PART ONE: READING

I - Read the following text carefully.

Traveling Round Australia

Why not travel round Australia the cheap way? Youth hostelling is an excellent way of seeing the country without spending too much, and the Australia Youth Hostels Association offers you safe and low cost accommodation with hostels just about everywhere in Australia. You can go from a simple country hostel in the middle of nowhere to a modern new hostel right on the beach. You’ll find hostels in buildings that used to be farms, schools and even hotels. There are more than 150 in all, located in cities, the country and places of historical importance. Youth hostels are open for 24 hours a day. They all have kitchens where you can cook your meals and common rooms where you’ll meet travelers from all over the world. Blankets and pillows are provided and you can either your own sheets or hire them at the hostel. Overnight fees range from $10 to $24 per person for shared rooms and twin, double and family rooms are also available.
Ballarat

Youth hostels today are very different from the rather uncomfortable hostels of some years ago. In Ballarat, for example, a hostel has been opened in the old town where once people used to dig for gold. The accommodation offers large comfortable rooms at an affordable price. The rooms are suitable for individuals, families and groups, sleeping four to ten people with shared bathroom facilities for both men and women. You are also provided with blankets, limited cooking facilities and heating.

Canberra

Canberra’s youth hostel is perfectly situated and the staff have all the latest information about what's on in town to make sure you have a great stay. It is a warm and friendly hostel in a peaceful country setting, with first-rate facilities including kitchen, laundry and plenty of parking. It was described in the Lonely Planet Guide as 'the second most popular youth hostel worldwide'.

Undara National Park

Undara National Park contains Undara's Tent Village which has accommodation in tents as well as kitchens where you can cook your own food and a dining area with views over the countryside. There’s also the Park Hostel, which has low-cost shared rooms together with a restaurant, swimming pool, laundry, gift shop and hot and cold showers.

Barossa Valley

The Barossa Valley Hostel is an old farmhouse, now fully modernized. It has a kitchen with electric oven, microwave and refrigerator. The dining area looks out over the beautiful scenery and there are comfortable living areas with heating.

* Read the following statements. Decide if each statement is correct or incorrect according to the text. If it is correct, write A and if it is not correct, write B.

1 – There are youth hostels in nearly all parts of Australia. □
2 – Some youth hostels are also used as schools. □
3 – You can stay in a youth hostel all through the day. □
4 – Sheets for beds are provided free of charge. □
5 – Some youth hostels have single rooms. □
6 – Hostels are more comfortable now than they were in the past. □
The people below all want to go out for a meal. Next there are descriptions of eight places to eat. Decide which places (letters A–H) would be the most suitable for each person or family (numbers 1–5). Write the number of the person beside the suitable description in □.

1 – James likes unusual food from different parts of the world. He is celebrating his birthday and wants to invite a lot of family and friends, including some children. Some of the guests are smokers.

2 – Jane is a vegetarian, and doesn’t eat meat or fish, but her friend Pat doesn’t like vegetarian food. They both smoke. They haven’t seen each other for a long time, and want to go out to lunch together.

3 – John is a businessman. He never has much time and gets annoyed when he has to wait in restaurants. He likes most English and American food but he hates fish.

4 – Andrew and Tina want to go out for an Italian meal with their two small children. They don’t want to go anywhere where people will be smoking.

5 – Paul and Roger are going to watch a video at home with some friends, and they want some food for the evening. Paul doesn’t like Italian food.

□ A – The Curry House

A warm welcome awaits you at the only Indian restaurant in London. We provide a wide range of unusual curries and welcome families in our large non-smoking dining room. Special room with smoking area available for parties. Open from 7.00 p.m. until late.
B – New Garden Chinese Restaurant

Chinese food and English fish and chips served in our small dining area. Food is also available to take away at a 10% discount on menu prices. Fast service. Open daily except Sundays.

C – Bangkok City

Thai food in friendly and quiet non-smoking restaurant. The atmosphere is welcoming and the food is cooked only when you order it. A wide range of vegetarian and non-vegetarian choices means that this will be a very special evening for you to remember. Booking essential.

D – American Burger House

Food served in a moment! Why wait? Check out our prices! Children love our combination burger meals, all served with French fries and a soft drink. We are open from 11 a.m.–11 p.m. everyday except Sunday.

E – Jo’s Place

We offer a wide range of meals, including three different vegetarian dishes everyday. Try our speciality beef fillet steak, served with onions and mushrooms, only £5.99. Restaurant open daily from 1 a.m.

F – The Bluebell Inn

This historic building provides a wonderful setting for your evening out. Choose from our extensive menu which includes a variety of fresh fish dishes and Italian specialities. We have a no-smoking area. Unfortunately we do not cater for children.

