, conferences etc.

Shantilal Bharadwaj – Director

Uma Shankar Shukla – Adhyaksha
Shodh Patrika – Hindi Quaterly, Mewar Darshan Hindi Annual, Hadoti – Hindi Annual

Reference Library of Books and periodicals 7,000 manuscripts

ESTD: 1941

In 1987, it became a constituent unit of Rajasthan Vidyapeeth Deemed to be University, Udaipur and recognized by various national and international Institutions. In fact it is the only institute of its kind in Rajasthan.

Website: www.jmrpvu.org

E-mail: rajasthanstudies@jmrpvu.org

SRI RAMLAL KAPOOR TRUST

Revali, Post: E.C. Murthal, Bhagalpur, Distt. Sonepat (Haryana) – 131001

Phone – 911302210028

E-mail: info@rlktrust.org

Branches: USA, UK

Registered: Trust, Registered self financed, donations, sale of publications.

Objectives: Research into the ancient vedic literature, its safe custody and its dissemination. To serve the society through Indian Culture, education, science and medicine. To publish Vedic literature develop a library and a monthly (Vedvani) Vol. 28, Phagun 2065 Samvat.

Head: President Vijaypal Vidyaridhi – Secretary
Management: President, Vice-president, Secretary, Treasurer and five elected members.

Publication: Published 193 books, a monthly (Vedvani) Vol. 30, 2067 V.S., monographs, seminar proceedings, special issues on Swami Dayanand ji.

Library: More than 10,000 books in Sanskrit, Hindi and English.

ESTD: 26th February 1928.

Note: Trust was established on 26th Feb 1928 in the memory of Sh. Ramlal Kapoor by his sons M/S Rooplal, Hansraj, Gianchand and Pyarelal. Virjan and Ashram Panini Mahavidyalaya was established by late Brahmadatt ji Jigyansu in 1921 in Janpad, Aligarh (U.P.) Later, Ashram was moved to Kurashi in 1926. In 1970 both the Institutions were moved to Bhogal (Sonipat), Haryana.

SANSKRIT ACADEMY
(Adarsha Shodh Sansthan) Osmania University, Hyderabad – 500 007 (A.P.)

Website: http://www.osmania.ac.in/sanskritacademy

E mail: Sanskritacademy@gmail.com

Status: Voluntary, Osmania University, Hyderabad

Affiliation: Rashtriya Sanskrit Samsthan, N. Delhi

Aims & objectives: To promote research in Sanskrit studies and publication & preservation of mss.
Director: Dr. Shrinivasa Varakhedi

President: Sri N.D. Tiwari, Governor of Andhra Pradesh Chancellor, Osmania University

Publication: 77 books

Monographs/Books: A catalogue of Sanskrit Mss, published books in English and Sanskrit 80


Project: Companion to Sanskrit literature; Cr. Ed. of Kasika with Padamanjari.

Library; Books – 5173 vols., 3000 mss.

Estd: 1954

Additional Information; In 2002, the Academy was elevated to the status of a Central Autonomous Research Institute.

Ph. +91 (40) 27070281

SANSKRIT ACADEMI

Lucknow Established by Government of Utter Pradesh.

To propagate and promote Sanskrit scholarships and creative Sanskrit writing. It offers a number of awards to scholars and writers.
An ambitious project to bring out History of Sanskrit literature in several volumes with late Pandit Baladeva Upadhyaya as its Chief Editor has started materializing. A number of volumes edited by highly reputed scholars have already seen light of the day. Now, Professor Reva Prasad Dwivedi has taken over as chief editor (after the sad demise of Professor Upadhyaya) and the remaining volumes are under preparation.

Library has – books, - periodicals

Estd. in

SANSKRIT SAHITYA AKADEMI

Gujarat Autonomous body, governed and financed by Gujarat Govt.

To promote and propagate the study of Sanskrit, organized national and state level seminars, An taksari, elocution competitions are promoted by the Akademi, by worthy Sanskrit scholars of Gujarat; also honours Sanskrit scholars, recently with the blessings and help of parama pujya Morari Bapu Ji, the Akademi has instituted Vacaspati puraskar consisting of 1,00,000 cash for the best Sanskrit scholar of Gujarat.

Pujya Shri Krishnasankar Shastri, Kulapati of Bhagavate Vigyapeeth was awarded the first Vacaspati Puraskar.

