ABSTRACT

This research is a study of Self Help Groups which examines the administration of these groups which falls under the unorganised sector. The researcher has studied the women self help groups in Pune city (Maharashtra) only. Through these groups there are many women entrepreneurs formed which are not highlighted and as there is rising number in the groups, the administration of the same places an important role. This aspect is not studied up to the research carried out on the self help groups. Thus the researcher study is based from the aspect of studying the administration of the women Self help Groups by women entrepreneurs. The need for studying the administration is felt by the researcher as there are rising number of the women self help groups in Pune city and they require well defined process of administration.

Objectives of Research -

1. To study the women entrepreneurship in respect of self help group in Pune city
2. To study how women members of the group (gat) achieve financial independence
3. To study how the skills and productivity of women have increased through exposure to entrepreneurship, through bachat gat movement or self-help group in Pune city
4. To study the administrative practices of self help group in Pune city
5. To study role of women entrepreneurs in administration of selfhelp group

Hypotheses -

The researcher has considered the following points as hypothesis for her Ph.D research:-

1. The Self Help group has played a significant role in development of women entrepreneurship in Pune city.
2. Business run through social and economic weaker section face various problems in view of unique structure and economic constraint.
3. The administration in women entrepreneurship in Self Help Groups needs improvement.
The research is descriptive type of research. The research is based on the primary sources of data collection like personal interview, questionnaire, observations, and secondary resources like books, newspapers, government reports, articles etc. Researcher has used random sampling method for selection of the groups and for the data analysis researcher has Z test, Chi square test and percentage and proportion method.

Following is the chapter scheme in the thesis :-

1. Introduction and history of Bachat Gat movement :- In this chapter researcher has provided with the history and background of the self help groups in various states like Kerala, Andhra Pradesh, and Karnataka, Then role of Shg in Maharashtra and then in Pune city. The chapter also specified the research objectives, limitations, research gap.

2. Review of Literature :- The researcher informs about the literature studied by her for the research which includes books, government reports, journals, articles etc

3. Research Methodology and Hypothesis:- This chapter describes the type of research, how the data is collected through the primary and secondary sources

4. Profile of selected Self Help Group (Bachat Gats), Functions and Procedures.- The researcher in this chapter studies the profile of hundred groups which helps the researcher to understand the functioning of the groups.

5. Administration of Self Help Group by Women Entrepreneurs:- This chapter studies the administration practiced in running these groups.

6. Problems faced by self Help Groups and its members.-The various problems faced by the group and by the members are specified in this chapter and also researcher has given certain solutions for the problems.

7. Statistical Analysis of data, Hypothesis Testing - The collected data is being analyzed by the researcher using the tools in this chapter and findings are stated.

8. Findings, Conclusions, Suggestions and Recommendations

Bibliography.

Webliography.

Appendix.
The researcher through the research have certain findings like women members were aware about the benefits they will get when they join the group, their income has increased after joining the group, members borrow the loan for starting small enterprises, confidence have increased after joining the group, various types of trainings are offered to start the business which have proved useful, loans are being preferred by the members to be taken from the self help groups only, groups are being registered, internal rules and regulations are drafted and followed, the administration is carried out by the president (chairperson), or secretary.

Certain recommendations like loan utilisation should be for the effective reasons, administration of the group should be more professional, financial administration should be transparent, administration should be on the same lines no matter the groups are run by any method etc. are in detail explained in the chapter. The researcher feels that her research will be helpful to the members and president or chairperson of the groups to bring the proper common guidelines to run the group. Also all the members should be trained to carry out the same duties of the administration of the groups in rotation. The research will also help them to achieve the stability in the groups which few groups are not able to achieve. For the society the research is useful which it has already proved the success of the self-help groups in reaching to the poor and giving them the credit with no formalities that effective administration is possible even in the unorganised sector.