Most of the farmers are engaged in agricultural/farming activities alone, but very few are having subsidiary occupation either in farm business or some other activities. Hence, more study should be conducted to compare the above two categories and formulate a suitable plan for motivating them. Such motivation training programmes should be aimed to make them to engage themselves in such subsidiary occupation.

Women are contributing a vital role in agricultural progressiveness. So more studies about women's share in agricultural decision-making and farm management practices should be studied exclusively.

APPLICATIONS OF THE STUDY

The agricultural progressiveness in India is confined to a limited number of farmers, since majority of the farmers are very much lacking in the knowledge about the recent scientific development in farming and other agricultural matters. In this study some facts are drawn out which would help us to get a clear picture of the farming community and their slackness in innovations in farming. So this study will help the Planners, Agricultural Officers, Rural Development and Voluntary agencies to effectively implement their agricultural and rural development programmes. Further, the study gives a blue-print of the farmers level of agricultural progressiveness belonging to different geographical areas, so that it will help to prepare special as well as master plans for equal agricultural development. Further, it will also helps to improve the entrepreneurial behaviour of the rural people by giving proper guidance and training.


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