Abbreviations and Terms

AO: Agriculture Officer
ATMA: Agriculture Technology and Management Agency
C&AG: Comptroller and Auditor General of India
CHC: Community Health Center
DAO: District Agriculture Officer
DoNER: Department of North Eastern Region
GDP: Gross Domestic Product
Ha: Hectare
HYV: High Yielding Variety seeds
ILP: Inner Line Permit System which restricts the entry of Non-Nagas under the Bengal Eastern Frontier Regulation Act, 1873 and still in force.
MU: Meter units
NEDFI: North Eastern Development Finance Corporation Ltd
NEPED: Nagaland Environment Protection and Economic Development
NGO: Non Governmental Organization
NHTA: Naga Hills Tuensang Area
NIDC: Nagaland Industrial Development Corporation Ltd
NSDP: Net State Domestic Product
PHC: Primary Health Center
SSI: Small Scale Industries
VDB: Village Development Board

Ability: Natural aptitudes and learned capabilities required to successfully complete task.
Agro forestry: A land use that involves deliberate retention, introduction or mixture of trees or other woody perennials to benefit ecologically and economically.
Alder based system: The system of cultivating crops with alder trees
Alder: Alnus nepalensis, a tree species endemic to the sub Himalayan region and well sought for its nitrogen fixing capabilities, timber quality and ability to coppice.
Angamis: One of the sixteen major tribes of Nagaland
Clan: Members of a group who share a common ancestry
**Cropping system**: The physical and temporal arrangement of crop species usually described within a given area

**Dao**: A multipurpose slash blade

**Home garden**: An intensive system of cultivation near the home which incorporates crops for food, medicines and other regular or high value consumption

**Jhum**: A highly labour intensive system of agriculture practiced in the hilly regions by indigenous communities commonly termed as shifting cultivation. It is a system in which forest are cyclically slashed, burned, cropped and fallowed.

**Khel**: A unit or segment within a village inhabited on clan wise

**Meli/pele**: A work group representing people of same age group who on need assist one another in work on a reciprocal basis.

**Naga**: A common term used to refer to all the 16 major and 52 sub-tribes of Nagaland

**Penna**: A prohibition laid on the whole community entailing abstention from work in the fields

**Subsistence farming**: Growing crops of self consumption.

**Tribe**: A group of members with common ties, having a common culture and speaking a common dialect.

**Value system**: Individuals values arranged in a hierarchy of preferences

**Values**: Stable long lasting beliefs about what is important in a variety of situation that guides decisions and actions

**Wet rice cultivation (WRC)**: Rainfed lowland rice cultivation where bunds separate the fields with rice often submerged for part of the crop cycle

**Wet terrace rice cultivation**: As in WRC but found on steep slopes which have been cut to form beds. The terraces allow for permanent cultivation and the practice is followed by Angamis and Chakesang in Nagaland.