The ability to analyze large amounts of data for the extraction of valuable information presents a competitive advantage for any organization. Online Analytical Processing (OLAP) presents an approach to data analysis where data is consolidated and aggregated with respect to multiple dimensions of interest. The idea is to consolidate large amounts of data by summarizing and aggregating data elements for every cell of a data cube. Classification of data elements reduces an arbitrarily high number of data elements into an arbitrarily small set of classes, which highly reduces the granularity of data. In OLAP, classification is used for the consolidation of dimensional attributes.

Data warehousing is becoming an increasingly important technology for information integration and data analysis. Given the dynamic nature of modern distributed environments, both source data updates and schema changes are likely to occur autonomously and even concurrently in different data sources. Current approaches to maintain a data warehouse in such dynamic environments sequentially schedule maintenance processes to occur in isolation. Furthermore, each maintenance process is handling the maintenance of one single source update. This limits the performance of current data warehouse maintenance systems in a distributed environment where the maintenance of source updates endures the overhead of network delay as well as IO costs for each maintenance query.

Basic aims of this study to explore the function of Central Warehouse Corporation; identifying the different weakness and strengths of the current system of CWC based on existing system and proposed system. The present study will be conducted with the following objectives.
• To measure the organization performance through multidimensional attributes. Each dimension and its associated factors are designed to predict the employee’s behavior.

• To predict Central Warehouse Corporation preference in certain fields of study.

• To study the understanding, prediction and prevention of the import export failure of the Central Warehouse Corporation.

• We propose a model which makes prediction about increase or decrees ratio of import and export based on quality of performance as well as system inform to the Top Level Management about the ratio of import and export. The proposed model also deals with entrance ratio of goods in a particular department as well as sub-department and exit ratio after successful completion of quality test.

In future we can take into consideration varied segments of infrastructures facility across various departments and try to find unidentified pattern in their performances using Data warehousing models which can help to predict unknown outcomes. The reports which will be generated in future will serve mainly by management and compare with different department over time in performances as may be affected by the different predictors that are available plus other well chosen variables.