Each and everyday we are getting information about poaching of tigers, seizure of animal body parts by police or killing of herbivores by villagers in our newspapers. Wild animals are now struggling for their existence from crime against them all most every part of world. Birds are nearing extinction due to rapid felling of trees and filling of water bodies in the country. Due to extinction of wildlife ecological balances are being lost and loss of biodiversity is causing damage to environment. So, present study on conservation of wildlife has been chosen by the researcher to give an emphasis on maintaining of ecological balance by the process of law. In order to do that creating awareness amongst general masses should be a major task of the nation.

The main causes of destruction of wildlife are overpopulation, urbanization and above all unrestricted life style of human being which are very much adverse to the basic rule of ecology. All over the world the scenario is same but the developing and the under developed countries including India are suffering much. This declination of wildlife population is the major threat in human environment and their existence is now most important challenge before human beings for their own survival. Various human activities like felling of trees, filling of water bodies, wetland destruction, pollution in coastal waters and estuaries, destruction of coral reefs, over fishing, heavy use of pesticides and herbicides etc are a serious threat for existence of mother earth. For ignoring natural order by man, the nature is now taking revenge by way of calamities including floods, famine, acid rain or global warming.
India is very rich in natural resources with mountains, seas, rivers, lakes, forests and precious wildlife. But in the name of development and economic growth resources are being exploited by the people of the country and also the foreign nationals. It is expected that this attempt of researcher would be meaningful in formulating effective legal mechanism to resolve the conflict between ecology and development in India. It will also help the society to realise constitutional objectives that all present generations have pious obligation to develop and conserve the natural resources of the nation in the best possible way for the future generations.

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