CHAPTER – 8

CONCLUSION

AND FUTURE

RESEARCH WORK
8.1 Conclusion

At the end we found conclusion regarding our system SUID (Student Unique Identification) as follows.

1. This system can only be implemented by government so to give advantage of this system is in the hand of government only.

2. Government can use public private partnership model to implement this system.

3. To implement this system government has to give training to concerned people involved in this system.

4. To implement this system successfully government need to pass one ordinance which should include that “when any parents want to put their child in any educational institution, first they need to get SUID of their child”

5. People of country have to support this system by providing their data time by time.

6. Now as name of our system SUID here every student is allotted with one automatically generated unique identification no. of 13 digit.

7. As our system is unique it never allows duplication of name means if somebody is enrolled once he or she is cannot enrolled from anywhere else in this system. Because our system checks about duplicate name. Because of centralized approach we can make it happen.

8. By implement this system government can increase percentage of education where education is low.
9. Placement of student who completes their education becomes very easy because data is managed centralized so government can provide appropriate candidates profile to any private company or they can use it for their own purpose.

10. By implement this SUID system government can completely remove employment exchange department.

11. Student Unique ID can integrate with AADHAR card system of government of India and can work of data collection easier. We can say that SUID system can work as support system for AADHAR card system.

12. Student Unique ID system gives so much flexibility to students also for completing their work related to institute or university.

13. By its centralized data management system government can take out any figures related to education and can take decision based on that data. So we can say that it is a support system in decision making for education sector.

14. This system does not require extra infrastructure by government it just require one computer system with fingerprint scanner and web camera with one operator as admin at every Jan Seva Kendra in every town.
15. Here as we have shown in our system government can involve every educational institute for registration of SUID system so that this system can be spread in every corner of the country.

16. We can say that this system can work out effectively and efficiently without much investment on it. But once it is implemented it has number of advantages to government and citizens both.

17. SUID can make huge development in concerned to implement e-governance in educational sector.

18. Using SUID system quality of education can be maintained good. As we can get good analytical figures from this system so that based on that figure we can take steps to improve education system. Government can also focus on any particular region to improve their educational ratio.

19. By using SUID system student’s interaction with university, colleges becomes easier.

20. We can say that by implementing SUID system we can increase transparency in academic field.
21. SUID system can report to government automatically on specific time duration we have set in program.

22. SUID can give us mostly all benefits of standardized approach. For example it gives high level of data analytics automatically.

23. Our whole SUID system is divided in to mainly three parts or section and they are (a). Student Section (b). Institute Section (c). Admin Section

24. Here admin section all rights to add new student, delete any student, modify details of any students, create any new institute etc…

25. Student can check his data can take printout of his member card and in future after further development he can apply to any job opportunity.

26. Institute in this whole system works as one representative of government. It can just create new SUID of any student.
27. Government can use its existing resources for this system so we can say that they don’t need to spend much on this project for successful implementation.

Effective operation of government and the public sector is critical for any country. Toward this end, ICT and application such as the Internet have changed the ways governments and citizens interact and will interact into the future. E-government is not a solution to improved government, but indeed is one important element. As the potentials, as well as realities, of ICT in improving government performance become apparent, it is important to assess the directions e-government may take – as well as select those policies that can help potentials and realities being realized. However, it also is important to realize that e-government is not without issues; e-government will be successful only when effective and appropriate policy decisions are made, and when citizens trust both governments and e-government provisions that are put in place.

Given needs that exist and potentials that may not have yet been realized, developing countries must pursue a more active role in the formulation of national policies and strategies that promote the information economy in general, and e-government in particular; e-government can facilitate development in creating an appropriate and positive environment. The many issues and obstacles that exist must be addressed such that the benefits of both ICT and e-government can be established.
8.2 Future Research Work

To make SUID system unbeatable I want to add following feature in it. Now as a future research work in SUID (Student Unique Identification system) we can classify it as below.

1. Login system of student based on high security like face recognition and speech recognition.

2. Once they register themselves with the system they can update their record online anytime.

3. Student can apply by just clicking on “apply” button when his profile match with any companies recruitment criteria.