CHAPTER IV
ARTS AND SCIENCE HIGHER EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS OF MUSLIMS IN TIRUCHIRAPPALLI

In Tamil Nadu, among Muslims, some efforts were taken in the last quarter of the 19th Century to establish associations for spreading Western Education among Muslims. One such Association was the Anjuman-i-Islamiah. It seems to be the oldest organized body of the Muslims of Madras. It was established in 1876. Following this, the Central Muhammadan Association came into existence in 1887, with the objective of spreading education among Muslims and to secure their due share in public service. The Muhammadan Literary Society of Madras and Salem Muhammadan Educational Association were established in 1896 in order to promote education among Muslims. In 1899, the Muslims of North Arcot established the Anjuman-i-Ahle-Islam, a Muslim organization with the objective of physical and intellectual advancement of its members.

Annual Session of the All India Muhammadan Educational Conference was held in Madras in 1901. The efforts of the executive members of this Conference resulted in the formation of Muhammadan Educational Association of Southern India (MEASI). As a result Vaniyambadi Muhammadan Educational Society and subsequently, Madarase-e-Mazharul Uloom Society of Ambur in 1905, were started. Although these associations functioned independently in different parts of the Presidency, they had one common objective that the Muslims should be promoted in the field of education.3

The foundation of MEASI is a landmark in the history Muslim higher education. Subsequently the office bearers of MEASI like Nawab C. Abdul

3 Ibid., p. 176.
Hakim, Jamal Mohamed and Syed Basheer Ahmad were responsible to the establishment of various higher educational institutions in Tamil Nadu. This period marks an era of revolution in higher education of Muslims. The Higher educational institutions were started by the different elite groups. It paved the way for spreading of modern and technical education in this region.

**Establishment of Jamal Mohamed College**

Jamal Mohamed College made its appearance in the map of academic world on July 11, 1951. The untiring efforts of the founders like Janab N. M. Khajamian Rowthar and Janab M. Jamal Mohamed Sahib played a crucial role in the establishment of Jamal Mohamed College. Jamal Mohamed was born in the year 1882 to Jamal Mohideen who was the founder Jamalia Arabic, Madras. He completed his early studies at Muthialpet High School of Mannadi, Madras and Christian College High School. Later on Jamal Mohamed learned the business in which his father was engaged. By the impact of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan’s Muhammedan Anglo-Oriental School, the Muslims of Tiruchirappalli founded the Majlis-ul-Ulema at Khajamalai. The Muslims of Palakarai in Tiruchirappalli played a crucial role for the establishment Majlis-ul-Ulema. Hence the Palakarai Muslims are responsible for the establishment of Modern Education among the Muslims in Tiruchirappalli.

Jamal Mohideen, the father of Jamal Mohamed, founded the Jamalia Arabic College, at Perambur, Madras in 1927. This was an Institution which gives religious training to Muslim pupils in the beginning. When the question rose whether instruction other than religious education should be introduced in Jamalia College, the Maulavis were only in favour of the Religious education but Jamal Mohamed argued the importance of introducing the General subjects like history, geography, arithmetic and other sciences. When the differences of opinion arise in between Jamal Mohamed and the Maulavis, Jamal Mohamed

---

5 Souvenir, Founder Principal M.J.Mohamed Sayeed Sahib, An Article by M.J.M Abdul Kafur Sahib, Secretary and Correspondent, Jamal Mohamed College, Dec 2003, p.3.
argued that if he needed he is ready to get the consent of High Priest Sheikul Islam who was stationed at Constantinople.

To this purpose Jamal Mohamed set forth his trip to Islamic countries in the world with an objective to see religious and educational institutions as well as to meet the High Priest in Constantinople. He decided to leave for Europe in 1910. After visiting various places in Europe, Jamal Mohamed was thrilled to arrive in the ancient city of the Khalifa, (Istanbul) and he went round the place looking at the palaces and Masjids and the people. This was one of the places he wanted to visit at all costs because he had to see the Sheikul Islam (Grand Mufti) whose opinion he sought on the question whether an Islamic religious school could also give instruction to its students on other general subjects. Finally, the Sheikul Islam agreed that in a religious school, students could be taught other subjects too. After a prolonged and extensive trip, which took about ten months, Jamal Mohamed returned to Madras in January 1911. After his return, he joined the Majlis-ul-Ulema and worked for its growth and became the President of this organization.

He is not only a great educationalist but also endeavored so many things in the business field too. In the year 1917, Jamal Mohamed organized the Southern India Skin and Hide Merchants’ Association. He himself became its first Secretary and two years later, he was President, an office which he held for several years. In the year 1931, he was invited by the British Prime Minister to attend the Second Round Table Conference on behalf of Federation of Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industry of which he was the President that year. He submitted to the meeting that “India and its people –agricultural, commercial, and industrial and the labour classes –will not be satisfied with anything less than the granting of responsibility at the centre, simultaneously with provincial autonomy”. He arrived at Bombay in January 1932 and reached Madras by train,

---

6 Nilkan Perumal, Jamal Mohamed, A Biographical Record, op.cit., p.20.
7 Ibid., p. 24.
to be warmly received by a huge gathering of friends. In March 1932, he presided over the annual general meeting of the Southern India Chamber of Commerce in Madras. He acted as the President of Madras Provincial Muslim League (MPML) from 1930-40. He held the office of President of MEASI from 1935-41, was considered as strong staunch believer in Hindu-Muslim unity. He strongly supported the one nation theory. He died in November 7, 1949. After his death, his friend N.M. Khajamian and the trustees of Majlis-ul-Ulema started a College in honour of the great soul. This was the genesis of Jamal Mohamed College.

N. M. Khajamian Rowthar, son of N.Mohamed Mian was born in 1880 in Palakkarai, Tiruchirappalli. He was a born genius who possessed qualities of noble character. His profound knowledge, hard work, religious faith and patriotism had elevated him to a high position in the society. Traditionally his family was connected with tannery work. He continued his father’s profession of tanning. In his business he adopted novel methods and succeeded in his endeavor. It was said that the colours used by him to dye the leather was of a superior quality that it did not fade even if the leather decayed.

N.M. Khajamian involved himself in freedom struggle in his early years. During 1920’s, Gandhiji wanted to popularize Swadeshi cloths. On the request of Gandhiji, Khajamian started a Khadar Industry with an investment of about Rs. 50,000 /-. Since Khadar was not popular among the Indians, the business started by Khajamian in national interest resulted in a heavy loss to him, but in spite of this, he continued to serve the nation through other means. N.M.Khajamian was very much interested in Tamil Literature as well as Islamic Literature. He started a Press for the purpose of spreading Islamic thoughts and ideas throughout the world. He helped Moulana A.H.Abdul Hameed Baqahavi to translate the Quran into Tamil. He died in November 14, 1954. In memory of N.M. Khajamian

9 Ibid., p.30.
Rowthar, the school started by Majlis-ul-Ulema organization in 1962 was named after him and this school was later upgraded as a Higher Secondary School.

After the death of Jamal Mohamed Sahib, his son M. J. Jamal Mohideen Sahib continued the educational service which was started by his father. He was the first Secretary and Correspondent the Jamal Mohamed College, later held the position of president of this institution. He was the main architect who laid the foundation for Jamal Mohamed College’s progress towards its present advanced position. He was also the Founder and President of the Jamalia Educational Society which runs the Jamalia Higher Secondary School at Perambur, Madras.

He also actively participated in the field of politics. He was the member of the Indian Union Muslim League and also the member of its Central Committee which was formed by Quaid-e-Azam, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, he held the post till August 1947. Later he joined the Indian National Congress and got elected as M.L.A. from Dindigul during the period from 1957 to 1962. That was the only constituency where an absentee was elected. When Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru visited Gandhigram, he mentioned that an absentee was elected in this constituency and it was the first of its kind in Indian History. He was later nominated to the Rajya Sabha in recognition of his services. He was a Member of Parliament from 1962 to 1968 and closely associated with leaders like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Moulana Abul Kalam Azad and Dr. Zakir Hussain.

After the death of M.J.Jamal Mohideen Sahib, his son Haji. M. J. Jamaludeen Sahib was associated with the activities of Majilis-ul-Ulema and the development and growth of Jamal Mohamed College for a very long period. He was also one of the founder members of the Management Committee of Jamal Mohamed College in the year 1951 and became Secretary and Correspondent in 1966, served in the same capacity up to 1973.

He was a very simple and humane personality. He used to listen to any representation by anyone including students during his tenure as the Secretary

---

12 The Jamal, Magazine, 1962, p. 27.
and Correspondent. He showed love and affection to everyone in the campus. He was very religious and god fearing personality. He was a symbolic representation of humanistic qualities. The present Computer Science Department of the College is named after him as Haji. M. J. Jamaludeen Sahib Memorial Block.

Another important personality behind the development of Jamal Mohamed College was N. M. K. Abdus Samad Rowther, who along with his close friend Jamal Mohideen Sahib, son of Jamal Mohamed Sahib, and other well wishers of the society, planned to fulfill the wishes of the Founding Fathers. They planned and made arrangements to create Jamal Mohamed College in 1951. Many outsiders commented that the College was situated in a jungle and not a blade of grass would grow. Contrary to their opinion, now it is situated amidst of Gardens.

N. M. K. Abdus Samad Rowther was a lovable person and friend for many. His devotion to young children is a by word to all who had known him. Such was his love to young children that there was no bar on class or creed. All were the same to him as his own children. Being the eldest son, he had many duties of managing the vast Tanning Business and agricultural land. This tanning empire was functioning from 19th Century. There were several business dealings in England and he had agents all over North India. He was educated in St.Bedes Anglo Indian School in St Thome in Madras. Though he did not complete his high school, he was fluent in English Language.

He used to visit Bombay, Delhi, Calcutta and other main places and hence he learnt Urdu. He had great flair for reading Urdu Poems. He attended Mushairas and Ghazals. Due to his schooling in English medium school, his mode of dress was modern and western. He became a member of the Rotary Club and other clubs of Tiruchirappalli. He was an ardent Tennis and Billiards player. His gesture and love to all his brothers and sisters and other family members was a by word for affection for family.

---

13 The Jamal, Magazine, 1951, pp. 3-5.
After the formation of Jamal Mohamed College, he became the Treasurer of the College with Jamal Mohideen Sahib as the Secretary. In those days when there was no grant-in-aid from the Government, running a College was a great task. No wonder that there were several occasions when the College found it difficult to pay the salary bill and it was handled by this noble business man. Due to lack of building facilities, there was much hardship to face. It was at this juncture that trips to overseas were planned by office bearers. The first trip to Malaysia, Burma and Singapore took place in the 1953-54. Through this trip the fund generated and used for the construction of more buildings. It has grown as a full fledged college, with 14 UG and 16 PG courses and research facilities.In 1955, when the then Chief Minister, K. Kamaraj visited the College to unveil the portrait of Janab Jamal Mohamed Sahib. A sumptuous dinner was arranged for a huge gathering at his bungalow at Tollgate.

An another important personality who devoted his life for the development of Jamal Mohamed College was K. A. Kader Sahib, the second son of the Founder, Janab N. M. Khajamian Rowther. He associated himself with the social and community service as Founder Member and President of Majlis-ul-Ulema, the President of Parimala Sunnath Jamath and Madara-e-Muhammadia School, Palagarai. As the Secretary and President of the N. M. Mosque and also the Khajamian Wakf Estate, he rendered yeoman service to many people. He served as the President of Parimala Sunnath Jamath for many years. He possessed the fine qualities of head and heart. He was easily approachable by any person who was in need of any help. He was associated with the formation, development and growth of Jamal Mohamed College since 1951, in different capacities. He was a member of the College Management Committee in 1954 and served as the Treasurer from 1964 to 1973. On the demise of Janab Jamaludeen Sahib, he was elected to the post of Secretary and Correspondent of the College in 1973 and served upto 1988. He also served as the President for one year upto

---

14 Jamal Mohamed College, Calendar 2003-04, p. 12.
1989. In memory of his noble service, the Chemistry Block of Jamal Mohamed College is named as Haji. K. A. Kader Sahib Memorial Block.\textsuperscript{15}

He had a very tender heart, helping hand and showed love and affection to the poor students especially orphans. He also helped many orphans at Sirathul Musthaqeen Madarasa at Perambalur as the President of the Orphanage for more than forty years. During his tenure as Secretary and Correspondent, he was responsible for the appointment of more than 75 teachers in the College. He was also liable for introducing many courses, including B.Sc. Computer Science, M.Sc. Computer Science and M.C.A. for the first time in the history of Bharathidasan University and constructing N.B. Abdul Gafoor Auditorium, Chemistry Block, Hautin Block etc.,

During his tenure the Samad Higher Secondary School (CBSE), Jamia Anwarul Uloom Arabic College and Khajamian Al-Ameen Industrial Training Institute were started. He granted land to the setting up of M.I.E.T. Polytechnic inside the college campus. He was the Chairman and Managing Director of N. Mohamed Mian Rowther tanning company at Sempattu, Tiruchirappalli. He helped many poor and disprivileged people. As Muthavalli of Jamal Mohamed College Mosque and N.M. Mosque, he was responsible for improving the facilities of the prayer halls.

