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Fig. 2: Photographs showing well-developed tumor. Large encapsulated and lobulated subcutaneous mass which is not adhered to the skin and intestine. Dark spot marks zone of hemorrhage.

Fig. 3: Photomicrograph from tumor showing zone of necrosis, increased vascularization and hemorrhage. Large numbers of hyperchromatic mesenchymal cells with features of soft tissue sarcoma are present. Some hyperchromatic cells arranged in glandular form also. H&E, X200

Fig. 4: Photomicrograph from tumor showing soft tissue sarcoma. It shows large pleomorphic; hyperchromatic spindle shaped cells with anisonucleosis and irregularly dispersed chromatin. Some inflammatory cells are also seen. H&E, X400

Fig. 5: Photomicrograph from tumor after treatment with free form of anti-cancer drug. It shows features of sarcoma with mild response after treatment in the form of reduced vascularity, zones of necrosis as well as infiltration by some inflammatory cells. H&E, X100

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Fig. 7: Photomicrograph from tumor after treatment with Tuftsin associated liposomised drug. It reveals best therapeutic response in terms of marked reduction in sarcomatous cells, vascularity and hemorrhage. Appearance of large number of inflammatory cells and adipose connective tissue are also seen. H&E, X200

Fig. 8: Survival rate of animals treated with various formulations against soft tissue sarcoma.