Table 1.1  Contribution of fungal diseases towards yield loss in some major crops of India 3

Table 2.1  The families of pathogenesis related proteins (Adapted from van Loon et al. 2006) 8

Table 2.2  A summary of functionally characterized thaumatin-like proteins (TLPs) 11-12

Table 2.3  Important PR5 genes expressed in transgenic plants for enhanced tolerance to fungal pathogen/s 15-16

Table 2.4  Transgenic plants engineered for enhanced tolerance to drought stress 25-28

Table 2.5  Strategies adopted to overcome adverse impact of in vitro accumulated ethylene during potato micropropagation 31-32

Table 2.6  Review showing use of various explants, number of steps involved and plant growth regulators concentration (PGR) used to achieve regeneration in potato cultivars 37-40

Table 2.7  Potato cultivars/genotypes transformed by Agrobacterium tumefaciens 43

Table 2.8  Transgenic approaches for potato improvement against biotic and abiotic stresses 46-50

Table 3.1  Primers used for PCR confirmation and semi-quantitative expression 62

Table 3.2  Specialized primers used for quantitative Real Time PCR 62

Table 3.3  PCR condition for different primers 63

Table 3.4  Thermal profile for quantitative Real Time PCR 64

Table 4.1  Effect of streptomycin sulphate on bacterial infection and in vitro plant growth of potato shoot cultures of cv. Kufri Giriraj (KG) 119

Table 4.2  Correlation between STS concentration and morpho-physiological parameters of in vitro plants 121

Table 4.3  Effect of different concentration of STS on the chlorophyll content of in vitro shoot cultures of potato 122

Table 4.4  Effect of in vitro accumulation of ethylene on the plants growing in the absence and presence of STS supplemented MS basal medium. Morpho-phenotype was recorded 14 days after inoculation (14 dai) 126

Table 4.5  Effect of selected PGR combinations on the regeneration behaviour of K. Giriraj (KG) and K. Sutlej (KS) 128

Table 4.6  Effect of TIBA and zeatin combinations on adventitious shoot regeneration in cv. KG 132

Table 4.7  Effect of NAA and zeatin combinations on adventitious shoot regeneration in KG 133

Table 4.8  Morphological parameters of CsTLP and WT plants 143

Table 4.9  Tuber characteristics of CsTLP and WT plants after harvesting 143
Table 4.10  Evaluation of *CsTLP* transgenic and untransformed (WT) tubers after three weeks of inoculation with *M. phaseolina* 147

Table 4.11  Relative expression of *StLOX*, *StPAL* and *StTLP* in transgenic potato tubers overexpressing *CsTLP* before and after inoculation with *M. phaseolina* relative to WT 151

Table 4.12  Physical and chemical properties of the soil as potting mixture 155

Table 4.13  Volumetric soil moisture content (θ) and electrical conductivity (EC_{soil}) in response to withholding irrigation 157

Table 4.14  Effect of water stress on the leaf chlorophyll content of WT and transgenic plants (TL1 and TL2) 160

Table 4.15  Color characteristics (browning) of tuber slices of WT and TL1 after cutting followed by exposure to air for 0, 30 and 60 minutes 168

Table 4.16  Physical and color characteristics of tuber peel of WT and TL1 potato plants 168

Table 4.17  Textural profile analysis parameters of raw potato tubers of WT and TL1 plants 169

Table 4.18  Textural profile analysis parameters of cooked potato tubers of WT and TL1 plants 169

Table 4.19  Tuber characteristics of *CsPPO* and WT plants after harvesting 174