ABSTRACT

My thesis is related to Criminal Law and the Amendment carried out from time to time. The amendments carried out by our Central Government and State Government are related to International Covenants of Human Rights. The changes brought by way amendments were not existing previously in Indian Laws. The increase in crimes is also one of main factor for amendments and enact new laws. These crimes includes against Body, property and presently cyber crimes. The suitable amendments are carried out and new Acts are enacted to meet the needs of time.

These amendments are in Criminal Procedure Code, 1973, Indian Evidence Act 1872, Indian Penal Code, 1860 and Amendment to the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act 2012. In this thesis I have postulated the History of Human Rights in Ancient Medieval and Modern period. There is classification position and logic behind of Human Rights. I tried to explain the Human Rights.

Thus all the religion which provides a theory of human right and also the foundation of the concept of human right is not just western culture or western idea but it also exist in Hinduism, Muslim means the Islamic and Judeo-Christian tradition and this idea of Human Right is not manmade concept but the divine image. And also gives direction to all human being that behavior and the duties of on individual should be human nature because all these rights are inherent social duties. The concept of the secularism is also known to the ancient India as to respect all religion “equal respect for all religion’.

In Vernacular language of India it means’ “Sarva Dharma Samabhav”. To sum up the above study the concept of religion in whole world which also give direction to the protection of human right. The Concept of Human Right and its Covenants which also define not only the rights of specific group but these rights are for all human beings.

Human Rights are rights inherent to all the human beings on the ground of nationality, place of birth, residence, sex, ethnic origin, colour, religion, language or any other status all are equally entitled to human right without any kind of discrimination.

The various books of different authors which I have referred are mentioned in review of literature. In my research I have mentioned methodology. The International Covenant on Human Right which involves evolution concept and in brief UDHR norms, scope of NHRC. The major and minor laws in India are also studied whatever changes brought under Criminal Law and the light of Human Rights concept are also mentioned. The case laws of Hon’ble Supreme Court and Hon’ble High Courts discussed which are related to Indian Laws considering the position of International Laws.