Another important personality behind the establishment of Jamal Mohamed College was Dr. M. Abdul Haq. He was working as Deputy Director of Public Instruction in Madras. He was closely associated with organizations like MEASI. He was also the member of Madras University Syndicate and close associate of Vice-Chancellor, Dr. Laxmanasamy Mudaliyar. M. Abdul Haq a veteran educationalist, was responsible for starting of Muslim colleges like Usmania College, Karnool in Andhra Pradesh, Farook College of Calicut in Kerala, The New College, Madras and Jamal Mohamed College in Trichy. On the advice of Abdul Haq, Sayeed Sahib assumed the post of Principal of Jamal

\textsuperscript{15} The Jamal, Magazine, 1989, p. 45.
Mohamed College. By the honour of M. Abdul Haq, a service road, which was connected with Khajanagar near T.V.S. Toll Gate in Tiruchirappalli, is named after him.

**Vision, Mission and Goals of the College**

To become a world class, highly acclaimed, innovative, competitive and most successful Higher Education Institution in the status of a Deemed University by offering many value added and socially relevant courses to serve all sections of the society, including Minority, Backward and Disadvantaged Students.

To provide a unique experience which will enable a student to realize his innate potential and mould his overall personality by

- Providing cost effective quality education
- Inculcating spiritual and moral values
- Imparting training in productive services
- Promoting academic excellence
- Developing self-reliant individual
- Providing career opportunities
- Creating socially responsible citizens

**College Emblem**

The Emblem of the College consists of a shield, divided into four parts, with a circle in the middle. On the top left, there is a crescent and star, symbolic of Islamic Culture and faith in future prosperity. On the right there is an open book symbolizing knowledge. At the bottom right, there is lotus, the Hindu symbol for purity and prosperity. The bottom left represents a replica of Rock standing for strength and striving. Inset in the mid-circle is the frontage of the old main building with a dome and minarets representing the essence of Islamic Culture: the present is preparation for the hereafter. Underneath the shield is a ribbon containing a verse from the Holy Quran in Arabic Script followed by its translation in English, “Show us the right path”, which is the motto of the

---

College. Thus, the emblem of Jamal enshrines here and hereafter, tempered with constant prayer to the Almighty to guide us on the straight path.\footnote{17 The Jamal Magazine, Vol.LXI. 2011-2012}

The four figures in the shield are diagonally placed with Green and Yellow backgrounds. In other words, the college colours consist of Green and Yellow, standing for prosperity and Happiness.

**Structure and Compositions of the College**

The Management Committee of Jamal Mohamed College consists of the President, the Secretary, the Treasurer and four members. The Principal is the ex-officio member of this Committee which also includes representatives nominated by the University. The Secretary of the Committee acts for and on behalf of the committee and he is the Secretary and Correspondent of the College. The Committee is the nodal agency and in that capacity takes important decisions on matters relating to introducing of new courses, development of infra-structural facilities and recruitment of teaching and non-teaching staff.


Haji M. B. Abdulla Sahib, who served as the President from 1975 to 1989, also served as Secretary for one year from 1988 to 1989. Janab Haji. K. A. Khaleel Ahamed Sahib became the Treasurer in 1989 and he continues to serve as Treasurer till date. Janab N. M. K. Abdul Kaliq Sahib was the President from

Janab Haji M. J. M. Abdul Gafoor Sahib, served as Treasurer from 1973 to 1989. He was elected as Secretary and Correspondent in 1989 and served till 2011. He has the distinction of serving even during the time of Silver Jubilee of the College as well as the Golden Jubilee of the College. Janab A. K. Khaja Nazimudeen Sahib, who has been serving as the member of the Management Committee from 1995 was elected to the post of Assistant Secretary in the year 2003, and was elected as Secretary and Correspondent in 2011.

Jamal Mohamed College has been growing from strength and to strength ever since its inception. When the College was inaugurated, it had only two courses to offer, about 200 students on the roll and around 20 members on the staff. There was just a single building, the beautiful Main Block with only the ground floor to house the laboratories and library. Since then there has been a phenomenal growth and expansion in the campus. A grand mosque, a spacious auditorium, several imposing structures for the hostel, classes and library has started to adorn the landscape of Jamal.

**Development of the College under the Principals**

The vision of the Founding Fathers of the institution was made into reality by the Principals of the College. Jamal has been blessed with Seven Principals during the study period that promoted its health and nurtured its growth in accordance with the vision.

Janab M. J. Mohamed Sayeed Sahib had been worked as Headmaster in the Islamiah school at Melvisharam which founded by Nawab C. Abdul Hakeem Sahib. By his tireless efforts, the school was able to get the status of an aided and recognized school. The Managing Committee entrusted him with the task of upgrading the middle school to a full-fledged high school. During his

---

18 Souvenir, Founder Principal M.J.Mohamed Sayeed Sahib, *op.cit.* p 34
Headmastership, the first Annual Sports Day was held in 1939, where distinguished dignitaries were invited as guests including Janab Jamal Mohamed, the Founder of Jamal Mohamed College and a friend of Nawab C. Abdul Hakeem Sahib. It was on this occasion that the eyes of the shrewd businessman of Trichy, fell on the young, energetic and highly talented Headmaster M. J. Mohamed Sayeed Sahib.

Janab Jamal Mohamed Sahib had paid several visits to Melvisharam. As he was very impressed and enchanted by the administrative capacities of M. J. Mohamed Sayeed Sahib, he placed a proposal before the Managing Committee of the School to relieve the headmaster from his service so as to enable him to assume the post of principal of a college in Tiruchirappalli. On the advice of Dr. Abdul Haq, the Deputy Director of Public Instruction, he assumed the post of Vice Principal of Karnool Osmania College. After serving for a short period of four years, he proceeded to Tiruchirappalli to become the first Principal of Jamal Mohamed College in 1951.

In 1964, Janab M. J. Mohamed Sayeed Sahib visited the School and apprised them of the favourable circumstances for starting an Arts College, in Melvishram. A delegation was formed under the leadership of Janab S. M. Hajee Abdul Jameel Saheb, the grandson of Nawab C. Abdul Hakeem Sahib to meet the Vice-Chancellor, Dr. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar several times and obtained the approval to establish a college. The moral support extended by him at every stage cannot be forgotten by the people of Melvisharam. He even allowed some of the experienced lecturers of Jamal Mohamed College to render their service in the infant C. Abdul Hakeem College. He selected his trusted lieutenant, Prof. M. Ahmed Basha of the History Department of Jamal Mohamed College to become the first Principal of C. Abdul Hakeem College in the year 1964.¹⁹

M. J. Mohamed Sayeed is the real architect of the college since it was he who started many useful undergraduate courses like Mathematics, Physics,

Chemistry, Zoology, Commerce, Economics and Post-Graduate courses such as Mathematics, Economics, Physics, English Literature and Zoology. He would always say, “I don’t want my staff members to be birds of passage”. With that vision, M. J. Mohamed Sayeed appointed around 50 members of the staff who actually stayed on in the College almost till their retirement, contributing their mite towards the all-round development of the institution. M. J. Mohamed Sayeed served as a member of the Senate, Academic Council and the Syndicate of the University of Madras. With his rich and varied experience, he contributed to the growth of the University. He was not only laid the foundation stone of the College but also built the main structure of the college, which stands as a monument to the lasting vision.

After M. J. Mohamed Sayeed’s retirement, Prof. E. W. P. Thomas took over as the Principal in 1970. He had served the institution as the Vice-Principal for 19 years and took over the reins of administration as Principal. He was a strict disciplinarian, a person who paid meticulous care and attention to details. His contribution to the institution is immense. Even after his retirement, he visited the college often. The members of the staff, who are known to him, got guidance and inspiration from him. Prof. E. W. P. Thomas is a living legend, motivating the staff and students, with his everlasting humanistic vision and values. To honour the services of E.W.P. Thomas, a street adjacent to the Khajamian Hostel is named after him.

E.P. Mohamed Ismail took over the Principalship of this College in 1971 and served in that capacity for 14 years. His tenure witnesses the years of consolidation and expansion. During his period, the college witnessed the growth of physical structure. Economics Block, English-Physics Block, Commerce Block, Library Hall and Staff Room were built during his period. Many new courses like Industrial Chemistry, M.Com, M.A. Tamil were started. E.P.Mohamed Ismail established links with many old boys, friends and well

20 The Jamal Mohamed College Calendar, 2003-2004, p.11.
wishers of the College and mobilized huge amount of funds towards the development of the College. His tenure as Principal helped further the process of expansion and consolidation, benevolent administration and humane approach.

C. Nainar Mohamed served as Principal for four years between 1985 and 1989. As a committed Tamil Scholar, he was noted for his strict discipline and he toned up the administration and kept up the Jamal flag flying high. He was responsible for introducing B.Sc. Computer Science and M.C.A., P.G.D.C.A., and also M. Sc. Botany and M.A. Arabic and laid solid foundation for computer studies in the College. His contribution to the development of the College is still remembered with a sense of gratitude.

N. Abdul Samad, took over the Principalship of the College in 1989 and served for nine years. His tenure was the most eventful years in the growth of the College. He was responsible for getting financial assistance from the Islamic Development Bank to build the Computer Centre. During his term, Minna Block, Hussainudeen Hall and the Prayer Hall were constructed to provide more physical amenities to the students and staff. N. Abdul Samad strengthened Alumni organization and contact with the leading old students of the College and other funding organizations for generating funds to college. His period witnessed introduction of many new courses and construction of new massive buildings. He was popularly called the “Shah Jahan of Jamal”.

K. Abdulla Basha assumed office in 1998 and has completed his service to the institution with unflinching faith and enthusiasm. Under his leadership, the College witnessed many new courses of study like M.B.A., M.Sc. (Microbiology), M.Sc., (Information Technology) and B.C.A. During his tenure, the College witnessed the growth of physical structures such as the Tansri Ubaidullah Hall, M.B.A. Block, Marhaba Tajunnisa Block, Dubai Alumni Block and Sanarpatti K.Asan Rowthar Hall in the Hostel. 

22 The Jamal Mohamed College Calendar, 2004-2005, p. 13
Dr. M. Sheik Mohamed served as a principal from 2003 to 2011. MCA self finance programmes conducted from 1992 onwards, this programme received the AICTE approval in the year 2004. In the same year, M.Phil., in Chemistry, Computer Science, Arabic, M.Sc., Bio-Technology and B.Litt. programmes were introduced in the regular day college were also started.

During 2003-04, separate section for women in MBA was started. B.Sc Maths, M.A. English Lit, M.A. Arabic were started for women. Certificate Course in Environmental Studies was also introduced. The college conferred UGC Autonomous status for the period of 6 years from 2004-2005 for all programmes including the AICTE approved, M.C.A. and M.B.A. The Autonomous scheme also introduced Choice Based Credit system in evaluation.

The following new courses were introduced during 2005-2006, such as B.Sc., Chemistry, B.Sc., Physics, M.Sc., Mathematics for women and M.A., History and B.B.A. for men. In the same academic year, UGC approved Career Oriented Programmes (COP) were introduced in different departments. The courses were Certificate, Diploma and Advance Diploma courses in Journalism, Tourism and Travel Management, Functional Urdu, Computer Application and Multilingual with Printing Technology, Domestic Chemistry and Quality Assurances, Medical Lab Technology and Computer Hardware and Network Administration.

During 2006-2007, Master of Social Work (M.S.W.), M.Sc. (Bio-Informatics) and M.Phil., Management studies were started. Computerized Calligraphy Training Centre approved by National Council for Promotion for Urdu Language (Ministry of HRD, New Delhi) is offering Diploma in Computer Application and Multilingual DTP. His period marked with enormous changes in the campus both infrastructure and academic performance.

---

23 The Jamal Mohamed College Calendar, 2005-2006, p. 15.
Infrastructural Facilities

The College that began in just a single building called the Jamal Mohideen Building, the beautiful main block with only a ground floor to house the class rooms, laboratories and library, has now witnessed phenomenal growth and expansion. Founder Treasurer N. M. K. Abdul Samad Memorial Block, Founder Secretary M. J. Jamal Mohideen Memorial Block, Hautin Block, Haji N. M. K. Abdul Khader Memorial Block, M.M.Islamail Block, Minna Noordin Block, Mohideen Sha Block, Hussainudeen Hall, Shanawaz Hall, Tansri Ubaidulla Hall, AVM Mohamed Ibrahim Block housing the Computer Science centre, Marhabha Tajunisa Block, Prof. E. P. M. Islamil Block, Hajee Maydeen Abubacker Memorial Prayer Hall for men, Rajagiri Ummu Abdul Aleem Memorial Prayer Hall for women have been added to adorn the landscape of Jamal Mohamed College. A spacious building for library, College auditorium and the college Mosque offer great facilities for the spiritual and intellectual development of students. A Branch of the Indian Overseas Bank, a Post Office, a Canteen and a Telecom Centre have been added to cater to the needs of students, staff and others. During 2003-04, a concrete roof was constructed over the first floor of the Jamal Mohideen Building to house the Bio-Technology Department. Women’s Library, Office and Prayer Hall have also been constructed.

