CONFIDENTIAL

A Group-Test of General Mental Ability (20-52)
( A Point Scale for Adults)

Do not write anything on this booklet, nor mark it
in anyway. All your answers go on the Answer Sheet.

DIRECTIONS

This is a test of General Mental Ability. You
will have 25 minutes to do it. There are 11 pages of
this test with 100 questions. Examples of the various
types of problems set in this test will be explained
to you before you start on the Test Proper. All
questions are in simple language. In each case alter-
native answers are given and what you have to do is
simply to choose the right answers and write its
number on the Answer Sheet. Thus the answer to each
question is always a number. So there is not much
writing work to be done. There is only one correct
answer to each question and each correct answer carries
one mark. Time is rather short, and it is very rare
for a person to complete all the test. So you should
work very quickly and solve accurately as many as you
can. Hence, if you find any problem to be too difficult
for your type of knowledge, then do not spend much time
over it and you may pass on to the next one.

Start when you are told, and go on as fast as you can.

Now turn over and see the EXAMPLES of the problems set
in the set.

EXAMPLES FOR PRACTICE.

Answers are given in the Answer Sheet, Column Examples.

A few examples of the type of questions asked in this
Test are given below. Answers to these examples are given
on the Answer Sheet.

Now let us try these Examples:

1. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7. What number comes next?
   (1) 8, (2) 7, (3) 6, (4) 9, (5) 5
2. Rich means the same as
   (1) Big, (2) Healthy, (3) Wealthy, (4) Full, (5) Old
   2
3. Find the sum of the two smaller numbers and subtract from it the largest among these numbers: 3, 4, 5.
   (1) 6, (2) 4, (3) 5, (4) 1, (5) 2
   3
4. Thick means the opposite of
   (1) Buck, (2) Hate, (3) Skin, (4) Thin, (5) Small.
   4
5. If kitten is small than its mother write the figure of 8, otherwise write the figure 4.
   5
6. Which of these five is different from the rest?
   (1) Sweet, (2) Red, (3) Yellow, (4) Blue, (5) Green
   6
7. A boy is to a girl as a man is to a
   (1) Cat, (2) Furl, (3) Woman, (4) Child, (5) Toy
   7
8. Three pillars, A, B and C are standing in a row.
   If B is on the left of A and C on the right of A, which pillar is in the middle?
   (1) A, (2) B, (3) C.
   8
9. The game of cricket is more expensive than the game of hockey. The game of football is less expensive than the game of badminton. If the game of cricket be more expensive than the game of badminton but less expensive than the game of tennis; which of these games is the most expensive?
   (1) Cricket, (2) Hockey, (3) Football, (4) Badminton, (5) Tennis.
   9
10. Trees are useful to us, because
    (1) they have leaves,
    (2) they provide us with wood; and
    (3) birds sit upon them.
    10

You may ask any questions you like and remove all your doubts now.

Test Paper

All answers go on Answer Sheet column page I.

1. Asleep means the opposite of
2. Money is useful to us, because
   (1) it is made of silver,
   (2) it can be easily carried in a purse,
   (3) it can be put into the bank,
   (4) it can be exchanged for the goods we need.
3. Wax means the opposite of
4. Rats are very dangerous to us, because:
   (1) they are common carriers of plague germs,
   (2) they frighten us in the dark,
   (3) they dig holes in our houses,
   (4) they bite persons who sleep on the floor.
5. Weather means the same as
6. Grass is to green as rose is to
7. Which one of these things is different from the rest?
8. Short is to tall as Day is to
   (1) Sport, (2) Night, (3) Tall, (4) Light, (5) work.
9. 18, 16, 14, 12, 10, ..., What number comes next?
   (1) 12, (2) 10, (3) 14, (4) 8, (5) 6.
10. Quarrel means the same as
11. Krishna is taller than Gopal. Suresh is shorter than
    Krishna. Who is tallest?
    (1) Krishna, (2) Gopal, (3) Suresh, (4) Ram.
12. Which one of these five is different from the rest?
    (1) Merchant, (2) Hindu, (3) Christian, (4) Muslim,
    (5) Bombay.
13. Camel is to desert as ship is to
    (1) Hump, (2) Oasis, (3) Sailor, (4) Sea, (5) Compass.
14. Which one of these five is different from the rest?
    (1) Dog, (2) Crow, (3) Bullock, (4) Fox, (5) Horse.
15. Mr. Tom is wiser than his son Dick. Mary is duller
    than her mother Mrs. Tom. Mr. Tom is wiser than Mrs. Tom.
Who is the wisest?