Estd. 1993
SANSKRIT SAHITYA PARISHAT

168/1, Raja Dinendra street, Kolkata – 700004


Conduct department of oriental learning and research; undertake publications; run a Sanskrit journal; organize cultural activities like staging Sanskrit dramas, etc.

Head: Prof. Ramaranjan Mukherjee – president

Prof. Manabendu Banerjee – Secretary

Off. In Charge Director: Prof. Venkataramana Reddy

Pub. : 40 books Sanskrit Sahitya Parishat Series; Most important one: Tatva Chintamani with five commentaries. A monthly journal

Library Books: 15,000 books and 12,000 mss.

D.O.E. 1916

Scope of Research: Besides propagating Sanskrit learning, undertake research projects and guide research students for Ph.D. degree.

Note: - Since 1998 covered under Adarsh sodh Sansthan

Management: The management of the Parishat is in the hands of an Executive committee which is elected annually.

SCINDIA ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Vikram University Ujjain (M.P.) 150010, Tel. 0734 2515 400
E mail: sorimrc@yahoo.com

Govt. Institute. Now under Vikram University from 1960

Preserve oriental and ancient cultural literature, publish books, collect Mss., offer research facilities in Indological subjects

Head Director BAL Krishna Sharma

Pub. : Jl. Of the Sci. or. Institute, classics, translations, Sci. Series and Volumes of Vikram commemoration writings

Lib. Books: 15,000, Mss.: 18,695

D.O.E. 1931

Management of the Institute was transferred to the Vikram University in 1961 IGNCA, New Delhi has microfilmed more than 4000 Manuscripts.

It has MRC since September 2003. Documented: 38,840 mss.

SHARADASHRAM, YEOTMAL

Berar Voluntary, regd., donations and subscriptions.

Aims: To collect and preserve Historical and Literary Material Arrange periodical lectures and publish them. To develop a Library and Museum of literary and Historical objects, documents, coins, etc.

Pub. : has published books, descriptive catalogue of mss. total no. 150

Library: 15,000 historical documents, 5,000 mss.

Estd. In 1926
Management: The Managing Body consists of the president, the Vice –

president, the Secretaries and ten members.

SHREE DWARAKADHEESH SANSKRIT ACADEMY AND

INDOLOGICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Jamnagar, Dwarka Gujarat361335

Voluntary; affiliated to Gujarat University, Saurashtra University, Rajkot

Sponsor by State Govt., Gujarat

Aim & Functions: Preservation and propagation of the Divine Culture based

on the Vedas, Smritis

Pub. : Publish a research Journal – Saradapitha – predipa

Founded in 1947; functions under the aegis of H.H. Sankaracharya. Of

Dwarka.

Estd. 1960

Books: 30, 00 vols.

Journal: Pradeep (An Indological Journal) Annual

SIKKAM RESEARCH INSTITUTE OF TIBETOLOGY

Gangtok Autonomours, regd. Body

Sponsor: Central and state Govts.

To promote the Indic – Tibetan Buddhist studies related to the Tibetan

literature in the cultural spectrum of Sikkam, research on Sanskrit oriented
topics and publishes books, reports of seminars. Also publishes an English Journal ‘Bulletin of Tibetology’ (Q) The Institute has been recognized as one of the International academic centres by her contributions made so far.

Library: In addition to books, the Library has hundreds of Mss and XY lographs. Also attached to it is museum of coins and art objects.

Scope of Research Mahayana Buddhism and Tibetology.

Monographs/Books: Several monographs in Tibetan, Sanskrit and English

Estd. 1958

Library = 60,000 Books,

Formerly its name was Namgyal Institute of Tibetology. www.tibetology.net

SWADHYAYA MANDALA AND VEDIC INSTITUTE,

Anandashram, Pardi, Status: Voluntary; regd.


Head, Director and Editor S.D. Satawalekar (former)

Pub. Has brought out editions of the different Sanhihtas of the Vedas, translations of Mahabharata and Atharvaveda and of portions of other Vedas; Publishes: Purusartha, a Monthly in Marathi, Vaidika Dharma (M) in Hindi, Veda – Sandesa, (M) in Gujarati; has an Indological Journal.
Estd. In 1918; was formerly at Aundh, Maharashtra.

