GLOSSARY

Adhi: A form of subletting in which the crop after being harvested is divided equally between the subtenant and the land holder

Ahu: Early broadcast rice

Alutiya: Clayey

Balichehiya: Sandy

Bam: High-lying

Bao: Late broadcast rice

Basti / Bari: Land occupied by a house and the surrounding garden

Chaporoi: Riverine land which is annually submerged; also immune high land covered with grass jungle

Chechukia: Shaded

Chutki-adhi: A form of subletting by which the subtenant is obliged to pay a fixed quantity of paddy, whatever may be the outturn of the field

Da: Low-lying

Dhan: Unhusked rice, paddy

Don: A measure containing 3½ seers of grain

Faringati: All settled land not included under basti or rupit

Jalatak: Subject to inundation

Khraj: Land settled for ordinary cultivation and paying full rates of revenue

Nisf-khiraj: Land granted at half the usual rates of revenue

Pura: Four bighas of land; 3 dons of grain

Rupit: Land on which transplanted rice is grown

Sali / Salee: Late transplanted rice

Takala: Bare