(1) Mr. Tom (2) Dick (3) Mary, (4) Mrs. Tom.

16. Which one of these five is different from the rest?

17. 3, 5, 7, 9, 11,... What number comes next?
(1) 12, (2) 13, (3) 10, (4) 2, (5) 15.

18. We should not beat and hurt others, because
(1) we are cultured human beings.
(2) we may be hurt in the process.
(3) medical aid is not readily available.
(4) beating is usually unconvincing.

19. 4, 13, 22, 31, 40,... What number comes next?
(1) 47, (2) 51, (3) 49, (4) 31, (5) 53.

20. Coarse means the opposite of
(1) Source, (2) Colour, (3) Fine, (4) Court, (5) Grain.

21. A Cow is to a calf as goat is to

22. Dull means the opposite of

23. Which one of these five is different from the rest?

24. If a man's younger brother is younger than his father write the figure 5, if not then write the figure 6.

25. Which one of these five is different from the rest?

26. 4, 8, 16, 32, 64,... What number comes next?
(1) 65, (2) 76, (3) 80, (4) 48, (5) 128

27. If a mistif has greater responsibility than an engineer, Write the figure 4, if not, then write the figure 7.

28. Peace is to white as war is to
(1) Soldier, (2) Snow, (3) Black, (4) Business, (5) Church.
29. Write the figure of 6, if the double of five is equal to nine if not and the half of eight is four, then write the figure 5, otherwise write figure 4.

30. Which one of these five is different from the rest?
   (2) Customer (3) Clerk (4) Peon (5) Director

31. If a Captain is more important than the sergeant, write the figure 3; if not then write the figure 4.

32. The river Amazon is longer than the river Nile.
   The river Sind is shorter than the River Nile, but the river Nile is longer than the river Ganges, the river Ganges, however, is shorter than the river Sind. Which of these is the shortest?
   (1) Amazon, (2) Nile (3) Sind, (4) Ganges.

33. Write on the answer sheet the figure of 7, if the month of July comes before the month of May, but if the month of March comes before the former write the figure 6.

34. Add the two large numbers and divide the result by the smallest of these numbers: 6, 3, 9.
   (1) 2 (2) 1 (3) 18 (4) 3 (5) 5.

35. Grapes are sweeter than mangoes. Apples are sweeter than oranges. Mangoes are sweeter than apples. Which is the sweetest fruit?

36. If today is Sunday write the figure 7, but if not and Friday comes before Wednesday, write the figure 8, however, if Tuesday comes after Monday write the figure 4.

37. Man is to mouth, as bird is to:
   (1) hands, (2) Claws, (3) Beak, (4) Eyes (5) Wings.

38. If the month of October comes after November, write the figure 8, but if the month of September comes before August write the figure 9, otherwise write 7.

39. Buying is to selling as spending is to:
   (2) Surplus, (2) Essentials, (3) Building, (4) Saving (5) Luxury.
40. Which one of these five is different from the rest? (1) Soda-Fountain, (2) Restaurant, (3) House, (4) Hotel, (5) Coffee-house.

41. The Peas' Cyclopaedia is lighter than the Oxford Dictionary. The Chamber's Dictionary is lighter than Bhargava's Dictionary. The Oxford Dictionary is equal to Chamber's Dictionary. Which is the lightest Dictionary? (1) Peas' Cyclopaedia (2) Oxford (3) Chamber's (4) Bhargava's

42. Hand is to Fingers as Foot is to: (1) Leg, (2) Nails, (3) Arm, (4) Toes, (5) Soles.

43. Multiply the largest number by the difference between the two smaller ones among these numbers; 1, 8, 3.
(1) 32, (2) 40, (3) 21, (4) 8, (5) 16.