During 2004-05, separate halls for Alumni Association, Curriculum Development Cell, Internal Quality Assurance Cell and Controller of Examinations office were completed. The second floor of Economics and Computer Science Departments was completed. A Second Auditorium, with class rooms in the first floor, was completed. Internet connection was given to all Departments. Access is open to staff and students. A Computer Multi-Service Center is set up in the Mathematics, Chemistry and Botany Departments. Construction of Research Labs was also completed. During 2005-06, the Jeddah Alumni MBA Block with three floors, was completed. It has a well established library, state-of-the-art Computer Centre, Seminar Hall and

Conference Halls. Students Service Centre was constructed under the MP Local Area Development Scheme availed by L. Ganasan M.P., an illustrious former student of the College. DST sponsored FIST laboratories were established in the Departments of Physics, Botany and Zoology. The second floor in the Hautin Block was added in memory of Kilakari IR8 Sayed Mohamed. Alumni Guest House was constructed in the campus.

**College Hostel**

In the year 1951, when the College was established, hostel accommodation was given in rented buildings around the college. The college hostel began to function with 91 inmates. Prof. E.W.P. Thomas, the then Vice Principal, was the first Deputy Warden of the Hostel. The College Management allotted 30 acres of land for the construction of the hostels and the foundation stone was laid on October 16, 1955 by Dr. A.L. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar, the then Vice Chancellor of University of Madras and the Hostel is named after Janab N.M. Khajamian Rowther, one of the founders of the College. There were only 80 rooms in the beginning but additional rooms were added in the subsequent years. Currently, Khajamian Hostel has 238 rooms. The Burma Malaya Building in the Hostel was the first building constructed in the College Hostel.\(^{25}\)

Since many Post-Graduate Courses are offered in the Evening College, the Management felt the need for a separate P. G. Hostel for the students of Evening College. With financial assistance from the Jamal Alumni Association, two massive buildings were constructed with 127 fully furnished rooms.\(^{26}\) Other physical facilities were added for the benefit of inmates such as playgrounds, colour TVs with cable connections and round the clock telephone facilities.

In addition to that Khajamian Hostel, P.G. New Hostel and Al-Ameen Sports Hostel were also constructed for the benefits of the students. The special

---

\(^{26}\) The Hindu, 11th September, 2011.
feature of the college is that there is a hostel attached to the College Mosque to provide free accommodation to poor Muslim students who cannot afford to pay the bill. Each dining hall has its own cookhouse with 12 servants—one head cook, two assistant cooks and nine servants. Food is prepared under hygienic conditions. Uniform menu is followed in every cookhouse. Dividing system is followed in the hostel.

Other facilities available to the inmates of the hostel:

- The inmates are provided with uninterrupted supply of water and electricity. The hostel has a 62.5 KV generator as a standby whenever there is power failure.
- The hostel has a furnished guest house where parents are allowed to stay when they come to see their wards.
- The hostel has a canteen, which supplies tea, coffee, snacks and cool drinks to the students.
- Provides 24-hour telephone facility.
- Radio, colour TVs with cable, VCR connection in the Audio-Visual Halls.
- A reference library for the hostellers inside the hostel, with 1776 books.
- Every year the inmates are taken on an All India Educational Tour, covering many important cities of the country.
- The inmates are encouraged to use their afternoon usefully by learning typewriting, shorthand, computer courses, communication skills, car driving etc

The inmates of the College are rendering a great service by donating blood as and when approached.

The Administration of the Hostel

The Principal is the Warden of the hostels. A senior teaching staff of the College is appointed as Co-Ordinator of the hostel. Along with the Co-Ordinator, there are five Deputy Wardens, who are selected from among the teaching staff.
They are assisted by full-time sub-wardens who stay with the students in the hostel.

![Diagram showing number of buildings and cumulative count from 1951-60 to 2001.](image)

**Figure 1.** Source: Annual Report for the Internal Quality Assurance Cell, 2001.

**Academic achievements of Jamal Mohamed College**

- During the year 1957, the College bagged nearly all prizes in the several intercollegiate competitions organized by the University of Madras as part of its Centenary Celebration.
- The College receives UGC assistance consistently from the Second Five Year Plan Period onwards.
- At that time, the College obtained the significant honour of being bracketed with thirty best colleges in India and Donforth Foundation of USA selected the College for the award of study fellowships to three of the faculty members Prof V. Hari Rao, Prof. Devanathan and Prof. Mohamed Essa.
- The College was elevated to the status of a Post-Graduate College with affiliation granted for M. A. Economics and M. Sc, Mathematics in 1963. Other P.G. courses like Physics, English Literature, Zoology and Commerce were added subsequently.
- The College was upgraded as a Centre for Advance Research leading to the Doctorate Degree in the PG Department of Zoology in the year 1972.
The Post Graduate Department of Physics was recognized as the Centre for Ionospheric Research Programme in the year 1972, to be conducted in collaboration with the Physical Research Laboratories, Ahmedabad. In subsequent years, research programmes leading to M.Phil and Ph. D. were added to the Departments of Mathematics, Chemistry, English, Commerce, Economics, Tamil, Botany and Physics.

During the year 1972, the College was recognized by UGC New Delhi, for grant purposes under section 2(F) and 12(B) of the University Grants Commission Act 1956.  

In 1977-78, on the recommendation of the University of Madras, the UGC recognized the College as one of the ten "Lead Colleges" in the University Area. As a Lead College, select courses and programmes were started in collaboration with leading business houses and employment agencies, with a view to providing qualitative development and academic lead to the colleges in the region.

The college is celebrated it’s Silver Jubilee during the year 1979.

In 1996, the College was selected by UGC to offer vocational course entitled "Office Management and Secretarial Practice" to students of B.A., Economics.

In tune with the changes taking place in all walks of life, in 1999 the Management of the College started exclusive women sections both at the UG and PG level in subjects like Computer Science, Information Technology, Commerce, Business Management, Mathematics, English and Arabic Literature.

The College has been awarded the Coveted Five Star Status by NAAC, an autonomous body of UGC, during the Golden Jubilee year, in 2000-2001.

---

27 Letter from Bharathidasan University dated Ref No / 00558/CC LD-1/98/dated 09.02.98
28 Letter from Bharathidasan University dated Ref No / 12654/CC LD-1/96/dated 18.07.96
- Separate College day, Sports Day & Convocation Day were held for men and women from 2003-04 onwards. Separate NSS and NCC were started for women.

- The College has been awarded “National Gold Star Award” by the International Institute of Education and Management, New Delhi, on 19th December 2003, and “National Udyog Excellence Award” by International Business School, New Delhi.

- The College has been granted Autonomous status by the UGC and Bharathidasan University to be implemented from the academic year 2004-2005.

- During the year 2005-06, Students strength was 5,554, including women students, with 238 teaching and 179 non-teaching staff.

- The Department of Commerce is accredited by CA Institute and ICWA Institute for offering coaching in foundation courses in CA, ICWA and Accounting Packages.

- Department of Economics is offering Typewriting and Shorthand training to students.

- The Minority Coaching Classes Centre, funded by UGC, is organizing competitive coaching classes to educationally backward and minority community students.

- The College, over the past fifty five years, has grown into a multi-faculty institution offering diverse Under-Graduate and Post-Graduate Courses to study, especially in frontier areas like Computer Science, Information Technology, Bio-Technology, Microbiology and Business Management.

- Many of the alumni now occupy covetable positions in India and abroad in the field of Science and Technology and in Indian Administrative Services, Judiciary, Police Department, Information Technology, etc, all vouch’safing to the quality of education offered in this campus.29

---

Jamal Mohamed College Alumni Association

The JMC Alumni Association came into existence in the year 1963. It played its real role in 1966 by mobilizing funds towards the construction of the first modern building in the campus-Humanities Block. Seeds were sown for the formation of overseas chapters of alumni association by a goodwill delegation of the college that toured Riyadh, Jeddah, Bahrain in December 1991 and U.A.E. in January 1992. Subsequent trips were undertaken to the Middle-East and South-East Asian countries for the formation of alumni chapters. The Inspection Commission of the Bharathidasan University that visited the college in connection with conferring Autonomy to the college observed: The fact that a large number of alumni of this college now work in various countries spread around the world itself is an ample proof for the quality of education imparted in this institution. The alumni of the college who are occupying eminent positions in India and abroad have close links with the college and are contributing to the growth and development of the college in a substantial way. True, the overseas alumni find a pride of place in the history of the college.

Objectives:

The main objective of the JMC Alumni Association is to provide assistance to students of Jamal Mohamed College through scholarships and to provide assistance in academics, placement or any other area that is felt appropriate by the association and the College. The association shall also work towards better interaction between the alumni and students by providing forums and creating opportunities for such interactions.

The Alumni of Jamal Mohamed College has provides an association with the global Alumni chapters. The staff members and students of the college can interact with each other for mutual benefit and to serve as a link between the management and the former students. It also facilitates and encouraged alumni

---

30 The Jamal, Magazine, 2003, p. 27.
31 Interview with R.Khader Mohideen, General Secretary, Jamal Mohamed College, Alumni Association, dated 12th April 2009.
and philanthropists to contribute towards improvement in the status of the College.

The Association activities are aimed at:

- Helping the students past and present with placement opportunities
- Providing the financial assistance to the economically backward students
- Organising interactive sessions with the students by the visiting alumni like businessmen, professionals, officials, researchers and sportspersons to share their expertise.
- Assisting the institution in general growth for the development by providing infra-structure facilities like buildings, computers, library books etc.,

Financial Assistant to Poor Students from Alumni

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>No. of Beneficiaries</th>
<th>Amount in Rs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2002-03</td>
<td>263</td>
<td>12,75,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2003-04</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>7,16,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2004-05</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>7,72,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2006-07</td>
<td>216</td>
<td>7,70,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1. Source: Jamal Mohamed College, Annual Report-2002-03

Research Activities of the College

All the departments in the College are research departments, providing facilities to undergo M.Phil and Ph.D programmes and they continuously produce a sizeable number of Ph.Ds and M.Phils almost every year. Many of these departments have carried out Major and Minor Projects supported by leading funding agencies like University Grants Commission (UGC), Department of Atomic Energy (DAE), Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC), Indian National Science Academy (INSA), Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR), Department of Science and Technology (DST), Bhabha Atomic Research Centre (BARC) etc. During 2003-04, the Jamal Academic Research

---

32 Jamal Mohamed College, Annual Report, 2002-03, p. 46.
Journal: an Interdisciplinary, bi-annual research journal, was published as a referred journal. Monetary incentives are given to Professors for publication of research articles in the reputed journals.

Research Aid from UGC

UGC selected and sanctioned one time grant of Rs.7,00,000/- under the Revival of ‘Old Reputed Colleges’ Scheme during IX Plan Period. The UGC has sanctioned an amount of Rs.43,60,000 for UG and PG Development Programmes and Career Oriented Programme (COP) in the College under X Plan. Funding to the tune of Rs 4,38,200 was sanctioned by UGC for the conduct of National level and State level workshops, symposia and seminars. An amount of Rs.4,75,000 was sanctioned to five professors in science faculties and Rs.3,55,500 to five professors in arts faculties for carrying out Minor Research projects. DST has sanctioned Rs 64,00,000 for upgrading research and teaching facilities under FIST Programme to Departments of Physics, Botany and Zoology.

UGC IX Five Year Plan (1997-2002) sanction of Grant for Post Graduate Departments

The U.G.C. has sanctioned the second installment of Rs. 3.5 Lakhs under IX period of the development of P.G. Programmes of the College. The Department of English, Economics, Commerce, Mathematics, Chemistry, Botany and Zoology have been benefited under this grant.

Grants Received From the UGC during the year 2003-2004

The Proposal for the UG and PG development grants under the X five year plan has been sanctioned. An amount of Rs.6,26,582/- has been released by the UGC out of Rs.38 Lakhs sanctioned for UG and PG development and Minor Research Projects. The Sports Development Authority of Government of Tamil Nadu has

---

36 Jamal Mohamed College, Annual Report, 2003-04, p. 46
granted Rs.52, 100/- for the college for the development of sports activities particularly for volley ball.

**Research Projects (2004-05)**

Fund for Improvement of S&T Infrastructure in Universities and Higher Educational Institutions (**FIST**)

The Department of Science and Technology (DST) has identified the following Departments for financial assistance under FIST programmes 2004 Level –I Category to augment the M.Sc teaching facilities in the department

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Amount (Rs)</th>
<th>Co-ordinator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Botany</td>
<td>15 Lakhs</td>
<td>M.Purushothaman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Physics</td>
<td>30 Lakhs</td>
<td>Dr.K.A.Shail Alaudeen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Zoology</td>
<td>19 Lakhs</td>
<td>Dr.M.M.Shahul Hameed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 2. Source: Annual Report 2004-05*

**UGC Minor Research Project**

A total amount of Rs.6,84,500 has been sanctioned for 16 members of the Staff from various department for carrying out Minor Research Projects by UGC.