SUKRTINDRA ORIENTAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Kochi – 682032, Kerala, India Ph. No. 0484 – 2349563

Regd. Under societies Act, affiliated to University of Kerala and Mahatma Gandhi University

To promote the study and research in Indological subjects like Sanskrit, Indian Culture, literature, History, Philosophy, Arts and Architecture and so on.

His Holiness Srimad Sudhindra Tirtha Swami ji, (chief Patron)

Dr.V. Nithyanantha Bhat (Hon. Director) its activities include guiding research in Sanskrit taking up research journal (half – yearly in English and Sanskrit) Jl. Of Sukrtindra Oriental Research Institute


E mail: sukrtindra-ori@yahoo.co.uk

Website: www.sukrtinduoriental.org

Copies are available on line at www.paicoindia.com
TANJORE MAHARAJA SERFOJI’S SARASVATI MAHAL LIBRARY, TMSSML

Palace complex, Thanjavur Pin. 613009 Tel. 04362234107, Fax. 04362233568 Website: www.tmssml.nic.in

Email: tmssmlib@sanchamet.in

Secretary: G.A. Narayanaswami

Voluntary; regd., functions under a Govt. appointed committee; aided by Govt. grants 10,000 books, 50,000 mss. in Sanskrit, Telugu, Tamil, and Marathi.

Publishes Journal of the Tanjore Sarasvati Mahal Library (Yearly 3 issues):

has published 432 works in Sanskrit, Tamil, Marathi, Telugu etc.

Contains also some picture albums; and rare old printed works in English;


Library Books 54,009 books mss. 50,000 Published 154 Sanskrit books 205 Tamil books

In 1990 – 13062 works were reprographed. Lib. Timing. 10.00 Am to 5.30 pm, closed no Wednesday & 2nd Saturday

Estd. 1545 A.D.
UTTARANCHAL SANSKRIT ACADEMY

Sanskrit Bhawan, Ranipur Jhal, Delhi Rashtriya Raj Marg, Haridwar – 249401 (Uttaranchal) Tel. 01334213481
Fax. : 01334250885
Email: Info@Ua-sanskritacademy.com
Website: info@Ua-sanskritacademy.com

- Construction of Notice Boards at temples and sacred places
- Honours, scholarships/financial assistance in the field of Sanskrit
- Sanskrit Theatre Yatras and Cultural Programmes
- Instruction in the fields of Astrology and Karma – Kand
- Head: Buddhadeva Sharma, Secretary

VAIDIKA SAMSODHANA MANDALA

Tilak Vidyapeeth Nagar, Poona – 411037

Status: Voluntary; aided by state and central Govts.
Aims: Research and publication; collection of books, Mss. related to Vedic literature; facilities for higher Vedic studies.
Scope of Research: Vedic and Avestan Studies
Head: Dr. Mrs. Bhagyalata Pataskar-Director, Secretary C.G. Kashikar
Pub. : Has published Rgveda – Samhita with sayana – Bhasya, Srautakosa, Upanisads, Avesta in Devanagari script (2 pts.), Ayurvedakosa, Taittiriya – samhita

Library: 35,000 books. 2500 mss. in Sanskrit Founded in 1928

Additional Information: Developed a museum of sacrificial utensils which is unique of its kind.

VARENDR RESEARCH SOCIETY AND MUSEUM

Rajshahi – East Bangal, website: www.kaladarshana.com

Private registered body, Govt. Grants, donations, subscriptions and sale of publications.

Aim: For the investigation and collection of materials from the study of the ancient history and civilization of Varendra (North Bengal).

Head:

Management: Consists President, Vice – President, Secretary, Asstt – Secretary, the Treasurer and two elected members.

Publications:

Monographs/Books: 35 books, relate mainly to the ancient history & culture of Bengal and also include unpublished ancient litt.

Library
It has a great Library consisting 15000 books, 5000 mss. And Museum has 5000 antiquities

Estd. 1910 Inaugurated by Lord Ronaldshey in 1919. Museum & Library was erected by Sarat Kumar Ray at his own cost.

**VISHVESHVARANAND VEDIC RESEARCH INSTITUTE**

P.O. Sadhu Ashram, Hoshiarpur (Pb.)146021

Voluntary; registered; affiliated to Punjab University, Chandigarh, donations & sale of publications.

