Corporate Social Responsibility commonly known as CSR is a well-acclaimed business approach which contributes to sustainable development and delivers economic, social and environmental benefits to all its stakeholders. The concept of Corporate Social Responsibility is also important as the companies consider it as an essential factor in establishing good public image and reputation. The concept of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is a buzzword to today’s world. Although its not a new concept in India and its origin can be rooted back to several decades, yet this concept has gained more importance after India paved its way as the first country in the world to make Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) a mandatory practice as per the amendment of The Companies Act, 2013. The legal compliance of performing social responsibilities by corporate houses (both public and private companies) can develop the society at large and help in the social and economic progress of the country and can bring radical changes.

In this context, the present research work has been done with the objective of highlighting the various CSR activities performed and its social impact upon the beneficiaries of the select Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) which operates and have their head-quarters in North Eastern Region (N.E.R.), namely Oil India Limited (OIL), Numaligarh Refinery Limited (NRL) and North Eastern Electric Power Corporation Limited (NEEPCO).

The present research work consists of six chapters which includes an introduction to the study, concept of CSR and Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) in India, regulatory framework of CSR and CPSEs, profiles of the select CPSEs of the study, analyses, interpretations and finally ends up with conclusion and recommendations based on the study conducted and suggesting scope for prospective study in the near future.