| APPENDIX C | Answer Key of the Testpapers |
Test Paper : 1

Name of the student: _____________________________ Std: _________
Name of the school: _____________________________ Roll No. _________

Time: 30 minutes Total marks: 20

A:1 Choose the correct alphabet from the brackets and complete the following spellings: (n,d,u,e,b,c,v,r,o,p,i,j)

1. Noun
2. Adjective
3. Verb
4. Adverb
5. Pronoun
6. Preposition
7. Conjunction
8. Interjection

A:2 Fill in the blanks with suitable parts of speech and complete the following sentences: (08)

1. The peacock is our national bird.
2. Oh! she is dead.
3. The books are on the table.
4. Two and two make four.
5. Calcutta is a big city.
6. Ram is absent, because he is ill.
7. This flower is very beautiful.
8. Mohan is a good boy.

A:3 Identify the parts of speech in the following sentences: (04)

1. Akbar was a great king.

   ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
   Noun Verb Adj. Noun

2. Hurrah! We have won the game of cricket.

   ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
   Interjection Pronoun Verb Preposition Noun
A:1 Match ‘A’ with ‘B’:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>‘A’</th>
<th>‘B’</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>a sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>an assertive sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>an interrogative sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>an exclamatory sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>an imperative sentence</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. groups of words which makes a complete sense
2. a sentence which says or states something
3. a sentence which asks a question
4. a sentence which expresses some strong feeling
5. a sentence which expresses a command, a request or an advice

A:2 Name the kinds of sentences:-

1. The Taj Mahal is built by Shajahan. **Assertive sentence**
2. May I come in? **Interrogative sentence**
3. How beautiful the rose is! **Exclamatory sentence**
4. Come here! **Imperative sentence**
5. Do you know English? **Interrogative sentence**
6. You should help the poor. **Imperative sentence**

A:3 Give only one example of the following:

- an assertive sentence: My name is Raju
- an imperative sentence: Please, open the door
- an exclamatory sentence: How nice this picture is!
- an interrogative sentence: What is your name?
A:1  Find out the suitable words given in the brackets and complete the following sentences:
( before, noun, verb )
1. The word preposition means placing before.
2. A preposition is a word which shows the relation between a noun or a pronoun and some other word in a sentence.
3. The other word can be a noun, a verb or an adjective.

A:2  Write down the correct preposition in the circles given below:
(at, on, in)
1. point of time
2. meal time
3. festival
4. indefinite period

A:3  Fill in the blanks with suitable preposition given in the brackets:
(by, at, for, on, with, in, within)
1. I go to the school at 7:30 in the morning.
2. Our college will celebrate the annual function on 21st April.
3. Sheela will be there in three hours.
4. The bank manager will come within two hours.
5. We will buy new clothes at Diwali.
6. I go to the Jalaram temple on Thursday.
7. We will shift to our new bunglow in May.
8. You will meet me at dinner.
A: 1 Prepare the Tense chart:

Tense divided into three classes

1. Past Tense 2. Present Tense 3. Future Tense

Verb forms

was were is, am, are will, shall

A: 2 Mention the 'Sub classes of a Tense':

The Three classes of a Tense 1. Past Tense 2. Present Tense 3. Future Tense

The Sub-classes of a Tense:

1. Past Tense 2. Present Tense 3. Future Tense
1.1 Simple Past Tense 2.1 Simple Present Tense 3.1 Simple Future Tense
1.2 Past Continuous Tense 2.2 Present Continuous Tense 3.2 Future Continuous Tense
1.3 Past Perfect Tense 2.3 Present Perfect Tense 3.3 Future Perfect Tense
A:3  Frame the question form and write in Part:2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part:1</th>
<th>Part:2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. I write.</td>
<td>1. Do I write?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. We do not write.</td>
<td>2. Don’t I write?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. You do not write.</td>
<td>3. Don’t you write?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. He writes.</td>
<td>4. Doesn’t he write?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. She does not write.</td>
<td>5. Doesn’t she write?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A: 1 Choose the suitable words from the brackets and complete the following definition: (02)

( word, verb, present, future )

When a verb is used to show that an action will take place in future, it is known as the future Tense.

A: 2 Give three examples of future tense: (03)

1. I will go to the School.
2. Reena will play Chess.
3. They will write an Essay

A: 3 Use ‘Going to’ construction in the following sentences: (10)

1. My teacher will go Bombay tomorrow. Our class will go picnic next month.
   My teacher is going to Bombay tomorrow.
2. Raju will play a cricket match next week.
   Raju is going to play a cricket match next week.
3. Seema will sing a song in today’s party.
   Seema is going to sing a song in today’s party.
4. Our class will go picnic next month.
   Our class is going to picnic next month.
5. Ramu will give his annual exam in April.
   Ramu is going to give his annual exam in April.