Aims: Research, publication, and preservation of mss. , special field: Vadic studies; Vedic Concordance (in 36 volumes); Rgveda and Atharavaveda bhasyas; editions of Vedic texts, Mahasubhasita Samgraha (Published 8 vols., 2008)

Research Publications; about 1000 books in Hindi, English and Sanskrit reprints and pamphlets in English and Hindi

Periodicals: 1. Visva Jyoti, Hindi (M) 1952 –

2. Visva Sanskritam, Sanskrit (Q)

3. Bulletin; research jl. in English on Indological Studies. (English) Annual

Library: Has a rich library Started in 1903; shifted to the present location from Lahore in 1947.
Scope of Research propagate and popularize Sanskrit and other branches of Indological Publications.

Email vvrinstitute@yahoo.co.in

VISVESVARANAND VISVABANDHU INSTITUTE OF SANSKRIT AND INDOLOGICAL STUDIES,

P.O. Sadhu Ashram, Hoshiarpur (P.B.) 146021

www.vvbisis.puchd.ac.in Ph. No. 01882 - 221002

Teaching and research deptt. of P.U., Chandigarh

Head: Prof Rajinder Kumar Sharma (Chairman)

To promote and propagate Sanskrit, conduct lectures, seminars, workshops and edit and publish a number of mss., also published ‘VIJ, an English Journal half yearly.

Scope of Research: Indology in all its aspects Monographs/Books: 55, including bibliographies, descriptive catalogues of Mss, astronomical studies, linguistic analysis etc.

Additional information: Scholarships for students and research scholarships available.

Library: 1 lac books, 50,000 bound volumes, 3000 mss.

Hold classes i.e. prak – shastri, Shastri, Acharya, M.A. (Sanskrit) Ph.D.

MRC started in 2003, digitization of MSS. is under process.

Estd. 1965
VRINDABAN RESEARCH INSTITUTE

Raman Reti, Vrindaban – 281121

Uttar Pradesh Tel. 0565 – 2540628

Fax. :0565 – 2540576

Email: vrivdn@sancharnet.in

Status An autonomous voluntary organization Affiliated to Agra University.

Aims Primary aim is of collecting and preserving Mss. and other cultural objects of Braj Area. To promote research in Braj Culture.

Head: The Governing Council is represented by members of central and state Govts and local authority officials.

Publications: Mss. Catalogues 9 volumes, some 4000 mss. Microfilmed Prepared – 2000 slides, in additions, published books in Hindi, Sanskrit, Bengali and English. Library has 25000 mss, 20,000 books, maps,

Estd. 24th November, 1968

“Granth Prabhu Ke Vigraha Hain”

There are four Departments: Mss, Reference Library, Conservation, Microfilming and office.

A Guesthouse “Shodh Ashram” for scholars has also been added to the Institute.
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Jadavpur University, Kolkata – 1955 (WB) – 700032

Jai Narayan Vyas University, Jodhpur – 1962 (Rajasthan) – 342001

Jammu University, Jammu – 1969 (J&K) – 180006

Jiwaji University, Gwalior – 1964 (MP) – 474011

Kavikulguru Kalidas Sanskrit Vishvidalaya, Ramtek Nagpur – 1997 (Maharashtra) – 441106

Karnataka University, Dharwad – 1949 (Karnataka) – 580003

Kashi Vidyapeeth, Varanasi – 1921 (UP) – 221002

**KASHMIR UNIVERSITY, KASHMIR – 1948 (J&K) - 190006**

Kerala University, Trivandram – 1937 (Kerala) – 695034

M.M. Yogi Vedic Vishwavidalaya, Jabalpur – 1995 (MP) – 482001

M.D. University, Rohtak – 1976 (Haryana) – 124001

Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra – 1956 (Haryana) – 136119

Shri Lal Bahadur Sastri Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeeth, New – Delhi – 1987 (ND) – 110016