**Grants Received From the UGC under X Five Year Plan**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>UG Development</td>
<td>4,87,472</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>PG Development</td>
<td>12,76,224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Career Oriented Programmes</td>
<td>12,00,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Coaching Class</td>
<td>1,48,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Network Resource Centre</td>
<td>55,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Minor Research Project</td>
<td>6,84,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Conduct of Seminar</td>
<td>3,11,926</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Travel Grant</td>
<td>37,288</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Contingent Grant</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

### Grants Received During 2005-2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>No. of Staff engaging Minor Research Project</th>
<th>Total amount received</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>4,83,282</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3. Source: Annual Report 2004-05

### Grants Received from State Government

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sports Development Authority of Tamil Nadu</td>
<td>29,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Tamil Nadu State Council for Science and Technology</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Book Bank for Adi Dravidar Students</td>
<td>27,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4. Source: Jamal Mohamed College Annual Report 2005-06

### Grants Received from Central Government

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Department of Science and Technology</td>
<td>Botany</td>
<td>12,50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Department of Science and Technology</td>
<td>Physics</td>
<td>12,00,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Department of Science and Technology</td>
<td>Zoology</td>
<td>20,00,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 5. Source: Jamal Mohamed College Annual Report 2005-06

### Grants Received from UGC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>P.G. Development</td>
<td>Arabic</td>
<td>1,66,464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Conduct of Seminar</td>
<td></td>
<td>294152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Faculty Development Programme</td>
<td></td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>UGC Autonomous Grant A/c 2005-2006</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,00,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 6. Source: Jamal Mohamed College Annual Report 2005-06
Library

The foundation of the College Library was laid on, 20th December 1959 by the then Collector of Tiruchirappalli District, Janab. G. M. Bashan Sahib. It is noteworthy that the Library Building was opened by the then Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu, Thiru. K. Kamaraj on July 5, 1962. The College has a modern library equipped with many facilities. The Library has included large number of texts, reference books, journals and magazines in different disciplines. The total number of books in the Library is 1,16,000, covering varied range of subjects. The library has subscribed to about 100 journals in different disciplines. Among them 71 are related to Arts Departments and that of science are 64.

Guidance and Counseling Centre

The Students Guidance and Counselling Centre was opened on January 25, 1989. Since its inception, the Centre has been functioning in a dynamic manner and offering guidance and counseling in many areas. It provides information about post-degree courses offered by Indian as well as foreign universities.

Coaching for Civil Service like IAS, IPS. etc., is offered by the Coaching Centre which also organizes coaching classes for State Government Service Examinations such as TNPSC Group I, Group II, Group III, Group IV, S.S.C. and B.S.R.B. The below stated graph (Graph 1) shows the number of students passed in the different competitive examination held from 1991 to 2001.

---

38 Plaque in the College Library Building dated 20th December 1959.
39 Plaque in the College Library Building dated 5th July 1962.
41 General Library, Journal Register, Book No. 5.
42 General Library, Journal Register, Arts Department, Book No. 5.
43 General Library, Journal Register, Science Department, Book No. 5.
The figure 3 shows the number of placement in Under Gradugate and Post Graduagate students asseesed from the year 2002 to 2007.

The centre also conducted the following training and coaching programmes

- Course Guidance Programme for Higher Studies.
- Career Planning Programmes in Civil services and TNPSC Group examinations.
- Communications Skill Development Programmes.
- Competitive Examinations Coaching for NET /SLET eligibility tests.
- Personality Development Programmes.
- Psychological Counselling Programmes.
- Campus Training Programmes.
- Campus Recruitment Programmes.
- Development of Leadership Qualities.
- Publication of Study Material

**Placement in Computer Science (Department 2004-05)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>Name of the Company</th>
<th>No. of Students Appeared</th>
<th>No. of Students Selected</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Affix Technologies Pvt Ltd, Chennai</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>CTS, Chennai</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>The Hindu Job pair, Coimbatore</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>ETA-ASCON-WEST ASIA, Exports and Imports Pvt Ltd, Chennai</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 8. Source: Annual Report, Placement Cell, Jamal Mohamed College, 2004

In the year 2005-06, 105 students selected by various companies including Mpower, Infosys, ABB, M/s Sterlite ETA ASCON, Agency Assist, S.R.V. School, A.K.T. School, eService International, KGL solutions, CTS, IBM, Wipro Technology, GRO, Orchid Chemicals, Indian Hr.Sec.School and ABN AMRO Limited.\(^\text{44}\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>Name of the Company</th>
<th>No. of Students selected</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Mpower</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Infosys</td>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>ABB</td>
<td>02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>M/s Sterlite</td>
<td>03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>ETA ASCON</td>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Agency Assist</td>
<td>05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>S.R.V. School</td>
<td>08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>A.K.T. School</td>
<td>08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>eService International</td>
<td>06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>KGL solutions</td>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^\text{44}\) The Jamal, Vol. LV, p. 72.
Table 9. Source: Annual Report, Placement Cell, Jamal Mohamed College, 2005

### Grievance Redressal Cell

The functions of Grievance and Redressal Cell are:

- To deal with matters relating to the redressal of genuine and valid grievances of the students concerning all academic and examination-related matters and suggests corrective measures.\(^{45}\)
- To make a systemic enquiry into any written complaint lodged by any student regarding his/her continuous internal assessment or final examination marks and suggest appropriate corrective actions.
- There is a Grievance Letter Box in the General Library for Men as well as in the Library for Women.
- The letter of grievance should contain the name, roll number; class of the student, duly signed with date. The letter of grievance may be handed over to the convenor, in person or dropped in the Grievance Letter Box.
- The Convenor shall collect and number the letters serially, go through the letter and arrange for the redressal of grievance of the students and report the same in the monthly meeting of Grievance Appeal Committee to be convened on the first Monday of every month. The Genuine Grievance will be properly redressed.

### Department Association Activities

Each department of the College has their unique Association. The principal of the College is the ex-officio president of Associations. Each Association elected their Secretaries and other office bearers among the students.

---

All students are the members of relevant Associations of the College.\textsuperscript{46} The Association activities of the Department usually start with Inauguration. They also conducted different seminars, Workshops, special lecture programmes, debates and discussion on current topics and other student enrichment programmes on behalf of the Association.

**Endowment for Special Lectures**

The general endowments were created by former professors and philanthropists to generate financial aid for the arrangement special lecture programmes for the benefit of students. Most of the endowments were given to English and Tamil departments for conducting special programmes in their respective disciplines.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1) First Principal Sayeed Sahib Memorial Lecturer</th>
<th>College Management &amp; Well Wishers of the college</th>
<th>To arrange special lectures for our college students</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2) Perumbulavar Hajee C.Nainar Mohamed Lecture</td>
<td>Dr. C. Nainar Mohamed Former Principal</td>
<td>To arrange lectures on the topic ‘Religion and Hormony’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Dr. Rajiv Taranath Endowment Lecture</td>
<td>Prof. A. Akber Sheriff, JMC &amp; Prof. Nagarajan, Former Principal, National College</td>
<td>Lectures in the English Literary Association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4) Sirpi. Balasubramanian Endowment Lecture</td>
<td>Sirpi. Balasubramanian Retd. H. O. D. of Tamil Department, Bharathiyar University, Coimbatore</td>
<td>Topic on ‘Modern Literature’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5) Tmt. Meenakshi Vairavan Endowment Lecture</td>
<td>Late. Prof. V. Sathiah, Former H.O.D. of Tamil, Jamal Mohamed College</td>
<td>Special Lecture in Tamil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6) Janab. M. Shamsudeen Endowment Lecture</td>
<td>Prof. Sadakathullah, Former H.O.D. of Tamil</td>
<td>Special Lecture in Tamil\textsuperscript{47}</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


**Accreditation of National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC)**

The National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) is an organization that assesses and accredits institutions of higher education in India.

\textsuperscript{46} The Jamal, Calendar, 2006-2007, p.19.

\textsuperscript{47} Ibid., p. 66.
It is an autonomous body funded by University Grants Commission of Government of India headquartered in Bangalore. NAAC was established in 1994 in response to recommendations of National Policy in Education (1986). This policy was to "address the issues of deterioration in quality of education", and the Plan of Action (POA-1992) laid out strategic plans for the policies including the establishment of an independent national accreditation body. Assessment and Accreditation is broadly used for understanding the “Quality Status” of an institution. In the context of Higher Education, the accreditation status indicates that the particular Higher Educational Institutions (HEI) – a College, a University, or any other recognised Unit therein, meets the standards of quality as set by the Accreditation Agency, in terms of its performance, related to the educational processes and outcomes, covering the curriculum, teaching-learning, evaluation, faculty, research, infrastructure, learning resources, organisation, governance, financial well being and student services.

NAAC's process of assessment is towards holistic, systematic, objective, data-based, transparent and shared experience for institutional improvement. The process for assessment and accreditation broadly consists of:

- On-line submission of the Letter of Intent (LOI).
- On-line submission of Institutional Eligibility for Quality Assessment (IEQA) for applicable institutions.
- Preparation of Self-study Report (SSR), it’s uploading on the institution website and submission to NAAC.
- Peer team visit to the institution.
- Final decision by NAAC.

NAAC has identified the following seven criteria to serve as the basis of its assessment procedures:

- Curricular Aspects
- Teaching-Learning and Evaluation
- Research, Consultancy and Extension
- Infrastructure and Learning Resources
Key Aspects

The Seven Criteria is further divided into "Key Aspects". Certain important Assessment Indicators are identified under the Key Aspects and the Seven Criteria which encompasses them, as probes or leads for the Peer Team members to capture the micro-level quality parameters. These indicators facilitate the computing of the Key Aspect-wise Grade Points (KA-GPS) and the Criterion-wise Grade Point Averages (CR-GPAs) in order to arrive at the quality status of the institution.

The Jamal Mohamed College, Tiruchirappalli has requested NAAC, Bangalore for accreditation and submitted the Self Study Report. NAAC constituted the peer Team consisting of the following members to visit and assess the Jamal Mohamed College, Tiruchirappalli: Prof M. Abdul Rahiman (Chairman) Former Vice Chancellor of Kannur and Calicut Universities, Prof K.G. Srinivasa Murthy (Member) Director, College Development Council, Bangalore University, Rev. Fr. Sebastian Thekkedathu, (Member) Principal Christ College, Bangalore.

The team visited the college during 8th November to 10th November 2001 and went through the departments, laboratories, library, hostels and all other facilities and had a detailed discussion and interaction with the Management, Principal, Faculty Member, Students, Wardens, Administrative Staff, Parents and Alumni etc. All aspects given in Criteria I to VII (Curricular Aspects, Teaching-Learning and Evaluation, Research, Consultancy and Extension, Infrastructure and learning Resources, Students support and progression, Organisation and Management, Healthy Practices) of the Self-study support were analyzed and validated by the team.

The feedback from students, industry, employers and various other stakeholders, etc., could be collected and acted upon to improve the quality of education. An impact study and corrective methods could help the institution in a
big way to prepare itself for autonomy and the necessary restructuring of courses and curriculum.

Serious and constant review in the light of goals and objectives would help the institution to cope with new challenges. Opening sections for girls students and planning for hostels are welcome steps to bring up education level of women and their empowerment.

**Suggestion and Recommendation given by NAAC Peer Team in the year 2001**

- The college has well established departments of Botany, Zoology, Microbiology and Computer Science. The facilities of these departments can be utilized to start courses in Biotechnology, which is quite relevant and job oriented.\(^{48}\)
- The college is having a good central library without interest facilities. This facility is important for research scholars and teachers to get the information about the latest publication.
- Promotion of a school of excellence specializing in Management and information Technology.
- Establishment of an IT park in collaboration with some of the Engineering colleges in the Region
- To establish a think Tank of computer professionals especially from abroad to chalk out programmes for Cyber Technology.

The College was awarded the coveted Five Star Status by NAAC, an autonomous body of UGC, during the Golden Jubilee year 2001. Autonomous Status has been conferred on the College for a period of six years by the Bharathidasan University from the academic year 2004-05.\(^ {49}\)

**Students Support and Progression**

\(^{49}\) The college was re-accreditated, by NAAC at ‘A’ grade with CGPA of 3.6 out of 4.0 in January 2009.
The College had consistently produced good results in the University Examinations, both U.G. and P.G. levels. The College has followed the practice of getting feedback from the students in the U.G. and P.G. courses at the end of the academic year. The feedback covers all areas of activities such as curricular, co-curricular and extracurricular pursuits of students and also the physical facilities available in the campus. The feedback helps the administration to plan for the next academic year.

The Management of the College has provided special scholarships to economically poor and minority students. They also bear the examination fee of differently abled students in every semester. Apart from this, meritorious students from poor families are given scholarships. The Employment and Placement Cell in the College has become very active after the introduction of computer science courses. It has established contacts with many software companies who visit the College for campus interviews. The Cell also recommends names to the Alumni in foreign countries for placement purpose. The College has many recreational facilities for the students. Apart from providing facilities for indoor/outdoor games and Audio-Video facilities, students are encouraged to run their own magazine, PIRATHIPALIPPU (Reflection).

Students Support facilities

Student Co-operative is maintained for supplying students study materials at subsidized prices. It has bagged best student Co-operative Society Award for the last seven years at state level. Student Canteen is functioning effectively. Every year 100 poor students are admitted in the hostel without rent. A hospital is functioning in the hostel with 5 bed and one duty doctor. Local / STD / ISD booths are functioning in the hostel (Two Booths) without service charges. Free internet facilities are given to the students in the two hostels. Training in Job Oriented and Skill Development Programmes are given to the students. Free NET / SLET coaching classes are conducted by Tamil Department for all

50 Pirathipalippu, Anti-Dowry Association, Jamal Mohamed College, 2004-2005
students. Common Rest Rooms (Separate for Men & Women), cycle shed, two parking sheds, protected drinking water and modern toilets are provided.

