Appendix — I

Question Papers of English (Level 4)
## ตารางคะแนน

| ชั้น | ก | ข | ค | ง | จ | ก | ข | ค | ง | จ | ก | ข | ค | ง | จ | ก | ข | ค | ง | จ | ก | ข | ค | ง | จ |
| 1   |   | 26|   |   | 51|   | 76|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 2   |   | 27|   |   | 52|   | 77|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 3   |   | 28|   |   | 53|   | 78|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 4   |   | 29|   |   | 54|   | 73|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 5   |   | 30|   |   | 55|   | 80|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 6   |   | 31|   |   | 56|   | 81|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 7   |   | 32|   |   | 57|   | 82|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 8   |   | 33|   |   | 58|   | 83|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 9   |   | 34|   |   | 59|   | 84|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 10  |   | 35|   |   | 60|   | 85|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 11  |   | 36|   |   | 61|   | 86|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 12  |   | 37|   |   | 62|   | 87|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 13  |   | 38|   |   | 63|   | 88|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 14  |   | 39|   |   | 64|   | 89|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 15  |   | 40|   |   | 65|   | 90|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 16  |   | 41|   |   | 66|   | 91|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 17  |   | 42|   |   | 67|   | 92|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 18  |   | 43|   |   | 68|   | 93|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 19  |   | 44|   |   | 69|   | 94|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 20  |   | 45|   |   | 70|   | 95|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 21  |   | 46|   |   | 71|   | 96|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 22  |   | 47|   |   | 72|   | 97|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 23  |   | 48|   |   | 73|   | 98|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 24  |   | 49|   |   | 74|   | 99|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 25  |   | 50|   |   | 75|   |100|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
Head each of the following sentences carefully, and choose the work (a, b, c or d) which you think is correct. (100 Marks)

1. Thursday was _______ the machinist in the garage around the corner.
   a. that b. this c. the d. a

2. I'm sorry I _______ so late. My clock didn't go off.
   a. be b. am c. was d. had

3. The doorway _______ very dark, and John read at the names printed under the wall.
   a. be b. is c. was d. to be

4. Students working _______ their first degree at a university are called undergraduates.
   a. for b. on c. in d. at

5. Some _______ the students at these universities can live in a university hostel.
   a. of b. on c. in d. for

6. Weena tries to put _______ a little money each week towards her summer holidays.
   a. by b. for c. in d. on
1. There's no need to _____ so angry; keep your temper.
   a. be
   b. not
   c. have
   d. make

2. I wonder if you've mind _____ it?
   a. for writing
   b. to wait
   c. writing
   d. sit

3. We didn't let me _____ the piano.
   a. play
   b. playing
   c. to play
   d. could play

4. I've heard about the book, but I _____ it yet.
   a. don't read
   b. didn't read
   c. haven't read
   d. hadn't read

5. She had already told me she _____ possibly carry it, so I carried it for her.
   a. can't
   b. couldn't
   c. won't be able
   d. wouldn't able

6. Our letters _____ every morning at seven o'clock.
   a. allowed
   b. arrived
   c. delayed
   d. delivered

7. I can't stand that noise any longer. Either you _____ that drum.
   a. sell
   b. to sell
   c. have sold
   d. was sold

8. Someone _____ ill very suddenly in her house on Wednesday afternoon.
   a. fell
   b. got
   c. was got
   d. was fallen

9. Hurry up! The train _____ in five minutes. We don't want to miss.
   a. goes
   b. went
   c. will be gone
   d. leaves
16. ISSAV _____ very fine flowers in his garden.
   a. makes
   b. grow
   c. grew
   d. made

17. I _____ to go on to the next province. It's too late to turn back.
   a. shall have
   b. ought have
   c. have
   d. must

18. You _____ too old for tennis, Samat.
   a. are getting
   b. will get
   c. are remaining
   d. will begin

19. I want _____ you on your wedding.
   a. to congratulate
   b. to be congratulated
   c. congratulations
   d. congratulate

20. There is a lot of water on the. I think the washing machine _____ leaking.
   a. is
   b. has been
   c. must be
   d. have to be

21. Why has put a _____ in his mouth, and it away from him.
   a. toast
   b. towel
   c. tie
   d. button

22. Those boys threw a lot of stones at my house, but fortunately they broke
    only one _____.
   a. sheet
   b. pane
   c. slipper
   d. panel

23. All this year's graduates have found _____.
   a. employ
   b. employed
   c. employing
   d. employment

24. Where can I _____ the book?
   a. obtain
   b. obtained
   c. obtaining
   d. obtainable
25. I do not doubt your ______ to be the work.
   a. able
   b. be able
   c. ability
   d. capable