Lucknow University, Lucknow – 1921 (UP) – 226007

University of Madras, Chennai – 1857 (TN) – 600005

Mysore University, Mysore – 1916 (Karnataka) – 570005

Nagpur University, Nagpur – 1923 (Maharashtra) – 440001

Osmania University, Hyderabad – 1918 (AP) – 500007
Indira Gandhi National open University, New-Delhi – 1985 (ND) – 110068
Jawaharlal Nehru University, New – Delhi – 1969 (ND) – 110067
Punjab University, Chandigarh – 1885/1947 (CHD) – 160014
Patna University, Patna – 1917 (Bihar) – 800005
Pondicherry University, Pondicherry – 1985 – 605014
Pune University, Pune – 1949 (Maharashtra) – 411007
Punjabi University, Patiala – 1962 (Punjab) – 147002
Rabindra Bharti University, Kolkata – 1962 (WB) – 700050
University of Rajasthan, Jaipur – 1947 (Rajasthan) – 302004
Rajasthan Sanskrit Vishwavidalaya, Jaipur – 2001 (Rajasthan) – 302017
Rajasthan Vidyapeeth, Udaipur – 1937 (Rajasthan) – 313001
Ravi Shankar University, Raipur (MP)
Sagar University, Sagar (MP) – 470003
Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeeth, Tirupati – 1961 (AP) – 517507
Shiva Ji University, Kohalpur – 1962 (Maharashtra) – 416004
Sampurnanand Sanskrit Vishwavidyalaya, Varanasi, 1958 (UP) – 221002
Sri Jagannath Sanskrit Vishwavidyalaya, Puri – 1981 (Orissa) – 752003
SNDT Women’s University, Mumbai – 1951 (Maharashtra) – 400020
Sri Venkateshwara University, Tirupati – 1954 (AP) – 517502
Sri Shankarcharya University of Sanskrit, Ernakulam-1994 (Karnataka) 683574
Udaipur University, Udaipur (Rajasthan)

Utkal University, P.O. Vani Vihar, Bhuvneshwar – 1943 (Orissa) -751004

Vikram University, Ujjain – 1957 (MP) – 456010

Vishawbharti, Shantiniketan- 1951 (WB) – 731235

Sri Chandershkeharandra Saraswati Viswa Mahavidyalia, Kanchipuram – 1993 (TN) – 631560

Tamil University, Thanjavur – 1981 (TN) – 613005

Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapeeth, Pune – 1987 (Maharashtra) – 411037

List of prominent Sanskrit & Indological Publishers in India

Chaukhamba Sanskrit Pratishthan, 38 U.A. Bungalow Road. Jawaharnagar, Delhi – 110007, Ph. No. 011 – 23856391

Email: csp_praveen@rediffmail.com

CHOWKHAMBA SANSKRIT SERIES OFFICE, VARANASI

Biggest publishers of Sanskrit books, have published Sanskrit text and studies in Sanskrit and English in Indology in various Series: (1) Chowkhamba Sanskrit Series, (2) Banares Sankrit Series, (3) Kashi Sanskrit Series, (4) Haridas Sanskrit Series; as also a number of miscellaneous Sanskrit works.

D.O.E. 1892
THE DIVINE LIFE SOCIETY

(Yoga – Vedanta Forest Academy), Sivanandanagar, Rishikesh, Uttarakhand, Ph. No. 0135-2430040

Publishes a monthly, Divine Life; has published serial work in English on Vedanta and Religion. Founded by Swami Sivananda in 1936;

Email: generalssecretary@sivanandaonline.org.

Website: www.sivanandaonline.org

GITA PRESS, GORAKHPUR

Gita Press, P.O. Gita Press, Gorakhpur – 173005

P.H. 0551 – 2334721, Email: manager@gitapress.org

Website: www.gitapress.org

CHARITABLE INSTITUTION

Published at popular prices editions of Bhagavad-Gita Ramayana, Bhagavata purana, Mahabharata, Ramacaritamanasa, has also published many other books in Hindi on darsana, publishes a monthly Kalyana in Hindi and kalyana Kalpatara, in English,

Meharchand Lachhmandas Publications, 4225A, 1 Ansari Road Daryaganj, N.Delhi – 110002, Ph.011 – 23271568

Established in 1870 in Lahore; at Delhi Since 1948, publishes Sanskrit texts and research works and monographs in English
Established in 1903 in Lahore; at Delhi since 1948, leading publishers of Indological books and Sanskrit texts published more than 8000 titles in indology.

Munshi Ram Manohar lal

Has published many books in Sanskrit and on Indology

Jaina Atmananda Sabha, Bhavnagar has published many Jaina works

Jaina Dharma Prasarka sabha, Bhavnagar

Jina Svadhyaya Mandir Trust, Songadh Publishes series of Jaina works

YASOVIJAYA JAINA GRANTHAMALA,

Bhavnagar Has issued about 150 publications in the Series Established in 1904.