G – Straw Hat Restaurant

It’s party time! Come and enjoy typically English dishes, such as roasted beef and Yorkshire pudding, and dance the night away. Live music every night except Monday. This is a great place for that special celebration! To a table phone 01322 467832.
**H – Pizza House**

Excellent pizzas cooked to order using a special Italian recipe, to eat in the restaurant or take away. Our traditional cooking methods mean you may have to wait a little longer, but the results are worth it. No smoking anywhere in the restaurant. Open daily for lunch and evening meals. Children’s menu available.

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**III – Read the texts below and choose the correct word for each space. For each question, mark the letter next to the correct answer – A, B, C or D. Before filling the blanks, answer the question above the text.**

- Is the text about someone who:
  - a) keeps mice as pets?
  - b) has a problem with mice?
  - c) wants to have a mouse?

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**A Cure for Mice**

We lived (0) an old house. It was big and comfortable, but there was one problem – mice! The house was (1) of them. Then my sister saw a small (2) in a magazine. It said, ‘Do you want a mouse-free house? For only £10.00 we will send you a (3) of equipment which never fails to work! We (4) you it will be 100% successful (5) you follow our instructions!’

Well, my sister thought this looked wonderful and she immediately (6) off her £10.00. Two days (7) a small parcel arrived. My sister unwrapped it excitedly. (8) it there were two square blocks of wood, (9) A and B, and a small sheet of paper. On the paper were the instructions: ‘Place mouse on block A. Hit mouse hard with block B.’ We (10) almost hear the mice laughing at us.

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<th>10</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>C</td>
<td>at</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>up</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>notice</td>
<td>B</td>
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<td>A</td>
<td>complete</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>full</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>crowded</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>made</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>piece</td>
<td>B</td>
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<td>A</td>
<td>say</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>promise</td>
<td>C</td>
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<td>tell</td>
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<td>as</td>
<td>B</td>
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<td>sent</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>threw</td>
<td>C</td>
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<td>D</td>
<td>gave</td>
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<td>since</td>
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<td>B</td>
<td>on</td>
<td>C</td>
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<td>can</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>could</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>will</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>might</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
**English Schools**

In England, most children (0) attend state schools, although about 12% are educated privately. All children start primary school (1) until they are five years old. At the age of 11 they move on to a secondary school, and they (2) must to stay there until they are 16. At this age they are allowed to leave school and look for a job. (4) However, many stay at school until they are 18 and then go on to further education.

The (5) school year begins in September and ends in July, and is divided into three terms. Students have a holiday at Christmas and Easter as well as a long (6) interval in the summer. The day normally (7) runs from 9.00 am to about 4.00 pm, and the pupils usually (8) take their lunch at school. Most schools (9) provide a hot meal, but some students bring sandwiches instead. There are often (10) activities after school, such as sports, drama clubs and music.

0 A – attend  B – go  C – follow  D – get
1 A – until  B – as  C – when  D – so
2 A – will  B – must  C – can  D – have
3 A – sent  B – ruled  C – made  D –
allowed
4 A – however  B – although  C – then  D – but
5 A – school  B – study  C – learning  D – teaching
6 A – space  B – interval  C – pause  D – break
7 A – studies  B – runs  C – goes  D – works
8 A – take  B – do  C – make  D – eat
9 A – pay  B – bring  C – provide  D – present
10 A – activities  B – games  C – plays  D – hobbies

**IV – Read the text and questions below. For each question, mark the letter next to the correct answer – A, B, C or D.**

**A Customer's Complaint**

Shops are full of attractive things to buy these days. But what are we actually paying for? I recently bought a large packet of chocolate biscuits of a brand I hadn’t tried before. When I opened it, I found each biscuit was wrapped individually in silver paper, then they were wrapped together in more paper, and then packed in a strong cardboard box, which was in turn wrapped
in plastic! By the time I had actually got at the biscuits, the table was covered in paper and I wasn't hungry any more. (This was probably just as well, as there were only eight biscuits in the packet.) And children's toys are even worse. It was my three-year-old son's birthday last week and at first he was excited to see so many presents all for him! But at the end of the party, when he had finally got through all the wrapping paper, cardboard boxes and plastic bags that they came in, he was too tired to play with any of them. Some of them were so well wrapped that he never did manage to open them, and when I tried to do it for him, I broke my fingernails. I hate to think of the amount of money all of this costs – and who ends up paying? The customer, that's who!

1 – What is the writer trying to do in this text?
   A – complain that supermarket food is unhealthy
   B – complain that children get too many toys
   C – complain that many things are too well wrapped
   D – complain that everything is too expensive nowadays

2 – What can the reader learn from this text?
   A – A large packet might not contain much food.
   B – It is best to buy food of a well-known brand.
   C – It is important to keep food clean and cry.
   D – Some food should not be given to very young children.

