CONTENTS

Preface

Statement

Abreviations

CHAPTER I 1-33

INTRODUCTORY

The concept of Image and Temple and the gradual
development of Temple - architecture in India - Image -
worship and its antiquity in India - Hindu concept of
Image and image-worship - Vedic deities and popular
Hindu deities - Jaina concept of image and image-worship -
Buddhist concept of image and image-worship - The concept
and nomenclatures of Temple - Origin and early development
of the temple in India

The antiquity and development of Temple - architecture in Gujarat

The component parts of Brahmanical and Jaina temples
in Gujarat - Horizontal parts: Garbhagṛha - Antarāla -
Pradaksinā patha - mandapa - śṛṅgāra cokī - vertical
parts: pītha - Mandovara - Śikhara - Śukanāsa -
CHAPTER II

A BRIEF SURVEY OF THE PRE-MUGHAL TEMPLES IN GUJARAT

Temples built during the Pre-Caulukyan times -

Classification according to the superstructure of garbhagriha:
- Phamsakara or Phamsanakara - Gandharic, Pseudo-Dravidian and Surphobhava - Vimansakara, Pseudo-Dravidic and Neo-Dravidic - Sikharanvita, Proto-Nagara, Eo-Nagara and Early Nagara - Valabhiphandaja - Classification according to the ground-plan:
- Ekayatana, Dvyayatana, Tryayatana and Caturayatana - Anekayatanas - Trayaayatanas - Paancaayatanas - Saptayaayatanas

Temples built during the Caulukyan time - Ekayatana:
- EkangI-DvyangI-TryangI-CaturangI-PancaangI and SadaangI-
- Anekayatana (Hindu): Dvyayatana - Tryayatana - Paancaayatana - Saptayaayatana - Anekayatana (Jaina) - Tryayatanas - Temples - complexes with devakulikas - Catur-Vimsati- Jinalaya -
Bāvan Jinālaya - Bonter Jinālaya

Temples built during the Sultanate Period - Ekāyatana - Tryāṅgi - Caturāṅgi - Pañcāṅgi - Sadaṅgi - Anekāyatana; Pañcāyatanas - Covīs Jinālaya - Bāvan Jinālaya - Miscellaneous Temples

CHAPTER III

THE HISTORICAL SURVEY OF THE HINDU AND THE JAINA TEMPLES BUILT IN GUJARAT DURING THE MUGHAL PERIOD

Gujarat under the rule of the Mughal Emperors -

Historical Survey of the temples - The Survey according to epigraphic and literary sources - Temples built during the reign of Akbar (1572-73 A.D. to 1605 A.D.) - Temples built during the reign of Jahangir (1605 A.D. to 1627 A.D.) - Temples built during the reign of Shah Jahan (1628 A.D. to 1658 A.D.) - Temples built during the reign of Aurangzeb (1658 A.D. to 1707 A.D.) - Temples built during the reign of Shah Alam I (Bahadur Shah) (1707 A.D. to 1712 A.D.) - Temples built during the reign of Farrukh-Siyar (1713 A.D. to 1719 A.D.) - Temples built during the reign of Muhammad Shah (1719 A.D. to 1748 A.D.) - Temples built during the reign of Ahmed(Shah
(1748 A.D. to 1754 A.D.) - Temples built during the reign of Alamgir II (1754 A.D. to 1759 A.D.) - Survey according to other sources

CHAPTER IV

THE ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTABLE TEMPLES

Ekayatana: Temples of the usual type - Ekāṇgī - Dvyaṅgī: Temple consisting of a garbhāgraṇa and an antarāla - Temples consisting of a garbhāgraṇa and a sabhāmandapa each - Temples consisting of a garbhāgraṇa and a gūḍha- mandapa each - Tryaṅgī: Temple consisting of a garbhāgraṇa, an antarāla and a cokī - Temple consisting of a garbhāgraṇa, two sabhāmandapas and two cokīs - Temple consisting of a garbhāgraṇa, a pradaksināṇāpatha and a gūḍha- mandapa - Temples consisting of a garbhāgraṇa, an antarāla and a gūḍha- mandapa each - Caturangī: Temples consisting of a garbhāgraṇa, an antarāla, a sabhāmandapa and a cokī each - Temples consisting of a garbhāgraṇa, an antarāla, a gūḍha- mandapa and a cokī each - Paṇcāṅgī: Temples consisting of a garbhāgraṇa, an antarāla, a pradaksināṇāpatha, a sabhāmandapa and a cokī each - Temples consisting of a garbhāgraṇa, a pradaksināṇāpatha, an antarāla, a gūḍha- mandapa and cokīs - Temples of the Caumukha type - Tryaṅgī - Temple consisting of a
garbhagṛha, a colonnaded corridor and cokīs - Catuṣṭāṅgal
Temple consisting of a garbhagṛha, a gūḍhamāṇḍapa, a
colonnaded corridor and cokīs

Anekāyatana: Tryāyatana - Temple consisting of
three garbhagṛhas and a sabhāmāṇḍapa - Temples consisting
of three garbhagṛhas and a gūḍhamāṇḍapa each - Temple
consisting of three garbhagṛhas, a gūḍhamāṇḍapa and three
cokīs - Temple consisting of three garbhagṛhas, an antarāla,
a gūḍhamāṇḍapa and cokīs - Paṇcāyatana -

Temple complexes with devakulikās and/or niches -
Temples having devakulikās - Ekāyatana - Temples having
24 niches - Temples consisting of 51 niches - Domestic
temples - Fragmentary temples (with extant mandapa only)

MAPS

1 Districts of Gujarat
2 Places of Temples