KEY WORDS

Appropriate technologies : Suitable application of scientific knowledge for practical purposes.

Awareness : To make people know about a situation or facts.

B – nadip : Method of converting kitchen waste, green leaves, animal excreta into organic manure by spreading them as layer upon layer on a 7 feet by 8 feet piece of land normally in their fields. This gives valuable organic manure in around 8 months to substitute for costly chemical fertilisers. Also leading to cleanliness in village by converting waste into wealth.

Beneficiaries : Persons who benefit from the programme

Birth rate : Number of births in a year per thousand mid – year population

Campaign : An organized course of action to achieve a goal

Crude death rate : Number of deaths in a year per thousand people

Empowerment : To make people strong and confident and give them power to take their own decisions and implement them.

Habitation : Home or environment of people

Hygiene : Practice of keeping surroundings clean in order to prevent illness and disease

Infant mortality rate : Number of deaths of infants (within one year of birth).

Per capita Income : The national income divided by the population of the country or the average income per head.

Promote : To help something to happen

Sanitation : Keeping places clean and healthy

Sex ratio : The number of females per thousand males in the population.
Vermi-compost: Converting animal excreta into valuable organic manure using insects. State Governments give attractive subsidies to promote these which will also keep village roads clean by converting animal waste into wealth.