ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I owe my deep sense of gratitude to my worthy teacher, Senior Prof. K.S. Thind, Ph.D. (Wisconsin), F.N.I., for his able guidance, constructive criticism, valuable suggestions and encouragement during the course of present studies; but for his first hand knowledge of Indian fungi leading to the thought provoking discussions, this work would never have been accomplished in this form. Special thanks are due to Dr. P.N. Mehra, Senior Prof. & Head of the department of Botany, Panjab University, Chandigarh, for providing the best laboratory facilities and encouragement.

This work is a part of the project aimed at the study of the specified fungal flora of the North Western Himalayas, sponsored and financed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, vide grant No. FG-In-235, to Professor K.S. Thind, from the PL.480 funds. I am grateful to the U.S. Department of Agriculture for providing the financial assistance during the tenure of these studies.

I am deeply indebted to Dr. R.L. Gilbertson, College of Agriculture, University of Arizona, Tucson, U.S.A. and Dr. K.A. Harrison, Agriculture Research Station, Kentville, N.S., Canada, for sending duplicates of their collections.

Special thanks are due to my colleagues, Drs. S.S. Rattan and Harnek Singh, for their help in various ways during the preparation of this manuscript. I am thankful to M/s U.S. Kochhar and J.S. Dhill for their help in photography and to Mr. R.S. Kainth, for typing out the manuscript.

My thanks are due to many overseas workers who liberally sent the reprints of their publications which made this work possible.

(Harmandar Singh)

Botany Department,
Panjab University,
Chandigarh-14 (India).

March 31, 1970.