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The Khasis still adhere to its old primitive practices of matrilineal while the Mizos are following a Patrilineal system. The aim of the study was to compare these two different social systems and how it affects the upbringing of boys and girls. Therefore, the study was undertaken with a view to examine the Parent-Child Relationship, adjustment and education as perceived by the children of these two communities. The topic as mentioned above was selected with a hope that it will definitely help the Khasi and Mizo parents to improve their interaction and relationship with children. The study itself was a family survey research. The investigator records his acknowledgement of thanks and appreciation to Dr. P.P. Golulanathan, Prof and Dean of School of Education, North Eastern Hills University, for his continuous help, supervision, inspiration and encouragement till the completion of the work.
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Kynsai Maxillian Warjri

Department of Education, School of Education, North Eastern Hills University, SHILLONG