**Scholarship**

A number of scholarships and concessions are awarded annually to deserving students based on the results of their latest examinations. They are tenable for entire course on condition that they continue to study in the college till the end of their course and that their character, conduct and attendance continue to be satisfactory.

Help from the Students’ Aid Fund and Orphans Aid Fund are available to deserving students of all communities. Applications for the same are to be submitted before the end of the first semester.

Government and College Scholarships are given to deserving students. Applications for the Government Scholarship should be submitted before July 15 or within 15 days of their admission to the College. The List of Government Scholarships is given below.
List of Distinguished Awards, Recognition and special scholarship for Students

A Consider number of Prizes and medals are awarded every year to students who distinguish themselves in the academic and extra-academic fields.\footnote{Calendar, Jamal Mohamed College, 2006-2007, p.63.}

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the medal / Prize / award</th>
<th>Instituted by</th>
<th>Beneficiary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Janab. N. M. Khajamian Rowthar Gold Medal (Men)</td>
<td>Janab. K. A. Kaleel Ahamed Sahib, Grandson of the founder of this institution Janab. N.M. Kajamian Rowthar and Treasure of the college.</td>
<td>Graduate of the year, selected from the student, who secured I Class in Part I, Part II, and Part III.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Haji.M.Jamal Mohamed Sahib Gold Medal (Women)</td>
<td>Jamal Mohamed College Management</td>
<td>Graduate of the year, selected from the women student, who secured I Class in Part I, Part II, and Part III.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Jailani Basha Memorial Gold Medal</td>
<td>Late Janab Abdul Majeed Rowther, Tiruchirapalli</td>
<td>M. Com. Top Ranker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5) Dr. Alagirisamy Gold Medal</td>
<td>Dr. Alagirisamy, Paediatric Cardiologist, U.S.A.</td>
<td>M.Sc., Zoology Top Ranker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6) Janab. A.V.M.Jafardeen Noorjahan Trust Gold Medal</td>
<td>Hajee. A. V. M. Jafardeen, member, Jamal Mohamed college management committee.</td>
<td>Top Ranker in B.Sc., Comp.sci. and MCA.,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7) Chamber of commerce Endowment Prize</td>
<td>Chamber of Commerce Tiruchirappalli</td>
<td>Best outstanding B.Com., Student</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8) Prof.E.P.Mohamed Ismail Endowment Prize</td>
<td>Dept. of Commerce, Jamal Mohamed College</td>
<td>Highest mark in Banking (B.Com)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9) Kalyan Awards</td>
<td>Sri Kannappan VKN – Structural</td>
<td>Top Ranker in B.Com, and M.Com</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\footnote{Calendar, Jamal Mohamed College, 2006-2007, p.63.}

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Award Name</th>
<th>Awarder</th>
<th>First Two Rankers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>‘Jamco Fast’ Endowment Awards</td>
<td>Dept. of Computer Science Jamal Mohamed college</td>
<td>Top Ranker in B.Sc and M.Sc, Comp. Sci &amp; P.G.D.C.A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Major. Aravandi Endowment Prize</td>
<td>Major. Aravandi, Former Prof. Of Mathematics</td>
<td>Top Ranker in MCA and M. Sc, Mathematics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Indian Medical Association Prize</td>
<td>Trichy Branch of Indian Medical Association</td>
<td>Top Ranker in Zoology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Prof. S. N. Devanathan Prize</td>
<td>Prof. Ranganathan, Former H.O.D. of Physics</td>
<td>Top Ranker in Mathematics and Physics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Seetharaman Award</td>
<td>Dr. S. Sankaran, Former H.O.D. of Botany</td>
<td>Top Ranker in M.Sc Botany and B.Sc Botany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Senkamalam-Rajagopalan Award</td>
<td>Prof. R. Panchanathan, Former Prof. Of English</td>
<td>Top Ranker in B.A. and M.A. English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Hajee.Dr. M. Sheik Mohamed Award</td>
<td>Hajee. Dr M. Sheik Mohamed, Principal</td>
<td>Two top Rankers in Accounts &amp; Statistics paper up to V Semester (Bcom)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Janab.S.K.Rasheed Memorial Award</td>
<td>Prof. R. Zahir Hussain, Dept. of Mathematics</td>
<td>First two top rankers in B.Sc, Mathematics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Marhoom Sameena Memorial Award</td>
<td>Prof. Jamal Mohamed Jaffar, Dept. of Physics</td>
<td>Top Ranker in B.Sc., Physics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Prof. R. V. Ranganathan Endowment Award</td>
<td>Prof. R. V. Ranganathan, Former H.O.D. of Physics</td>
<td>Top Rankers in B.Sc., and M.Sc., Physics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Prof. M. Niyamathullah Award</td>
<td>Prof. M. Niyamathullah, Former H.O.D. of Commerce</td>
<td>Top Rankers in B.Com and M.Com., in Personnel Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Award Name</td>
<td>Recipient Details</td>
<td>Topper in:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21)</td>
<td>Dr. N. Balasubramanian Award</td>
<td>Dr. N. Balasubramanian Former Prof. of Chemistry, Bishop Heber College</td>
<td>Top Ranker in B.Sc., Chemistry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22)</td>
<td>Prof. T. A. Nizamudeen Award</td>
<td>Dept of Commerce, Jamal Mohamed College</td>
<td>Top Ranker in Business Management (B.Com.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24)</td>
<td>Perumbulavar Dr. C. Nainar Mohamed Awards</td>
<td>Dr. C. Nainar Mohamed, Former Principal</td>
<td>Top Rankers in all P.G. Classes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25)</td>
<td>Prof. T. R. Ragava Sastri Endowment Award</td>
<td>Prof. T. R. Ragava Sastri Birth Centenary celebrations Committee</td>
<td>Top Rankers in B.Sc., and M.Sc., Mathematics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26)</td>
<td>Dr. P. Periyanayagam Award</td>
<td>Dr. P. Periyanayagam Former H.O.D. of English</td>
<td>Topper in Part II English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27)</td>
<td>Koothanallur V. M. Noor Mohideen</td>
<td>Mrs. Banu Noor Mohideen</td>
<td>First Rank in M.A. Tamil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28)</td>
<td>Sri Ram Memorial Award</td>
<td>R. Chandrasekaran</td>
<td>Top Scorer in M.Sc (IT)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29)</td>
<td>Dr. K. A. Basheer Ahamed Award</td>
<td>Dr. N. Balasubramanian (Rtd) Reader in Chemistry Bishop Heber College Trichy</td>
<td>Top rankers in B.Sc., and M.Sc., Chemistry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30)</td>
<td>S. Abdul Hamid Khan and Janaba Salimajan Award</td>
<td>Dr. A. Abdul Sulaiman Khan, Reader in Commerce, J.M.C.</td>
<td>Two Top Rankers in B.Com., and B.B.A. Women Sections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31)</td>
<td>Haji PSM. Mohideen Memorial Award</td>
<td>PSM Hameed, Chairman, Southern India Regional Council of the Institute of Cost &amp; Works Accounts of India</td>
<td>Top Scorer in Cost Accounting paper in B.Com</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 11. Source: Annual Report, Jamal Mohamed College, 2007</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Community Service</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Staff members contribute every month to a Common <em>Baithulmal</em> maintained in the College.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Regular financial assistance is provided to nearly 100 students per year.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Mass Literacy Programme is organized in association with NGOs in rural areas.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Women Self Help Groups are trained by the faculty in areas where they need our help.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Hospital functions in the hostel and it could be extended to public service too.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Baithul Mal</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>An unclaimed, uncared and unknown corpse of a person lying adjacent to the College, generated sympathetic feeling in the minds of the then principal, Prof Hajee Janab Mohamed Syed Sahib and senior Professors like N.V. Abdul Rahman. The result was a spot collection of a fund and a decent and dignified burial to that unidentified corpse. This incident sparked a discussion among the staff and evoked a concern for the poor. They spontaneously contributed money to help the poor and the needy and thus emerged a fund by name Baithul Mal.52</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

52 Souvenir, Founder Secretary & Treasurer, Article by Prof A. V. Abdul Rahman, Former HOD of Arabic, p. 19.
Since then the Muslim Faculty are contributing every month a sum from their salary to the Baithul Mal. It is purely voluntary and philanthropists outside the College also can contribute to this Fund.

**Governing Body of Baithul Mal**

Baithul Mal has an elected governing body and executive body and all the Muslim staff are its members. Periodical elections are conducted and members for the Governing Council and Executive Body are elected by the General Body. The General Body decides on ground rules. It is purely a non-remunerative but service-minded Body.

The Principal is the President and Secretary and Treasurer are elected by the Governing Body. A Representative from each Department finds a place in the Executive Body. A separate account for Baithul Mal is maintained in a Nationalized Bank. The Secretary and the Treasurer are its Joint Operators.

Persons in need of help bring their problems to the notice of the President through an application. The application is usually recommended by the Jamath of the area in which the suffering person lives. The President passes on the application to the Secretary for further assessment. The Secretary scrutinizes, verifies the facts and reports to the President. After the final decision, the cheque is dispatched to the needy.

**Extra Curricular Activities**

Besides academic activities, the college has been giving due encouragement and fullest support to extra curricular activities like sports, NCC, NSS, Leo, Rotaract, Anti-Dowri, Youth Red Cross, Consumer Club, Fine Arts, USSC, Red Ribbon Club, Students Exnora etc.,

**Jamal Mohamed College Community Reachout Programme (JAMCROP)**

Jamal Mohamed College has adopted three villages namely Poonnampalayam, Inamkulathur and Irungalur under Jamal Mohamed College Community Reachout Programme (JAMCROP). Under Part V Extension
Activities, all Under Graduate students will spend the required number of hours during First year UG Programme. They will undertake Department related activities for creating awareness in Basic Education, Environmental Education, Health, Hygiene and Nutrition, solar energy, consumer rights, tips for Competitive Examinations, the Importance of Minimising power consumption, Food Adulteration, importance of Personal hygiene, to provide tips for Saving Schemes in Bank, Postal and insurance, how to reduce the unnecessary personal and family expenses, entrepreneurial schemes, global warming and globalization, Central and State Government Welfare Schemes on marriage, widow remarriage scheme, female child welfare programme, Central Government Scheme on Janani Suraksha, Backward and Minority Programmes, Social organisation work, manual labour, liaison work, Scheme on getting loans in banks for various entrepreneurial and development programmes.

The Department of Physical Education

Jamal Mohamed College has unique distinction in the field of sports and games. Several eminent sportmen and women have left the portals of this great institution. This is because of the untiring efforts put by Physical Directors who have served and serving this institution to the cause of the betterment of Physical Education.

S.Thyagarajan was the founder Physical Director. He served during the period 1951-1981. The college achieved laurels in Athletics and football and earned named and fame in the map of Tamil Nadu and Kerala. His immediate successor was A.Abdul Kuduz, another experienced campaigner served during 1982-1996. He kept in the College flag in high order during his tenure. B.S.Sha-in-Sha joined as Director of Physical Education in the year 1996, and is continuing the good efforts of his predecessors.

Sports Admission: The Department endeavors to identity talented sportsmen who are in the school final and brief them about our college, courses, Sportsmen concessions etc and try to admit them through Sports quota. Sportsmen are accommodated in Sports hostel with free boarding and lodging.
**Intensive Training and Participation:** Eminent coaches, mostly alumni of the College, Coaches attached to sports Development Authority of Tamil Nadu are offering systematic and scientific training for the player of various games both morning and evening throughout the year. Jamal Mohamed College teams participate in all the inter Collegiate Tournaments and Tournaments organized by the Sports Association of Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Andra Pradesh and Pondicherry.

**Activities Inside the Campus:** Being a leading College in the University most of the Inter-collegiate events and University team coaching camps are held every year in the Campus. The Governmental sections like Electricity Board, Postal and sports Association are permitted to conduct Annual Tournaments in the Campus. South India Level Inter-Collegiate Hockey Tournament for Khajamian Trophy and Basketball Tournament for Krishnaswamy Naidu Memorial Trophy conducted every year.

**Sports Scholarship for Promising Sportsmen:** The Management of the College is keen on helping the deserving Sportspersons in the ypayment of fees for the College and Hostel. The Sports Development Authority of Tamil Nadu (SDAT) has selected the College as a Joint Sports Development Centre for Basketball, Volleyball and Hockey. They are given Dietary Charges and Kit allowance for the outstanding Sportspersons.

**General Electives-Yoga and Physical Fitness:** The Department of Physical Education has introduced a Theory cum Practical oriented paper on “Yoga and Physical Fitness” for the Under Graduate students, to be opted a elective course in the third and fourth semesters.

**Physical and other Infrastructure Facilities:** Sports and Games an integral part of Jamal Mohamed College’s Educational Programmes, the following facilities are developed and maintained over the years for the students.

