Annexure V

Syllabus for Upper School Course

Indoor Training

Paper :- 1  Law-I  I.P.C. (Without Books) Periods - 65


Cr. P.C. Periods : 65

Chapter-V (Section: 41 to 60( Arrest of Persons)), Chapter-VI (Section: 61 to 80, 82, 83 (Summons, Warrant of Arrest & Proclamation Attachment)), Chapter-VII (Section : 91 to 95, 97 to 102(Processes to Compel the Production of Things)), Chapter-VIII (Section : 106 to 110, 116 to 118, 120,122&123 (Security for Keeping the Peace & for Good Behaviour)), Chapter-X (Section: 129 to 132, 133,144 to 147. (Maintenance of Public Order and Tranquillity)), Chapter-XI (Section: 149 to 153 (Preventive Action of the Police & their Power)), Chapter-XII (Section: 154 to 176. (Information to Police and Investigation)), Chapter-XIV (Section: 190, 195 to 197, 199) (Conditions Requisite for Initiation of Proceedings)), Chapter-XXIII (Section: 199 (Prosecution for Defamation),
Chapter-XXIV (Section: 300, 306 to 308, 316,320 (General Provision as to Inquiries & Trial)), Chapter-XXXIII (Section: 436 to 444, 446 to 446-A (Provisions as to Bail & Bonds)), Chapter-XXXVI (Section: 467, 468 (Limitations of Schedule-I)), Evidence Act (Section: 5 to 11, 14, 17 to 22, 24, to 27,32, 45 & 46, 54, 60, 61, 62, to 65, 118,119, 137,101,125.).

Paper-III Law-III Periods - 65

Motor Vehicles (M.V) Act, (Sec. 1 to 6, 20, 24, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 125, 126, 128, 129, 130, 132, 133, 134, 177, 178, 179, 184, 187, and 194.), National Security Act,1980 (Sec. 2 to 8, 13 to 16.), The Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988 (Sec. 2, 7 to 16, 19 to 30.), Indecent Representation (Prohibition). Act ,1986. (Sec. 2 to 8.), The Terrorists and Disruptive Activities (Prevention) Act, 1987 (Sec. 1, 2 to 6, 8, 15 and 22),The Essential Service Maintenance Act, 1981 (Sec. 2 to 8.), The Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act, 1911. (Sec. 3 to 8.), The Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967. (Sec. 2, 3, 10 to 15 & 17.),Official Secrets Act, 1923. (Sec. 2 to 11 and 13), The West Bengal Defacement of Public Property Act, 1984. (Sec. 2, 3 & 4. The Prevention of Damage of Public Property Act, 1984. (Sec. 2 to 5.), Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960. (Sec. 11, 12, 13 to 34.),Indian Lunacy Act, 1912. (Sec. 13.), Essential Commodities Act, 1955. (Sec. 2, 3, 6-A, 6-B, 6-D, 7, 8 to 11, 13 and 14.), Identification of Prisoners Act, 1920. (Sec. 3, 4, 5, 6 & 9.), Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 (Sec. 2, 3, 4, 4-A, 6, 7 & 8.), Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929. (Sec. 2 to 9.),Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1990. (Sec. 2 to 12 ), Delhi Police Act, 1978 (Whole) and Rules:-

1. Crime Records

Need and Importance of: Police Station Records, District Records, State CID Records, M.O.B. at the District and State Levels, National Crime Records Bureau, Preparation of Requisite Data according to Prescribed Requirements, Interpol.

2. Prevention of Crime

Patrolling and Surveillance, Collection of Crime Intelligence, Bad Livelihood Cases, Gram Panchayats and their Legal Responsibilities, Prevention of Special Type of Crime Like Dacoity and Burglary, Security for Keeping Peace and Good Behaviour, Maintenance for Public Order and Tranquillity, Jurisdiction of the Criminal Courts in Inquiries and Trials.

3. Crime Investigation

General Principles including Qualities of an Investigating Officer, Preparation of FIR, Procedures and Methods of Investigation:- Inspection of Scene of Crime, Collection of Physical Evidence, Consultation of Crime Records-Local, District and State, Interrogation of Witnesses, Suspects and Accused Persons, Statement of Confessing Accused, Search and Seizure, Arrests, Identification Parade, Employment of Sources and Agents, Co-ordination with Other Police Stations, Checking of Receivers of Stolen Property, Shadowing the Suspects, Preparation of Case Diaries, Preparation of Final Reports/Charge Sheets, Prosecution, (Giving Evidence, Treatment of Witnesses, Experts' Witnesses), Investigation of Special Type of Crimes (Robbery and Dacoity, Burglary, Rioting, Murder, Motor Accidents, Criminal Breach of Trust, Cheating of Presentation, False Representation and Various Tricks etc.), Practical Exercise in Investigation, Memory Training, Good Observation, Description.

1. Forensic Medicine

Introduction, Scope and Importance of Forensic Medicine to Police, Examination of Scene of Occurrence from the Point of View of Medico-Legal Evidence, Methods of Establishment of Identity of Dead Person, Exhumation, Post-mortem Examination, Examination of Mutilated Bodies and Skeletal Remains, Method of Establishing Identity of Living Subjects including Determination of Age, Medico-Legal Aspects of Death, with Emphasis on Cause of Death-Distinction Between Homicidal, Suicidal, Accidental and Natural Deaths, Violent Asphyxial Deaths, by Hanging, Strangulation, Throttling, Suffocation and Drawning, Death from Starvation, Heat & Cold, Medico-Legal Aspects of Different Types of Wounds.
Caused by Firearms, Sharp-edged or Pointed Weapon, Burns and Scalds and Explosives, (Medico-legal Aspects of Death and Injuries Arising out of Traffic Accidents, or Drunken Driving.), Death and Injuries Caused by Lighting and Electricity, Sexual Offences-Rape, Criminal Abortion and Infanticide, Medico-legal Aspects of Poisons Commonly Used in India in the Commission of Crime (Living Subjects and Dead Bodies), Medico-legal Aspects of Insanity.

2. Forensic Science


Practicals

Lifting and Developing Latest Prints, Casting of Foot Prints, Photography of Crime Scene, Handling, Examining and Packing of Exhibits, Quality of Samples of Writings.

PAPER-VI Modern India And New Police Culture Periods : 65

The Indian Constitution, Preamble, Fundamental Duties and Fundamental Rights, The Concept of a Democratic, Socialist and Secular State, Disruptive Forces-Communalism, Regionalism, Fundamentalism, Extremism, Terrorism, Subversive Element Groups etc. , National Integration, Unity Admst Diversity, Threat to National Security and Integrity, Communal, Class, Caste Tension and Conflicts - Police Attitude and Role, Religion and Religious Institution, Changing Role of Police in the Context of Present Social Order and Need for Attitudinal and Behavioural Change in Police Work, The Role of a Sub-inspector as a

**Paper-VII Traffic Rules and Regulations Periods : 30**

The contents of the paper are the same as in the syllabus for the Lower School Course and Intermediate School Course. The broad structure of the paper is as follows:


Work Culture

Traffic Laws and Rules

Insurance for Motor Accidents Claim and Road Safety

Traffic Enforcement

Traffic Engineering

Highway and Road Courtesy

**Outdoor Training (280 Periods)**

Parade, P.T. and Musketry