THE SHARDA PEETHA RESEARCH CENTRE,

Srinagar, Publishes works under the auspices of the Jammu and Kashmir Oriental Research Society

SANSKRIT COLLEGE, TRIPPUNITTURA

Publishes the Rama Verma Sanskrit Granthamala
BALAMANORAMA PRESS, Mylapore, Madras Publishes rare texts in Sanskrit in the Balamanorama Saries.

GANESH AND CO
Thyagarayanagar, Madras
Has published Tantric works and writings of A. Avalon and works in Sanskrit and English

KAMAKOTI GRANTHAVALI, Madras
Has published a large no. of Sanskrit stotra works with transliteration in Grantha and Tamil scripts and translations,

SASTRA – Sanjivini press, Madras has published a large no. of Sanskrit works in Grantha script.

VANI VILAS PRESS,
Srirangam, Triuchi Publisher of the Vani Vilas Series of Kavya and Sastra in Sanskrit and works in English in Hindu Philosophy
Vavilla Ramaswami sastrulu and sons, Madras has published a very large number of Sanskrit texts including Ramayana, Bhagavata,
Collections of stotras, established in 1854
Anandasrarna, 22, Budhwar, Poona Founded in 1888
Has published more than 500 books in Sanskrit (of which some are very important)
D.B. TARAPOREVALA SONS AND CO

Bombay Nimayasagar press, Bombay

Has published many original Sanskrit texts with commentaries;

Publishers of the Kavyamala Series and Kavyamala Gucchakas

Founded in 1864

Oriental Books agency, Poona

Publishers of the Poona oriental Series has published about 250 works in Sanskrit, English and Hindi

SHARADASHRAM,

Yeotmal, Maharashtra Head: Hon. Secretary

Voluntary; Regd. In 1940

Arrange periodical lectures,

Founded in 1932

Raman Publication, Bangalore

Publication and research in Astrology Published a Monthly devoted to astrology,

New Astrological Magazine (formerly Astrological Magazine)

Has published many works on astrology, with translations in English.

SHRI VENKATESHWAR STEAM PRESS

Khetwadi, Bombay Commercial
Has published all Purana and Upapurana texts; also many other Sanskrit works and translations in Hindi of Sanskrit works.

Estd. In 1871

Mdhusudan Vaidik – Vijnan Prakasak Karyalaya, Jaipur

Has published about 251 books on Brahma Vijnana, Yajna Vijnana.

Purana Samiksa and Vedanga Samiksa written by the late M.M. Madhusudan Ojha.

CHAIRS/ INDOLOGICAL INSTITUTES OUTSIDE INDIA

The ancient culture of India, its Philosophy, religions, mythology history, literature and legends have been attracting the attention of scholars from almost all quarters of the Globe.¹

India was a great seat of learning from the ancient times. Many Universities are named to it such as Taxila, Nalanda, Vidarbha and Vikramasila etc. Many foreign scholars came here to get education and learn different arts, Sciences and crafts.

Many manuscripts had been sent out to abroad. Different Catalogues of manuscripts are available in their respective Libraries and Museums.²

¹ Prabhakar, Manohar; Indian studies abroad, Jaipur, Unique Traders, 1980, Preface p.III.
² (Catalogus codium mss. Bibliothecae, Parisiis, 1739). It deals with Oriental mss. & describe 287 Sanskrit mss, p.437 sq.)
number of Universities in Europe, America, Africa, Australia and Asia have established Chairs for Indological studies. A few of them are following:

Germany: There are at present seven chairs of Indology in the Federal Republic of Germany, the Universities concerned being those of Bonn (1818), Berlin (1821), Tubingen (1856), Gottingen (1862), Munich (1867), Marburg (1869) and Hamburg (1914).

Addresses:

1. Indian Institute, Munich.
2. German-Indian Society, Stuttgart,
3. East Asia Association, Hamburg.

France: College de France (College of France) founded in 1530, the first chair of Sanskrit has been held there in 1814 by Prof. A.L. Chezy, Eugene Burnout etc.

Academic des Inscription et belles-Letters (Academy of Inscriptions and Humanities founded in 1663.