**Facilities Outdoor Games**

- 400 Meters Track
- Ball Badminton court
Basketball Court with Flood Lits
Cricket Field
Football Field
Hockey Field
Kabaddi Court
Volleyball Court with Flood Lits

Facilities Indoor Games

- Carrom
- Chess
- Table Tennis
- Multi Gymnasium
- Weight Training Equipments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>2004-05</th>
<th>2005-06</th>
<th>2006-07</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Athletics</td>
<td>Winners</td>
<td>Runner-up</td>
<td>Runner-up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Badminton</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Third Place</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ball Badminton</td>
<td>Runner-up</td>
<td>Runner-up</td>
<td>Winners</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basketball</td>
<td>Third</td>
<td>Third</td>
<td>Third</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Best Physique</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>Runners-up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Football</td>
<td>Runners-up</td>
<td>Winners</td>
<td>Runners-up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hockey</td>
<td>Winners</td>
<td>Winners</td>
<td>Winners</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Netball</td>
<td>Winners</td>
<td>Winners</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volleyball</td>
<td>Winners</td>
<td>Not conducted</td>
<td>Runners-up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennis</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>Winners</td>
<td>Runner-up</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 12. Source: Annual Report, Department of Physical Education, Jamal Mohamed College, 2006.
University Blues: (Representation)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Athletics</th>
<th>Ball Badminton</th>
<th>Basketball</th>
<th>Football</th>
<th>Hockey</th>
<th>Volleyball</th>
<th>Others</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2002-03</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003-04</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004-05</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005-06</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006-07</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007-08</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008-09</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009-10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 13. Source: Annual Report, Department of Physical Education, Jamal Mohamed College, 2010.

Students of the College are members of the Athletic Association. The Physical Director is the ex-officio Secretary of the Association. The Association shall be managed by the Sports Committee.\(^{53}\)

Intramural Sports and Tournaments are conducted. Players and Athletes selected for the College Teams should play for the college only.

---

\(^{53}\) The Hindu, 21\(^{st}\) September, 2011.
Figure 4. Source: Annual Report, Department of Physical Education, Jamal Mohamed College, 2008.

The figure 4 shows the placement under the sports quota between 1999 and 2008 in different government services. In the year 1999 there was no recruitment in all the five services. In the year 2005 and 2008 the considerable number of students was recruited in defense service. In 2008, thirty eight men were recruited in Tamil Nadu policy service. This highest recruitment is due to requirements of the policemen in the state. The total recruitment under the sports quota between 1999 and 2008 is 109.\textsuperscript{54}

Consumer Club

The Consumer Club of the college functions with the main objective of instilling in the minds of the present day youth the spirit of protection of consumer rights and to strengthen the consumer movements in the country.

University Students Service Corps

The University is organizing University Student Service Corps (USSC) was started in 1991, with special focus personality development of the students and harnessing student power in vital areas of social concern like environmental

\textsuperscript{54} Recruitment Report(2008-2009), collected from the Department of Physical Education, Jamal Mohamed College, Tiruchirappalli
protection. There will be yoga education and training coupled with character building. The social service component would be confined to a concerted student group action on protection of environmental quality. Students, with appropriate inclination and potentialities are enrolled in USSC.\textsuperscript{55}

**National Cadet Corps (NCC)**

NCC was firstly started in 1666 in Germany. The NCC in India was formed with the National Cadet Corps Act of 1948. It was raised on 16 July 1948. The origin of NCC can be traced back to the ‘University Corps’, which was created under the Indian Defence Act 1917, with the object to make up the shortage of the Army. The National Cadet Corps Act was accepted by the Governor General and on 15 July 1948 the National Cadet Corps came into existence.

The Founder Principal of the College, Mr. Mohamed Sayeed was very particular that students should be given an opportunity to undergo training in the National Cadet Corps. His desire materialized in the second year since inception when an N.C.C. Unit was allotted to the college. The Unit started as a platoon with one officer and eighty cadets, has developed into a full company in 1957-58 with 150 cadets and 4 officers.\textsuperscript{56} The Unit has the unique privilege of being the only unit from Tiruchirappalli to participate in the Centenary Celebration of the Madras University (In 1957-58, the Company was renamed “A” coy., 2\textsuperscript{nd} Madras Battalion N.C.C).

**Activities of First Decade**

The following are some of the achievements of the Jamal NCC Unit during the first decade:

- In 1958-59, five cadets and an officer went for a camp to the 1\textsuperscript{st} Mysore Battalion NCC

\textsuperscript{56} The Jamal, College Magazine, 1956-1957, p. 47.
The Guard of Honour given to his Excellency the Governor of Madras on 19-7-1959 was very much appreciated by General Cariappa, the first Indian Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army after Independence.

In the aftermath of Chinese aggression, a NCC Rifles Unit came into existence, with 3 officers and 500 cadets.

Lt. Shah, the Company Commanding Officer, was selected to lead the Madras State Contingent to participate in the Republic Day Ceremonial Parade in New Delhi in 1961 and under his leadership; the contingent won the Championship NCC Banner.\(^{57}\)

In 1962, an Armoured Squadron and an Air Wing were added to the existing NCC units.

**Activities in the Second Decade**

The Second Decade from 1962 witnessed a phenomenal growth of NCC Units. The total strength of the cadets increased from 500 to 1235. The figure included 1060 in the Army Wing, 75 in the Armoured Squadron and 100 in the Air Wing.

The following are some of the achievements of Jamal NCC Unit during the Second Decade:

- Won the first place in the Madras State Bayonet Fighting Competition and second place in All-round Best Cadet Competition (1962).
- The NCC activities, which were suspended in Tamil Nadu for a period of 20 months, were revived in 1969 and the recruitment, which was compulsory till then was made voluntary.
- The College was permitted to have an Infantry Company of 200 cadets, an Armoured Squadron with 100 cadets and an Air Wing with 75 cadets.
- Nine Cadets Air Wing were selected to participate in the All India Aeromodelling Rally at Calcutta in 1970.\(^{58}\)


\(^{58}\) I The Jamal, College Magazine, Vol. XVIII, 1970-71, p. 57
• Flt. Sirajudeen had the unique honour and distinction of being the only NCC Officer in the whole of India to be attached to the Regular Air Force Unit at Hyderabad.

Activities of NCC in the Third Decade

The following are some of the achievements of Jamal NCC Unit during the Third Decade:

• In 1976, U/o Rajasekaran came first among 100 in All India Rock Climbing. He covered a distance of 10 miles of laggard climb in 10 hours.

• In November 1977, 95 NCC Infantry Cadets undertook Flood Relief Operation in Seethlakshmi Ramasway College Campus under the supervision of Lieut. S. Sheikh Dawood. The services rendered by the cadets were very much appreciated by the Governor, His Excellency Prabudash Patvari and the then Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu, Honourable M.G. Ramachandran. The Unit was awarded a Gold Medal and a Certificate by the District Collector of Tiruchirappalli at the Republic Day Parade held that year.

• In 1978, Capt. M. Aravandi of the Armoured Squadron had the distinction of leading the contingent from Tamil Nadu and Pondicherry for the Basic Leadership Course held in Kashmir.

• In 1979, Capt. M. Aravandi was promoted to the rank of Major. Under his leadership, the Tamil Nadu and Pondicherry contingent won the All India Banner at the Republic Day Parade in 1980 as well as the Prime Minister’s Inter-Directorate Banner for the same year.

Activities in the Fourth Decade

The following are some of the achievements of Jamal NCC Unit during the Fourth Decade:

• The NCC Infantry Unit of the College was awarded both Individual Trophy and Shield for maximum blood donation in the year 1982 by the Madurai Medical College Blood Donors Club.
• In 1982, Cadet A.C. Chella Pandiyan and in 1984, Sgt. L. Mohamed Nasar Batcha successfully completed the All India Parachute Jump Course conducted at Agra in the Para Sailing School for 30 days. The Government of Tamil Nadu honoured them.

• In 1982 and again in 1983, the Infantry Unit won the Inter-Battalion Championship Banner.

• In 1985, Major M. Aravandi was commissioned as honorary Major for his exemplary service covering 22 years.

• Lt. Sheikh Dawood was promoted to the rank of Captain in 1986.\textsuperscript{59}

**Activities in the Fifth Decade**

The following are some of the achievements of Jamal NCC Unit during the Fifth Decade:

• Lt. Mohamed Mustafa, along with 30 cadets, attended the Martyrs Day at Martyrs Memorial on 30\textsuperscript{th} January 1990.\textsuperscript{60}

• In September-October 1992, 90 cadets took active part in tree planting. They planted 175 saplings in Crawford Area, out of which 100 saplings survived. They are being maintained by the NCC volunteers.

• Six cadets of the Infantry Unit were recommended for the Duke of Edinburgh Award for social service in 1995.

• For his distinguished service to NCC, Haji. Sheikh Dawood was awarded “Honoray Major” by the President of India in 1995.

• In 1996-97, two cadets took part in the Republic Day Parade.\textsuperscript{61}

**Company Commanders**

Lieut. N. Abdul Rahman, Head of the Arabic Department was the first NCC Officer in the College. He won the First Prize in the All India Social Service Competition in “RAMMED EARTH HOUSE CONSTRUCTION” held at Madras from 13.9.1953 to 3.10.1953. His services as an NCC officer were


\textsuperscript{60} The Jamal, College Magazine., Vol.XXXX, 1990-91, pp. 5-9.

\textsuperscript{61} The Jamal, College Magazine., 1996-97, p.46
appreciated by the Prime Minister, Jawaharlal Nehru and the Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu, C. Rajagopalachari. Major S.A. Shah served as Battalion Commander for 1TNBN NCC Karaikudi and served as a ‘Training Officer’, in the Officer Training School’ at Kampti, Nagpur.

Major. V. Natarajan, another NCC officer of our College, had the unique honour of being an Officer for ‘Asian Games’ held at Delhi in the year 1982. Under his leadership, the NCC Unit of the College took active part in the Madras University Centenary Celebration. His services to NCC were appreciated by the then Prime Minister, N. Jahangeer of Chemistry Department was commissioned as second Lieut. in 1987 and was promoted as Captain in 1995. He held the office upto 2000. Lieutenant Abdul Ali succeeded office till 2000 as 2tn Armed Squared.

National Service Scheme (NSS)

The National Service Scheme (NSS) is an Indian government-sponsored public service program conducted by the Department of Youth Affairs and Sports of the Government of India. Popularly known as NSS, the scheme was launched in Gandhiji's Centenary year, 1969. It aimed at developing student's personality through community service. NSS is a voluntary association of young people who studied in Colleges and Universities.

The NSS Unit of Jamal Mohamed College was inaugurated in the year 1969. Fifty student volunteers were enrolled and Mr. H. Mohamed Salahudeen became the First NSS Programme Officer. The Motto of NSS “NOT ME BUT YOU” reflects the essence of democratic living and upholds the need for for selfless service. In 1978, three additional units were sanctioned. In 1987-88, the number of units increased to eight, with a total strength of 800 volunteers. In 1991-92, the number of units was reduced to four as a result of a policy decision taken by the Government and the University. At present the College has five units with the strength of 500 volunteers.
Activities of the NSS

1) Blood Donation

In 1971, when Blood Donors’ Society was formed by the then Governor of Tamil Nadu, 45 NSS Volunteers were enrolled as founder members. Prof. Salahudeen was the executive member of the Blood Donors’ Society. From then onwards, the College NSS has been in the forefront in the campaign for Blood Donation.

2) Relief Work in Fire Accident

When a devastating fire gutted 30 huts at Sankiliyandapuram on August 2, 1972, NSS volunteers rushed to the spot and undertook rescue operation. The fire victims were provided with household articles and food.

3) Road Laying

Heavy rains and floods washed away the road connecting the Colony of Kumaresapuram, in Tiruchirappalli, leaving the Harijans in the Colony marooned without any transport. Fifty five NSS volunteers undertook relief work for five days (December 26-30, 1972) and re-laid the road which was appreciated by the people in the area and the then District Collector.

4) Flood Relief Work

In November 1977, when heavy damage was caused in Tiruchirappalli City due to heavy floods and cyclone, NSS undertook relief work. The relief work was carried on for 14 days at Seethlakhsmi Ramaswamy College, 7 days at Holy Cross College and 4 days at St. Joseph’s College. The selfless service was praised by the then Governor and the Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu.

5) Disaster Relief Leadership Programme

Mr. A. Venkataraman, Mr. L. Thousif Mohamed, Mr. Nagesh Babu and Mr. T. Ravichandran from the NSS, were the only four Project Leaders selected

from all universities of Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Karnataka and Maharashtra to take part in a Leadership Programme. They were the only four selected for special awards by the Adhyatma Sadhana Kendra, New Delhi for their excellent performance in 1981.

6) Traffic Control

The College NSS volunteers have been undertaking traffic control programme for two days every week. They have helped the traffic police in regulating the traffic at Main Guard Gate, Crowd Control Programmes are also undertaken during Vinayaka Chathurthi Day in Rockfort, Vaikunda Ekadasi at Srirangam and also during Deepawali Festival. The Police Department gave special awards to NSS Volunteers for catching pick pockets and also for handing over missing children to their parents.