44. 23, 18, 14, 11, 9 .... What number comes next?
(1) 8, (2) 11, (3) 4, (4) 7, (5) 10.

45. Green means the same as :
(1) Good, (2) Lean, (3) Cry, (4) Grape, (5) Great.

46. 5, 12, 18, 23, 28 .... What number comes next?
(1) 30, (2) 28, (3) 26, (4) 31, (5) 34.

47. Which one of these five is different from the rest?

48. 5, 13, 22, 32, 43 .... What number comes next?
(1) 44, (2) 53, (3) 51, (4) 55, (5) 52.

49. If the rain falls before the clouds come, write on your answer-sheet the figure 4, but if it is the heat of the sun that helps the formation of clouds, write the figure 5, otherwise simply write the figure 6.

50. Tax means the same as:

51. Nose is to Tongue as Smelling is to:
(1) Hearing, (2) Eyes, (3) Touching, (4) Roses, (5) Tasting.

52. Which one of these five is different from the rest?
(1) Sitala, (2) Darjeeling, (3) Gaya, (4) Mahabaleswar, (5) Octaganum.

53. Principle means the same as:

54. Valour means the same as:
(1) Pacific, (2) Law, (3) Princely, (4) Multiple, (5) Priceless

55. Oranges are prescribed for the sick, because:
55. Oranges are prescribed for the sick, because:
(1) they contain vitamin C.
(2) they are pleasing in colour.
(3) they provide vegetable food to the patient.
(4) they are sweet fruits.

56. Final means the opposite of:

57. Which one of these five is different from the rest?
(1) Rice, (2) Loaves, (3) Fruits, (4) Biscuits, (5) Toast.

58. 4, 8, 24, 96,... What number comes next?
(a) 97, (2) 288, (3) 480, (4) 384, (5) 192.

59. We have four wooden poles, $A, B, C,$ and $D$. If $A$ is longer than $C$, $B$ is smaller than $D$ and $C$ is longer than $D$, which is the smallest pole?
(1) A, (2) B, (3) C, (4) D.

60. 2, 5, 11, 20, 32,... What number comes next?
(1) 47, (2) 44, (3) 33, (4) 38, (5) 35.

61. Give the sum of the smallest and the middle one of these numbers: 2, 5, \( \sqrt{6} \), (1), 6, (2), 10, (3), 7, (4), 13, (5), 15.

62. Which one of these five is different from the rest?

63. In a Railway compartment one gentleman was saying: The Germans are more sportive than the Irish. The French are more sportive than the Poles and the Poles are less sportive than the Irish. If the Germans are less sportive than the English and the French are less sportive than the Germans; which of these groups is the most sportive according to the gentleman?
(1) German (2) Irish (3) French (4) Poles (5) English.

64. Which one of these five is different from the rest?
(1) Bengali, (2) Hindustani, (3) Madrasi, (4) Gujarati (5) Maratha.
65. Boats are to horses as sailing is to:
   (1) Rowing, (2) Cavalry, (3) road, (4) Riding, (5) Navy.
66. 12, 23, 35, 48, 62,... what number comes next?
   (1) 76, (2) 77, (3) 82, (4) 93, (5) 71
67. Cycle is to pedal as canoe is to:
   (1) Ship, (2) River, (3) Car, (4) Hill, (5) Road.
68. Urban means the same as:
   (1) Rural, (2) Turban (3) (3) Laugh, (4) Metropolitan
       (5) Council.
69. Which one of these five is different from the rest?
   (1) Showing, (2) Publishing (3) Painting (4) Expressing
       (5) Observing.
70. Reckless is to hasty as cautious is to:
   (1) Champion, (2) Brave, (3) Wise, (4) Slow, (5) Air-mail
71. Criminals are punished because:
   (1) it restores the violated dignity of law.
   (2) the criminals are wasters.
   (3) they tried to hide their crimes.
   (4) on suffering punishment they begin to repent.
72. The Sun-light is brighter than the gas-light. The
    electric-light is brighter than the candle-light.
    If the moon-light is brighter than the electric-light
    and the sun-light is darker than the moon-light,
    which of these is the brightest light?
   (1) Sun-light, (2) Gas-light, (3) Electric-light, (4)
       Candle-light, (5) Moon-light.
73. Intricate means the opposite of
   (1) Delicate, (2) Complex, (3) Simple, (4) Intrinsic,
       (5) Intriguing.
74. Day is to rest as night is to:
75. If I comes before G, write the figure 5, but if I
    comes after F then write the figure 7, otherwise
    write the figure 6.
76. Picture is to music as seeing is to:
77. If P comes after D, then write the figure 2, but if R comes before T, then write the figure 5, otherwise write the figure 3.