26. Does this ______ do it?
   a. concern
   b. concerned
   c. concerning
   d. concerning

27. How ______ do you intend to stay there?
   a. often
   b. soon
   c. long
   d. good

28. Chai is my brother. He is ______ than I am.
   a. elder
   b. older
   c. eldest
   d. oldest

29. Stop talking, ________?
   a. are you
   b. will you
   c. do you
   d. don't you

30. Stop ______. It's time for lunch.
   a. play
   b. playing
   c. to play
   d. played

31. I saw some people ______ towards the house.
   a. walked
   b. walking
   c. was walking
   d. were walking

32. There were at least ______ at the game.
   a. two thousand spectator
   b. two thousand spectators
   c. two thousands spectator
   d. two thousands spectators
Read this passage carefully.

Peoples held some beliefs in connection with Valentine's Day. One of the oldest beliefs said that birds choose their mates on February 15. The Roman celebrated their Feast of Lupercalia as a lover's festival for young people on February 15. Young men and women chose partners for the festival by drawing names by chance. Then the partners exchanged gifts as a sign of affection. They usually continued to enjoy one another's company long after the festival. Many such courtships ended in marriage.

After the spread of Christianity churchmen tried to give Christian meaning to the pagan festival. In 496, the Lupercalia festival was changed from February 15 to Saint Valentine's Day on February 14. But the sentimental meaning of the old festival has remained to the present time.

Choose the best answer: the letter a, b, c, or d.

31. What is the passage about?
   a. birds
   b. festival
   c. Saint Valentine's Day
   d. young men and women

32. What is the oldest belief?
   a. birds choose their mates
   b. the young people celebrated the festival on February 15
   c. the Roman celebrated their Feast of Lupercalia as a lover's festival
   d. young men and women chose partners for their festival

33. Who celebrated a lover's festival for the young on February 15?
   a. the oldest
   b. the Roman
   c. young people
   d. men and women

34. Who did they celebrate for?
   a. the oldest
   b. the Roman
   c. young people
   d. men and women
37. What do the young people do for the festival?
   a. drawing partners
   b. drawing names
   c. drawing faces
   d. drawing names by chance.

38. What did they do for a sign of affection?
   a. exchanged partners
   b. exchanged gifts
   c. exchanged cards
   d. exchanged love cards

39. Who tried to give Christian name to the pagan festival?
   a. churchmen
   b. Christians
   c. Saint Valentine
   d. the people

40. When the Lupercalia festival was changed?
   a. in 469
   b. in 496
   c. in 649
   d. in 964

41. What was the Lupercalia changed to?
   a. New Year's Day
   b. Christian's Day
   c. Sentimental's Day
   d. Saint Valentine's Day

42. What is the old festival remained today?
   a. Valentine's Day meaning
   b. Valentine's Day festival
   c. the sentimental meaning
   d. the festival meaning
When he was nineteen years old he made an exciting trip down the Mississippi River on a flatboat. He and the son of a man who hired him took a boat load of farm products to be sold in New Orleans. There, for the first time, Lincoln saw Negroes. Slavery was lawful in all of the U.S.

Choose the best answer to the letter a, b, c or d.

43. How old was he when he made a trip?
   a. 9    b. 29    c. 29    d. 30

44. He went to New Orleans?
   a. he and the son    b. he and a man
c. the son and a man    d. he and the son of a man

45. Who was he in the passage?
   a. the son    b. a man
c. Lincoln    d. Negroes

Put the given words in each sentence in the right order to make a complete sentence as example.

Example: the eggs red / we / coloured.
   a. we coloured the eggs red    b. the eggs red we coloured
c. the eggs we coloured red    d. we coloured the eggs red

46. you / do / which girl / love ?
   a. which girl you do love?
   b. do you love which girl ?
c. which girl do you love ?
   d. do girl which you love ?

47. he / made / unhappy / some
   a. he made he unhappy
   b. he made unhappy
   c. he made some unhappy
   d. he made me unhappy
40. a / pen friend / wrote to 
   a. a pen friend Wanida wrote to 
   b. wrote to Wanida a pen friend 
   c. Wanida wrote to a pen friend 
   d. pen friend wrote to a Wanida 

49. him / the judge / guilty / found 
   a. the judge found guilty him 
   b. the judge found him guilty 
   c. him found guilty the judge 
   d. The judge guilty found him 

50. reservation / set / Indian / has / the government 
   a. Indian set reservation the government has. 
   b. The government has Indian set reservation. 
   c. The government has Indian set reservation. 
   d. Indian has the government set reservation.