3 – How did the writer’s child feel at the end of his birthday party?
   A – He was disappointed with his presents.
   B – He was looking forward to playing with his presents.
   C – He was uninterested in his presents.
   D – He was excited about his presents.

4 – How did the writer break her fingernails?
   A – playing with her son
   B – clearing away the rubbish
   C – opening a parcel
   D – mending a broken toy
IN THE NAME OF GOD

Name and Family Name:
Age (exact date of birth):

PART TWO: VOCABULARY

1 – What’s the difference? Complete the sentences with the pairs of words below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>sofa/bed</th>
<th>carpet/mat</th>
<th>armchair/chair</th>
<th>curtains/blind</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cushion/pillow</td>
<td>light/lamp</td>
<td>fire/heater</td>
<td>button/switch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A) You find a ........ on a bed and a ........ on a armchair or a sofa.
B) A ........... is usually hard but an ........... is soft.
C) People sleep in a ........... and sit on a ...........
D) A ........... is in the ceiling but a ........... is on a desk or table.
E) A ........... is usually gas or electric, but a ........... uses wood or coal.
F) A ........... covers the whole floor but a ........... Just covers a small part of it.
G) You have two ........ at the window but usually only one ...........
H) You turn a ........ to put the light on or off, but you press a ........ on a CD player.

2 – The list below shows some things you can do in your spare time. Complete it with verbs from the box.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Do</th>
<th>Go (x3)</th>
<th>Help</th>
<th>Listen</th>
<th>Read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Play</td>
<td>Ride</td>
<td>Stay</td>
<td>Visit</td>
<td>Watch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 - ........ to music 7 - ........ a book or magazine
2 - ........ cards 8 - ........ TV
3 - ........ my bike 9 - ........ to cinema or club
4 - ........ friends and relations 10 - ........ my homework
5 - ........ for a walk 11 - ........ in bed late
6 - ........ out to a café or restaurant 12 - ........ with housework
3 – Complete the missing words.

a) Carrots, cauliflower, potatoes and beans are types of v___ s.
b) Tea, coffee, milk and juice are all non-alcoholic d___ s.
c) Rolls and toast are types of b___ d.
d) Lamb, beef, pork and chicken are all types of m___ t.
e) Tuna, salmon and cod are the names of three types of f___ h.
f) Salt, pepper and herbs are things we use for s___ g.
g) Oranges, apples and bananas are all f___ t.
h) Lettuce, tomatoes and cucumber are things we often eat in a s___ d.

4 – Which one does not belong in the group? Complete the sentence saying why it is different.

a) pasta   ice-cream   cake
   The odd one out is .......... Because it’s not a d___ t.
b) butter   cheese   egg
   The odd one out is .......... Because it’s not made of m___ k.
c) ducksausage   lettuce
   The odd one out is .......... Because it’s not m___ t.
d) carrot   spinach   salt
   The odd one out is .......... Because it’s not a v___ e.
e) milk tea   bread
   The odd one out is .......... Because it’s not a d___ k.

5 – Put the words from the list below into what you think is the best column.

postcard   sun-cream   botle of water   T-shirt   picture
necklace   sun hat   scarf
book       guidebook
6 – Order the letters to make a title for each picture below. Write it under the correct picture.

a) gnsiu a mouctre
b) ngiatipn a iepercut
c) niiksg
d) gynlipa het atuigr
e) roahgyhotp

- Match the words to the pictures. Write the number of the pictures in the suitable boxes.

Camera ☐ Music ☐
Paints ☐ Computer ☐
Brush ☐ Skis ☐
Guitar ☐ Mouse ☐
Film ☐
7 – Complete the names of these sports. Then complete the following sentences with a verb from the box.

kick  jump  balance
hold  row  catch
hit    throw

a) You sometimes have to ........... on a piece of wood that is only 6 cm wide.
b) You should always ........... The stick with both hands.
c) You have to ........... over a high bar.
d) The players have to ........... an oval ball to one another.
e) Someone hits a ball, and the people in the other team have to try to ........... it.
f) Eleven players have to ........... a round ball to one another.
g) You have to ........... a ball over a net with your hands.
h) You have to ........... a boat as fast as you can towards the winning line.

8 – There are nine words hidden in the box. They are all things people do on holiday. Use the pictures to help you find the words. Then write the correct word under each picture.

S F D A N C E Z S
I C I F G K M T U
G G U S C T R T N
H E E B H Y E R B
T R X S V H L A A
S D P Y W A A V T
E G L I H I X E H
E J O C P D M L E
V M R B D F M V I
N I E H C Y C L E

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