78. Which one of these five is different from the rest?

79. Subtract the smaller number from the largest and multiply the result by the smallest of these numbers: 5, 8, 3.
   (1) 15, (2) 9, (3) 25, (4) 16, (5) 39.

80. 3, 3, 4, 6, 9, ..., what number comes next?
   (1) 12, (2) 10, (3) 8, (4) 15, (5) 13.

81. Which one of these five is different from the rest?

82. Reference means the opposite of:

83. Opulence means the same as:

84. Which one of these five is different from the rest?
   (1) Accepting, (2) Receiving, (3) Giving, (4) Obtaining, (5) Buying.

85. If T comes after W, then write the figure 5, but if P comes before N, then write the figure 7, unless K comes after H in which case write the figure 6, otherwise write the figure 8.

86. Which one of these five is different from the rest?

87. School is to workshop as student is to:

88. Write down the largest number which when multiplied by the number one less than it gives a product greater by one than 19:
   (1) 4, (2) 6, (3) 5, (4) 10, (5) 3.
89. Dog is to horse as kennel is to:
   (1) Puppy, (2) Chain, (3) Mare, (4) Race, (5) stable
90. Salient means the same as:
   (1) Saline, (2) Lenient, (3) Merciful, (4) Outstanding
91. Vileness is to charming as beauty is to:
   (1) Truth, (2) Attractive, (3) Repulsive, (4) Distracting
   (5) Aggressive.
92. Hydro-electric projects are popular now-a-days because:
   (1) People wish to use electrical appliances.
   (2) it is possible to build very high dams.
   (3) young men can easily learn electricity.
   (4) coal-mining is distasteful to labour.
93. Five labourers, A, B, C, D and E were employed in a certain field. The speed of A's work was faster than B's work. B's work was two times as fast as D's speed but less than C's speed. If B's speed was two times as fast as A's speed, and three times as fast as E's speed, who was the fastest worker (1) A, (2) B, (3) C, (4) D, (5) E.
94. Subtle means the same as:
   (1) Shrewd, (2) Mysterious, (3) Seldom, (4) Mobile, (5) Shaky
95. If Q comes before L, then write the figure 3, but if M comes after G then write the figure 6, unless S comes after L in which case write the figure 8.
96. Cricket is to hurdles as team is to:
   (1) Sport, (2) Individual, (3) Racing, (4) Captain, (5) Umpire
97. 1, 5, 3, 6, 5, 7,... what number comes next?
   (1) 6, (2) 5, (3) 4, (4) 8, (5) 7.
98. Mary means the opposite if
   (1) Foolhardy, (2) Hairy, (3) Warring, (4) Sanguine, (5) Dependent
99. I went to the market for certain purchases. I purchased a pen, a book, a radio, a bicycle, and car. The cost of the book is four times less than the cost of radio but two times as much as the cost of the bi-cycle. The cost of the car is three-fourth of the bi-cycle. If the pen's cost is more than the bi-cycle and two-third
of the book, which of these is the cheapest article?
(1) Book, (2) Radio, (3) Bi-cycle, (4) car (5) pen.

100. A payment of Rs. 200/= with a half-yearly increase
of 50/= is (1) lower than, (2) the same as,
(3) higher than a payment of Rs. 400/= with a yearly
increase of Rs. 100/=.

(If you have time, go back and improve your work)