7) Mass Tree Planting Programme

In 1982, under the Ecological Development Programme, a Mass Tree-Planting Programme was organized and 300 NSS Volunteers planted 2500 saplings. The services were highly appreciated by the then Governor of Tamil Nadu, Khurana and the then District Collector, Mrs. Shanthasheela Nair. Since then, tree plantation has been a regular programme undertaken by NSS Units in different areas.

8) Award for Best Functioning in NSS

The NSS Units of the College were chosen for the award of “Best NSS Functioning College in the Bharathidasan University”. The award was given by the former Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu, Thiru. M.G. Ramachandran.

9) Participation in Indian Festival at Russia

Under the Cultural Exchange Programme between India and Russia, the Indian Festival at Russia was held in 1988. Nine volunteers of the college ‘Karagam’ Team were among the 27 participants representing the University
Cultural Team. The team was led by Prof. H. Mohamed Salahudeen, Co-Ordinator of Bharathidasan University and V. Natarajan, NSS Programme Officer of the College.

10) Awards

In 1988-89, Mr. Elango, the NSS Project Leader from the College, had the unique distinction of receiving the ‘National Youth Award’ from the then Prime Minister, Rajiv Gandhi and he was the first youth from TamilNadu to receive such an award. In the same year, 50 NSS volunteers from various Universities in TamilNadu were selected and given the award ‘High Achievers’ in NSS. The fact that out of 50 volunteers, 17 were from Jamal NSS Units, is worthy of note.

11) Night Patrolling

In 1989-90, the college NSS Volunteers undertook ‘Night Patrolling’ for 75 days, along with District Police Administration. The District Superintendent of Police gave ‘Bravery Award’ to three Volunteers for nabbing thieves. 63

12) Prohibition Raid

In 1991-92, the NSS Volunteers, under the guidance of Prof. M. Abdul Hayath, took a lead role in ‘Prohibition Raid’, with the assistance of Police Department in the Trichy suburban areas like Ramjji Nagar, Tiruverumbur, Edamalaipattipudur, Woraiyur, Golden Rock and Srirangam. During the programme, they detected illicit distillation and destroyed nearly 120 barrels of illicit liquor. This unique programme was highly appreciated by the Chief Minister of TamilNadu, Selvi Jayalalitha.

13) Desilting and Beautification of Teppakulam Tank

In 1995-96, 100 NSS Volunteers from the College, along with volunteers from city colleges, undertook the task of desilting the Teppakulam Tank as part

---

63 The Jamal, College Magazine,, Vol.XLI,1991-92, p.34.
of the Beautification of the Tank Programme launched by the then Commissioner of Trichy Corporation, Swaran Singh, I.A.S.64

14) Awareness Programmes

A series of Awareness Programmes were conducted for the benefit of student community. De-Addiction Programmes were organized. AIDS Awareness Programmes were also conducted by organizing exhibitions, audio-visual programmes and lectures. AIDS Awareness Rally was also conducted. Besides these, consumer protection was also the subject taken up for awareness.65

15) Golden Jubilee Independence Celebration

At Mudukkupatti, a residential area of the Adhidravidas, the national flag was hoisted and sweets were distributed to the children and residents of the area. Student volunteers gave a cultural performance on National Integration Theme on that occasion. All the Programme Officers and 100 Volunteers took part in the peace march flagged off by the Honourable Chief Minister, Thiru. M. Karunanidhi to commemorate the Yathra to Vedharanyam 50 years ago.

16) Immunisation

Our volunteers took active role in organizing the Pulse Polio Programme at Karumandapapm, Visvas Nagar and Ariyamangalam Kamaraj Nagar benefiting 452 children in these areas for two days in the months of December and January in 1997-98 and 1998-99.

17) Service Gold Medal and Award to Students

Prof. R. Panchanathan and Prof. A. M. Mohamed Sindhasha, former NSS Programme Officers, have jointly instituted Service Gold Medal to be awarded to the outstanding NSS Volunteers every year from the academic year 1998-99.

---

Prof. M. Purushothaman has instituted an award for a student who has put in 100% attendance in all the programmes conducted in the College every year from 1998-99.

18) Voter Identity Card Campaign

NSS conducted a door-to-door campaign about the videography for the issue of voter identity cards. Our students helped the authorities and the voters at the time of videographing and they were appreciated by everyone.

Adult Education and Literacy Club

The Adult Education and Literacy Club were established in 1989-90. It opened ten centers in the slum area in Mannarpuram and Thennur to impart Functional Literacy to the illiterate people in the age group of 15-35 years. Prof. A. Kamaluddin, Convenor of the Club, was selected to undergo a special training for promoting literacy in the Gandhigram Rural Institute (A Deemed University).

In 1995-96, the College Adult Education Unit was allotted villages by the Bharathidasan University, namely, Mangarai and Dindugarai for promotion of Neo-Literacy. Twenty Adult Education Centres were set up and 160 persons were made literates by the members of the Club through the Total Literacy Campaign (TLC) Programme. The Adult Education Unit also set up a Jana Shihshan Nilyam (JSN), with a library equipped with nearly 500 volumes which were intended for Neo-Literates. A Continuing Education Course was introduced by way of Post-Literacy Initiative to enable the Neo-Literates to retain the language and numerical literacy acquired by them. Altogether 50 women were trained to manufacture soap powder and Agarbathi, under the non-formal education programme. Mr. Rajasekar from Sharmik Vidyapeet helped the College volunteers in imparting training.

Campus Diversity Initiative (CDI)

Campus Diversity Initiative is an Extension Outreach of an Action-Oriented Research Project for students of higher education. It is sponsored by the
Ford Foundation, New Delhi. Bharathidasan University, Tiruchirappalli, is one of the nine Universities in the country selected for implementing the programme. The Programme, which aims at diversity in higher education, has seven components, namely, Value-Based Education, Unity in Diversity, Environmental Education, Naturopathy, Human Rights, Gender Equality and Rural-Urban Diversity.

**Youth Red Cross**

On June 7, 1920, fifty members were formally nominated to constitute the Indian Red Cross Society and the first Managing Body was elected from among them with Sir William Malcolm Hailey as Chairman. The youth Red Cross society was the subordinate body of Indian Red Cross society which was founded in 1920.

The Youth Red Cross of the College is a recent addition to the network of service-oriented organizations in the Campus. It came into being at the dawn of the new Millennium with the laudable goal of training students to render service to the handicapped and the deprived. Within a short span of time, it has rendered commendable service to the community at large. The following are its highlights.

On November 11, 2000, its members participated in a Rally organized by the Indian Red Cross Society of Tiruchirappalli District for creating awareness on eye donation. Youth Red Cross Volunteers of the College were engaged by the District Election Officer for verification of the voters list in the Thiruverumbur Constituency from 16th to 19th February 2001.

They also Volunteers whenever there is a call for blood donation from any hospital in the city. The volunteers attend to the educational needs of the inmates of the Blind School. On the basis of a rotation system, 15 volunteers are sent every day to take classes for the 10th and the 12th students from 5 p.m. to 7.30 p.m. They also read newspapers and magazines for the benefit of those inmates who would like to know about the current developments in the country. The Youth Red Cross Unit was given a special award for the exemplary service by
the Management of the Blind School at Mannarpuram. The Volunteers have raised a vegetable garden on the premises of the Blind School and they also maintain it.

**The Leo Club**

The first Leo club was founded in 1957 by Jim Graver, the coach of the Abington High School, Pennsylvania baseball team. It is a offshoot of Lions Club International. The Leo Club of Jamal Mohamed College was started on 07-04-1982. It functions under the patronage of the Lions Club of Tiruchirappalli Mid-Town. It continues to be the largest Leo Club in Asia for the past ten years, with a membership of 443 students. In collaboration with its parent club, Jamal Leo Club takes part in all the social service programmes. Every year, the Club conducts a blood grouping camp in the College to prepare a list of Blood Donors. Copies of the list are given to the Deputy Warden of the Hostel and to the Principal. The Leo Club of Jamal Mohamed College donates blood to the needy at an average of one unit per day. The Club also conducts free medical camps, free eye camps in the rural areas around Tiruchirappalli. During Kargil War and during the Gujarat Earthquake, the Leo Club did contribute to the relief by raising funds and clothes for the people hit by the disaster. Every year, during the monsoon season, when the low-lying areas of the Tiruchirappalli City get flooded, members of the Leo Club visit these places and help the City Administration to bring quick relief to the affected people. Whenever there is any natural calamity around, the members of the Jamal Leo Club make it a point to lend a helping hand.

**Rotaract Club**

Rotaract originally began as a Rotary International youth program in 1968 at North Carolina, USA. The Rotaract Club of Jamal Mohamed College functions under the Rotary Club of Tiruchirappalli R.I. District 3000 Zone I. The Club

---

has an Advisor from the teaching faculty. The first advisor of the club was Prof. Basheer Ahamed Usmani of the English Department. The present faculty advisor is Dr. M.H. Mohamed Ilyas of Botany Department since 1996. Just like the Leo Club of Jamal Mohamed College, Rotaract Club of the College is the largest club in Asia. The Club meets every fortnight to chalk out its programmes. The Club donated Rs.5000/- to the marriage of a poor girl. A free medical camp was organized in which 78 people were benefited. Twenty five student members helped the Blind School for Women at Mannarpuram, when the school celebrated the 23rd Annual Day. Again, 24 members participated in the TASK 98 Programme organized by the Rotaract Club of Karur and bagged the BEST CLUB AWARD for community service and professional development. The members celebrated the 51st Independence Day with the inmates of the Blind School at Mannarpuram. Sports and cultural competitions were organized for the blind students, at the Rehabilitation Centre by the Rotaract Club of the College. Nearly 120 students of the Club donated blood.

A Free Eye Camp was organized at Jamia Majid, Alikhan Kulam near J.K. Nagar, Tiruchirappalli and 254 people were benefited.

**Anti-Dowry Association**

The Anti Dowry Association of Jamal Mohamed College was founded in the year 1984 by N.A.M. Abdul Aleem, a student of final B.Com. The Association is registered under Societies Act.No.S.6 of 1985. The Association is affiliated to Anti Dowry Association of Tamil Nadu, with its Head Quarters at Khajamian Hostel of Jamal Mohamed College. The Principal is the patron of this organization. Since 1984, Janab Syed Tajudeen Madani is the Legal Advisor for this Association.

It was established with the main aim of abolishing Dowry in our society and to create an awareness of the evils of Dowry among the youth and to

---

encourage the youth to marry without collecting any Dowry. The team members of the Anti-Dowry Association every year conduct different programmes in the College. They also publish a hand written monthly magazine, “PRATHIPALIPPU”, in Tamil. In Tamil Nadu, it is common among the people to pay a huge amount of money and jewel to the bridegroom. And also in some parts of Tamil Nadu, female infanticide is common. Hence the main aim of this organization is to eradicate this evil from our society. With this objective, the members conduct Debates, Elocution competition, Seminars, Group Discussions among students.

Anti-Dowry Association conducted an All India Anti-Dowry Conference in the year 1989 at Devar Hall which was attended by many public personalities. Along with the Women’s Cell of Holy Cross College of Tiruchirappalli, this organization has solved many dowry related problems. There are more than 600 members in the Association, which has branches all over Tamil Nadu. Many of the members of the Association have married without taking any dowry.

Besides, the College recognizes students who secure I and II positions in the University Examinations in all disciplines (including Part I and Part II) of U.G. and P.G. courses. All the top five rankers of the University are also recognized.

**Endowments and Awards for Extra-curricular Activities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Award</th>
<th>Recipient</th>
<th>Honours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Service Gold Medal</td>
<td>Prof. R. Panchanathan &amp; Dr. A.M. Mohamed Sindhasha</td>
<td>Outstanding NSS Volunteers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Major. V. Natarajan Award</td>
<td>Major. V. Natarajan, Former H. O. D. of Tamil</td>
<td>Best Cadet in NCC infantry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Leo-Samson Award</td>
<td>Dr. P. Periyanagam, Former H.O.D. of English</td>
<td>Best cadet in NCC Armed squadron</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4) Dr. P. Periyanagam Rolling Cup</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>Best cadet senior under officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5) 100% Attendance Award</td>
<td>Dr. M. Purushothaman, H.O.D. of Botany</td>
<td>NSS volunteer with 100% Attendance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6) Arjuna of Jamal Award</td>
<td>Dr. Thameejuddin, S/o Late Janab Abdulla Sahib, Former President of College management committee</td>
<td>Outstanding sportsmen of the year</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Graph 5. Source: Annual Report, Jamal Mohamed College, 2011.

The graph shows the increasing of students strength in every decade particularly between 2001 and 2011 there tremendous growth in the student enrollment due to the introduction women section and additional self finance course in the campus.

M.I.E.T. Arts and Science College, Tiruchirappalli

Origin and Its Development

The majority Indian Muslim Community was educationally, politically and economically disprivileged. Among the disprivileged Muslims, the most backward were one of those the Panchana Muslims. They mostly live in the places like Salem, Namakkal, Perambalur and Tiruchirappalli Districts of Tamil Nadu. Traditionally the Panchana Muslims worked as Coolies. Before 1960, the educated Muslims were small in number. But now a number of Panchana Muslims have completed their higher studies and posted not only in our country

69 Coolies- the labors who work under daily wages or Low wages.
but also abroad. The Researcher proposes to trace out the Muslims leaders who made great effort to develop the *Panchana* Muslims.

