6.00 Adverbs :

6.1 Adverbs : The adverbs are generally based on nouns, pronouns, adjectives and other adverbial expressions. These are of two types: regular and irregular. Regular adverbs are derived from verb bases and are capable of receiving a kind of characteristics inflectional suffixes. Irregular adverbs have nominal or adjectival correlations. The following are the adverbs of Tiwa speech.

6.1.1 Adverb of time :

- tāo 'today', 'now'
- khana 'yesterday'
- khanānā 'tomorrow'
- ethālā, ethā 'now'
- chakhāl, pakhālā 'when' (future)
- pakhāl 'when' (past)
- sane 'day before yesterday'
- sanenā 'day after tomorrow'
- akhanā 'after a while'
6.1.2 Adverb of place:

sāhā 'next month'
chalān 'soon'
āgene 'old days'
bimana 'then'
pasara 'next year'
pākhal khine 'some times'
tinphudi 'every day'
āgo 'before'
tasana 'after a while'

hew 'here'
pajin 'to where'
patho 'where'
khandao 'near'
chau 'on', 'above'
nin 'inside'
6.1.3 Adverb of manner:

- ekpare 'immediately'
- phustuñe 'rapidly'
- chālān chālān 'quickly'
- thrup 'quietly'
- krip krip 'slowly'
- tep tep 'slowly'