CHAPTER-1: INTRODUCTION
1.1- Animal-sediment relationships 1
1.2- Aim of this study 1
1.3- The region of Kachchh 2
  1.3.1- communication 3
  1.3.2- Climate 3
  1.3.3- Geology 4
  1.3.4- The Gulf of Kachchh 7
1.4 Study area 9
  1.4.1- Location 9
  1.4.2- Site Description 9
    1.4.2.1- Wind Farm Site 9
    1.4.2.2- Rawal Pir Site 10
    1.4.2.3- Modwa Spit site 10
1.5 Previous work 11

CHAPTER-2: TECHNIQUES
2.1 Introduction 13
2.2 Grain size analysis 13
2.3 Relief Peels 14
2.4 Coring 14
  2.4.1 PVC tube cores 15
  2.4.2 Box cores 15
  2.4.3 Plate cores 16
  2.4.4 Other cores 16
2.5 X-ray radiography 17
2.6 Burrow cast 17
2.7 Collecting animals 17
2.8 Preserving animals 18
  2.8.1 Polychaetes 18
  2.8.2 Crustaceans 18
2.9 Physico-chemical analysis of the water and substrate 19
  2.9.1 Temperature 19
  2.9.2 Dissolved Oxygen 19
2.10 Photographic Documentation 20
CHAPTER-3: GEOMORPHOLOGY
3.1 Kachchh coastal plains
  3.1.1 Cuspate foreland
  3.1.2 Beach
  3.1.3 Ridge-Runnel System
  3.1.4 Flat intertidal
  3.1.5 Shore Platforms
  3.1.6 Spits
  3.1.7 Berms
  3.1.8 Intertidal Lagoons
  3.1.9 Raised beaches
  3.1.10 Dunes
3.2 Tectonic geomorphology
  3.2.1 Holocene Tectonics
  3.2.2 Coastal Upliftment
3.3 Ichnologic applications in Tectonics

CHAPTER-4 SEDIMENTOLGY
4.1 Introduction
4.2 Grain size variation
4.3 Sediment trigons
4.4 Primary sedimentary structures
  4.4.1 Plane bed laminations
  4.4.2 Hummocky and Swaley cross stratification
  4.4.3 3-D subaqueous dunes
  4.4.4 Nascent Dunes
  4.4.5 Anti dunes
  4.4.6 Ripple marks
  4.4.7 Rill marks
  4.4.8 Air trap structures
    4.4.8.1 Sand domes
    4.4.8.2 Mound and Pits
    4.4.8.3 Sand Holes
    4.4.8.4 Bubble sand/ cavernous sands
  4.4.9 Dune cross stratification
  4.4.10 Soft sediment deformation structures
4.5 Intertidal facies
  4.5.1 Beach sub facies
  4.5.2 Ridge sub facies
  4.5.3 Runnel sub facies
  4.5.4 Supratidal sub facies
  4.5.5 Lagoonal facies
4.6 Substrate Consistency
  4.6.1 Soup ground substrate and feeding types
  4.6.2 Soft ground substrate and feeding types
  4.6.3 Firm ground substrate and feeding types
  4.6.4 Hard ground substrate and feeding types
CHAPTER-5 TAXONOMY AND TROPHIC GROUP ANALYSIS

5.1 Crustaceans 71
5.2 Taxonomy 72
5.3 Polychaetes 79
5.4 Taxonomy 80
5.5 Trophic group analysis 87
  5.5.1 Functional morphology 89
  5.5.2 Feeding guilds 92
  5.5.3 Location of food resources 94
  5.5.4 Trophic categories 95
    5.5.4.1 Deposit feeders 95
    5.5.4.2 Interface feeders 96
    5.5.4.3 Surface deposit feeders 97
    5.5.4.4 Shallow tier deposit feeders 97
    5.5.4.5 Middle tier deposit feeders 97
    5.5.4.6 Deep tier deposit feeders 98
    5.5.4.7 Suspension feeders 98

CHAPTER-6 NEOICHNOLOGY

6.1 Introduction 99
6.2 Recent biogenic sedimentary structures 99
6.3 Problems with recent Neoichnological taxonomy 101
6.4 Crustacean activity 103
  6.4.1 Pellet making activity 103
  6.4.2 Burrowing activity 108
    6.4.2.1 Burrows of Ocypode 110
    6.4.2.2 Burrows of Oratosquilla 119
    6.4.2.3 Trauma behavior 121
  6.4.3 Crawling traces (Repichnia) 121
6.5 Polychaete traces 122
  6.5.1 Burrowing activity 124
    6.5.1.1 Dichotomously branched forms 124
    6.5.1.2 Fecal strings/mounds 125
    6.5.1.3 U-shaped forms 129
    6.5.1.4 Agglutinated tube 132
    6.5.1.5 Group funnel burrows 134
    6.5.1.6 Y/I shaped burrows 134
    6.5.1.7 Calcitic tubes 137
    6.5.1.8 Polychaete sand reef 139
  6.6 Nemertea 139
6.7 Gastropod Archeotectonica laeviegata 141