A leading *Panchana*, A. Mohamed Yunus was born the son of Moulavi Abdul Rahman Ali, in a poor family. But his poverty did not dampen his eagerness to study. As a result, he studied engineering in 1961 at Coimbatore with the help of his two elder brothers. In those days, engineering colleges were situated only in three places in Tamil Nadu, such as Karaikudi, Coimbatore and Madras. Mohamed Yunus completed his M.Sc., Engineering Course in the year 1967-68 at Guindy College of Engineering in Madras. He was the first engineering graduate in *Panchana* Muslim Community. He worked as a lecturer, in Chennai Central Polytechnic College in the year 1969-71. From the year 1971 onwards Mohamed Yunus supplied electrical materials to BHEL through his manufacturing plant.

He was the first industrialist from *Panchana* Muslim Community. He constructed numerous buildings for State and Central Government through his civil construction company known as ‘Sima’. Mohamed Yunus was very much influenced by the *Anwarul Muslim Central Association*, Ceylon, which was headed by his father, Abdul Rahman Moulavi. As a result, he wanted to uplift the Muslim Community.

Tamil Nadu Government issued a G.O. which permitted private sector to start Polytechnic and Engineering Colleges under the self-finance stream. Mohamed Yunus noted the G.O. and discussed with Janab Jabarullah Khan, Janab Abdul Muthalif and Janab Buahari to start a new Polytechnic College. He consulted the Anwarul Muslim Central Association, the Mother Society of *Panchana* Muslim Community. Mohamed Yunus initiated the work with the support of his friends, especially belonging to Panchana Muslims.

The first meeting was held in 16-12-1983 to start a Polytechnic College to help their community. They organized a Committee called ‘Islamic Council’, which was later converted as M.I.E.T. Alhaj A.Hasan Mohamed J.P. was
selected as the President of M.I.E.T. Council. He was the eldest leader, leading industrialist in Panchana Muslim Community. He got the award of ‘Justice of Peace’ (J.P.) from the Srilankan Government. After his selection, the President of the Society, Janab Hasan Mohamed J.P. donated Rs. 50,000 for the promotion of the Council. M.I.E.T. Council meeting was held on 08-01-1984, in the house of Mohamed Yunus. In that meeting, they decided to admit 200 members from their community and each member must pay Rs. 2000.

The members of the M.I.E.T. Council traveled to places where Panchana Muslims were dominant. They visited places like Erumaipatty, Varahur, Senthamangalam, Thirumalaipatty, Kalappanayakkanpatty, Salem, Musiri, Kolakkudi, Pouthiram, Pulivalam, Sirukudi, Ethumalai, Valaiyur, Samayapuram, Pudur, Uthamanur, Thachankurichi, Siruganur, Amma Palayam, Puthu Athur, Perambalur, Vishvakkudi, Muhammed Pattinam, Thondaimanthurai, Arumbavur and Pulambadi for generating money to establish educational institution. After the untiring trip of the Council, 91 persons joined as new members of this Council. Among them Haji Mohamed Yakub donated Rs.50,000 and induced 16 persons from Dubai to join as new members in the Council.

The M.I.E.T. Council was registered on 20-05-1984. The Council consists of Haji Hasan Mohmed as President, Janab Abdul Majeed as Vice-President, Janab Mohamed Yunus as General Secretary, Janab Abdul Latheef as Assistant Secretary, Janab Jabarullah as the Treasurer and Janab Abdul Muthaleef and Janab Alla Pitchai as its members. The M.I.E.T Educational Institutions are promoted by the Mohamed Institute of Education and Technology, which was registered in the year 1984 under the TamilNadu Societies Registration Act 1975, by the initiative of the Founder Secretary, A. Mohamed Yunus, an industrialist and educationist of high repute.. The Society is recognized as a Muslim Minority Institution under Article 30[1] of Indian Constitution.

Finally, M.I.E.T. Polytechnic College was established by Mohamed Yunus in the year 1984. Now the M.I.E.T. group of institutions has more than 4000 students.
also developed M.I.E.T. Engineering College, and M.I.E.T. Arts and Science. The M.I.E.T. is located in Gundur with an area of 80 acres of land. The M.I.E.T. Arts College was established in the year 1994 with the permission of the Government of Tamil Nadu. The following Arts and science course offered by the M.I.E.T. College were B.Com, B.Sc, Physics, Computer Science, Industrial Electronics, Biochemistry, B.C.A., M.Sc, Electronics, M.Sc, Biochemistry, M.Sc Information Technology and M.C.A. These courses are commonly offered for men and women. The M.I.E.T College has qualified experienced and dedicated faculty supported by adequate administrative staff and lab assistants. Hygienic and fully furnished hostel is provided by the Management for both boys and girls separately.

A library is the life blood of an academic institution and fully automated modern library is on its way to become an outstanding learning resource centre.\(^{70}\)

**Objectives**

The Main objectives of the college is

- To offer world-class educational, research and training programmes, leading to impart high technical and managerial skills.

- To launch programmes for promotion of socio-economic standards of public at large through extra-mural programmes.

The College is managed as per the administrative and academic norms and guidelines of Bharathidasan University, Tiruchirappalli.

The overall management of the of the College is under the direction and control of the Governing council constituted with eminent educationalist, industrialist, academicians and professionals as members.

---

\(^{70}\) Souvenir, Silver Jubilee Year 1984-2009, MIET Institutions, p. 10.
The Planning Board

A Planning Board consisting of a former vice-Chancellor, Registrar, a Chief Engineer, Industrialists, Eminent Professors, all them with technical background, advice the management on process of planning and directions, strategies for effective management of the college.

The Quality Policy

- To create world-class facilities and impart high quality education and training and exceed the expectations of all stake-holders continually.

- To employ qualified, experienced and competent staff and keep them motivated.

- To install fall-safe systems and procedures to maintain the quality of its services and products, comparable to the best in the country.\(^{71}\)

Profile of the Departments

Department of Bio-chemistry: The Department of Biochemistry was started in 1993. The Department conducts three-year (6 semesters) under graduation course leading to B.Sc. (Biochemistry) and established two-year (4 semesters) post graduation course leading to M.Sc. (Biochemistry) degree in 1995. Since its inception, the Department has produced a number of University ranks and bright scientists, now pursuing their careers in India and abroad. Thirty five students in under graduation and twenty four in post graduation are admitted to this course every year. The discipline of Biochemistry today occupies a pivotal position in Teaching and Research of all Biological and Bio-Medical Sciences. The fields of Agriculture, Pharmaceutical and Environmental Sciences are incomplete without a sound knowledge of Biochemistry. Recent advances in Bio-technology and its Industrial applications have been possible only due to a thorough understanding of the underlying principles of Biochemistry.

\(^{71}\) Ibid., p. 14.
This department produces students with sound background of theoretical and experimental Biochemistry. The students completing their B.Sc. easily find placements at Postgraduate level in Indian and Foreign Universities of repute. After passing their M.Sc. degree from this department they are absorbed in Government and private sector enterprises dealing with any of the aforementioned areas. In view of the advances made by Biochemistry in clinical diagnostics, it has also a very good scope of self-employment.

**Department of Commerce:** The Commerce and Business Administration Department is staffed by experienced, well dedicated and highly qualified teachers. In the year 1993-1994 B.Com and B.B.A degree courses was started with an initial intake of 50 students for B.Com and 50 students for B.B.A. The Department focuses on the multi-faceted human resource development of students anticipating academic achievements that will assure them excellent career prospects in life. In tune with the changes taking place in all walks of the life in 2003, the management of the college fugged women section and upgraded the college as a co-educational institution in numbered more in B.Com and B.B.A Degree than other degree courses.

**Department of English:** From the inception of M.I.E.T Arts and Science College in the year 1994, the department of English has been functioning efficiently. The major department was started in the year 2009. The first batch of students has been successful in academic and co-curricular activities. Achieving efficiency and proficiency in the queen’s Language is our primary motto. Care is taken to ensure that everyone speaks the language which they learn. Our department has dedicated staff members who are experienced in the field of English language teaching. The department has infrastructure to offer quality education and training.

**Department of Mathematics:** The department was established in the year 1993. B.Sc (Maths) course started during the year 2011. It have allied subject for the first year is Physics and for the second year allied subject is Computer science. The department has three qualified and well experienced Lectures. Also the
departments have produced one centum (100/100) in the paper Probability and Statistics.

**Department of Microbiology:** Among the affiliated colleges of Bharathidasan University, M.I.E.T Arts and Science College, was the first one to establish Microbiology Department in 1994. The Department of Microbiology in the M.I.E.T Arts and Science College is home to a community of dedicated teachers and teacher-scientists, providing an environment conducive for any student. Innovative teaching methods and thrust-area research in the life sciences is the forte here. The diverse interests of the faculty build up a strong force to provide the student with a lot of experience in microbiological techniques.  

**Department of Physics:** The Department of physics and electronics was started in the year 1993. The Course has been formulated in such a way that students become eligible for self-employment or higher education in various related fields. In this department, the eminent faculty members take lot of efforts to develop the student’s technical skills. The department has dedicated, qualified and experienced faculty members with specialization in various fields of knowledge.

It has very dedicated efficient and eminent staff members. Symposia and seminars are organized every year by the department to update the students with the latest technological developments. In the year 2003, the Postgraduate degree course in Electronics (M.Sc Electronics) was introduced which forms the base of all engineering streams. The Course is designed to offer exposure to modern concepts of Electronics such as Digital Signal Processing (DSP), Embedded System (ES) and VLSI design. The PG students have to undertake an industrial project in their final semester, which gives them an opportunity to get exposure to the real time environment in the field of electronics and helps them get employed. Seminars and exhibitions are arranged for the benefit of the students. Programmes offered by the Department are:

- B.Sc Physics

---

72 Interview with P.M. Mansure, Principal, MIET Arts and Science College, dated 4th May, 2011.
B.Sc Industrial Electronics
M.Sc Electronics

Extra and Co-curricular Activities

Besides the academic activities, the college has been giving encouragement and full support to extra curricular activities like sports, NSS, Rotaract, Consumer Club, Fine Arts, Red Ribbon Club, Students Exnora. The College provides several opportunities for students to improve their talents by extra-curricular and co-curricular activities through various professional associations, cultural and other services clubs.

Department Associations:

Each departments of the College has their unique Association. The principal of the College is the ex-officio president of Associations. Active students are members of the following association of the college.

1. Arabic Association
2. Commerce Association
3. Lit Coronet (English)
4. Pothigai Tamil Mandram
5. Bio-chemistry Association
6. Mathematics Association
7. Computer Science Association
8. Business Administration Association
9. Micro-biology Association
10. Physics and Electronics Association

All public lecture, debates and discussions on current topics are held under the auspices of the College Association. Music performance, instrumental and vocal and drams are conducted under the auspices of the Fine Arts Association.  

---

73 Calender 2004-2005, MIET Arts and Science College, p. 10.
National Service Scheme

The National Service Scheme is a body of student volunteers under the leadership of a Program officer. Recruitment is made from all students for 3 units with strength of 300 volunteers. Every student member of this scheme should serve at least two years with 120 hours of engagement in community service per year of excluding Annual camp.

Physical Education

The College have well designed and well stocked sports annexes and we encourage students to take advantage of it and take an active interest in sporting activities. The sports annexes include fields for activities like cricket and football. Tennis and volley ball courts are also included along with space for athletics. The indoor stadium can be used for sports such as basketball, Table Tennis and many more. There is a Physical Director at hand to oversee and provide directions while separate space is available for girls and boys.

Training and Placement Cell

Training and Placement Cell is an integral part of the institution. The College has provided adequate infrastructure for the effective functioning of the Cell. Various companies are invited for campus interview for the final year students. Personality Development Courses like leadership training, effective public speaking, and time management are offered. Students are being motivated to present papers on various competitive stages.  

---

74 The Hindu, 23rd July 2012.
The figures in figure 6, highlights the enrollments in MIET Arts and Science College, from 2000 to 2006 with the classification of men, women, Muslim men and women. The ups and downs in the enrollment caused with many reasons such as emergence of new higher educational institution, fascinating towards the professional courses like engineering and medicine. However there was a change in the year 2006 in the admission, witnessed high enrollment of women students with 68%.

Generally the Arts and Science colleges have long been produced good civil servants and intellectuals to country. As a part Jamal Mohamed College and her fifty five years of educational service made Tiruchirappalli region as one of the leading higher learning centres of south India. The second minority Arts and Science College MIET has started in the late 1990’s, however this institution is too serving educational service in the neighbouring rural area. Compare to Jamal Mohamed College, the student’s strength of MIET is very meager but most of the students who were studying in this institution, coming from rural background. These two minority institutions were started with the objectives of giving proper education to minority particularly the Muslims. However these educational institutions became paradise for all communities irrespective of caste, creed and
religion. Even though, the students coming from overseas for their higher studies particularly from underdeveloped African countries. The Tiruchirappalli Muslims are also realized the fundamental need of higher education. The realization and development of Technical education is an essential to meet the technological needs of the country. Technical education plays a significant role and can be considered as backbone of the economic progress and development. This fact has been realized by the Muslim educationalist to establish and promote technical education in Tiruchirappalli region.