Ecole pratique does Hautes Etudes, Sorbonne (Practical school for higher studies) founded in 1868.

Institute de civilization Indienne, Garlerie Richelieu, Sorbonne Paris (France)

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1. Upadhyaya, Vachaspati, ed; Sanskrit studies Abroad, N.D., SLBSRSV, 2001, p.37
2. Upadhyaya, Vachaspati, ed; Sanskrit studies Abroad, N.D., SLBSRSV, 2001, p.27
3. Ibid, p.31
Sweeden: There are four great Universities of Indology at Lund (1898), Goteborg (1898) Uppsala (1893) and Stockholm (1960)

1. Stockholm University, Deptt. of Indology Stockholm.
2. Goteborg University, Deptt. of Comparative Philology, Goteborg.
3. Institute of Comparative Philology, Uppsala
4. Institute of Indology, Stockholm.

Bali: There are four great Research Centres of Sanskrit in the island of Bali, namely

1. IHD (Institute of Hindu Dharma) Denpasar city.
2. Gedung Kritya Singaraja, Bali.
3. Udayana University, Bali (Single state University of Bali)
4. Mahasaraswati University (Private University in Bali).

Canada: The University of Toronto and University of British Columbia (Vancouver) have the largest number of resources in south Asian studies. Similarly, Mcmaster University of Hamilton, Ontario and McGill University in Montreal are also research and having Indological chairs.

Italy: The history of Indological studies began in Italy in 1853 when the first chair of Sanskrit was founded. During the years 1957-1992 this chair

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1. Mishra, K.K., ed.: Sanskrit studies outside India, N.Delhi, Rss, 1977, p.81
2. Ibid, p.54
3. Ibid, 18
was held by Oscar Botto, who create the institute of Indology and secondly, the Department of Oriental studies. Another centre for Indological studies in Rome, at the University “La Sapienza” (Deprt. Of oriental studies). Sanskrit is also taught at some other Universities in Italy. ¹

United States of America

There are so many Universities which impart Sanskrit studies. University of Yale was first to offer Sanskrit, founded in 1841². Harvard also has a long tradition of Sanskrit studies John Hopking was, from 1881-1926 a leading centre for Sanskrit Studies. University of Pennsylvania was established in 1947 to south Asian studies, by W.Norman Brown. Secong was University of Chicago in 1955. Others are i.e. University of California, Wisconsin-Madison, Washington, Michigan, Minnesota, South Florida, Berkeley has a Long tradition of Sanskrit studies. The American oriental Society & the Association of Asian studies, have Sanskrit chairs.

China: Sanskrit teaching is held only at two institutions.³

1. Deptt. Of Oriental studies, Peking University.

2. Institute of Asia and Pacific studies of the Chinese Academia for social Science, Peking.

¹. Ibid, p.57
². Ibid, p. 98
Thailand:

The old and leading institutions like Silpakorn University, Chulalongkor University Mahamakutagarja vidyalaya University etc. have included Sanskrit in their study programmes.

Silpakorn University is one of the earliest Universities established in 1974. GOI created a Chair of visiting Professor Dr. Satya Vrat Shashtri was appointed as professor of Indian Studies in Chulalongkor University, Bangkok. Then shifting this post to Silpakorn University from 1988-1990.1

Norway: The Indo-Iranian Institute of Oslo, Blindern, Oslo(Norway)

Austria:

Indologisches Institute

Universitat WIEN

Universitat & strasse 7 Viena, Austria

Romania: Asociatia De Studii Orientale, Din Republica Scialista, Romania

Yugoslavia: The Department of Indology, Faculty of Philosophy, Zaqreb University, Zaqreb (Yugoslavia)

Czechoslovakia: The Department of Oriental and African studies, Faculty of Philosophy, Charles University, Czechoslovakia

Poland: Oriental Institute University of Warsaw, Warszawa 00927, Poland

United Kingdom: In 1832 Oxford University selected Dr. Wilson Horace Hayman to be the first occupant of the newly founded Boden chair of Sanskrit Professor.

Monier: Monier William was selected 2nd Professor of Sanskrit at the Boden Chair of Oxford University.

The Royal Asiatic Society of Great Britain and Ireland was founded by Sir Henry Thomas in 1823.

British Association for South Asian Studies (1972).

International: International Association of Sanskrit studies (March 1972).