GLOSSARY

Repelita

Silviculture

Five year Development Plan

A branch of the science of forestry Concerned with the breeding development and cultivation of forest Trees.

T P T I (Tebang Pilih Tanam Indonesia)

The selective cutting and planting system. It consist of many cycles with a Harvest every 35 years. (one of a Silviculture system applied in Indonesia.)

T H P A (Tebang Habis Dengan pemudaan alam)

Clear cutting with natural regeneration (one of a Silviculture system applied in Indonesia.)

T H B P (Tebang Habis Dengan Pemudaan Buatan)

Clear cutting with artificial Regeneration (One of a silviculture system applied in Java and teak forest of Indonesia.)

H T I (Hutan Tananman Industri)

Industrial Timber Estate

LATIN Lembaga Alam Tropika Indonesia

The Indonesian tropical Institute: - A non governmental Organization, It was established on 5 October 1989 in Bogor, West Java. Its aims to promote indigenous Models of sustainable Natural resource Management in Indonesia.

T G H K (Tata Guna Hutan Kaseparatan)

Is the functional classification of Indonesia’s forest lands. The categories Are: protection forest, conservation forest Production forest and conversion forest. The TGHK was established in 1983 by the Department of forestry and agreed to by All provincial governments and other Sectors.

RTRWP (Rencana Tata Ruang Wilayah Propinsi)

Is the spatial management plan of Provincial land area as an elaboration Of the spatial management act of 1992. The spatial classification according to the RTRWP are protection forest; forest land Cultivation area; and non forest cultivation Area. The two functional land classification System have been integrated in their Implementation since 1993.

HP H -Hale Pengusahaan Hutan

Forest concession rights have been the Dominant system to utilize natural forest And their resource in Indonesia. The agreed Functional forest classification (TGHK) and The provincial land use planning (Rencana Tata Ruang wilayah propinsi RTRWP) are the bases for design and control in the Development of HPHs, timber plantation Concessions (HTI)and tree crop plantations.

Adat

Indigenous.

Belukar

Scrub forest
Grass lands,

Shifting cultivation.

Village Development - This program was started in early 90’s, since the policy was not seriously implemented so the programme Faced many constraints.

Social forestry - Programme of growing trees To satisfy rural needs of fuel wood, small Timber and fodder.

Directorate of settlement and village Infrastructure

Directorate general of village development.

The village resettlement programme,

The term pribumi is used to refer to the Indonesians of ethnic origins other than Chinese, (Native entrepreneur)

Non native entrepreneurs,

Officials.

Private rights of ownership.

Community.

Certificate.

Re-sprouting of trees after felling.

Foreigners.

Export of non wood Forest products which include rattan Charcoal, Resin, nut etc.

Employment in forest concessionaires.

Community forestry :- The central and Management of forest resources by the rural people who use them especially for domestic purposes and as an integral part of their farming, on oct, 7th 1998. Indonesian ministry of forestry signed a ministerial Decree 677. It sets out the framework for the second generation of HKM.

Ecosystem with a minimum of 10% crown cover of trees an/or bamboos generally associated with wild flora and fauna and
Natural forests:

A subset of forests composed of tree species known to be indigenous to the area.

Plantation Forests:

Established artificially by afforestation in lands which previously did not carry forest within living memory, or established artificially by reforestation of land which carried forest before with replacement of the indigenous species by a new and essentially different species or genetic varieties.

Afforestation/Reforestation:

The establishment of a tree crop on area from which it has always or very long been absent, where such establishment fails and is repeated the letter may properly be termed reforestation.

Reforestation

Establishment of a tree crop on forest land.

Deforestation

Change of forest with depletion of tree crown to less than 20%.

Timber

A wood suitable for or processed for use in construction.

Log (Kayu Bulat)

A piece cut from a trunk or branch of a tree.

Wallac's Line

A line drawn by the English naturalist and geographer, Alfred Russel Wallace, 1823-1913, modified by Huxley, separating the distinct flora and fauna of Southeast Asia and Australia, this line is one of the sharpest zoogeographical frontiers in the world.

Dipterocarpaceae

The single most important family of tropical timber trees, the dipterocarpaceae is found almost entirely in the lowland rain forest.

Rattan

Jointed stems of a palm used in furniture making.

Plywood (Kayu Lapis)

Board made by gluing layers with the grain crosswise.

Sawn wood (Kayu-Gergajian)

Wood (including sleepers) sawn lengthwise or produced by profiles chipping process and planned wood.

Resin

A stoically substance from plants and certain trees.

Pluvtsylva

(Latin word for rain forest) The studies of insects.

DR (Dana Reboisasi)

Reforestation fund the DR is collected since 1980 under the Dana Jaminan Reboisasi dan permudaan Hutan that was drawn up as the keepers No. 35/1980 in Indonesia. The fund was used for reforestation to ensure the forest conservation as a national asset, environmental balance and to ensure a continuous supply of raw materials for the wood processing industry. Even though it has gone several changes i.e. keepers No. 29/1990, keepers No.53/1997 and keepers NO. 32/1998, the meaning and propose of...
the DR was not changed.

APKINDO (Asosiasi Panel kayu Indonesia) Indonesian Wood Panel Association- In 80's this was the world dominant plywood Supplier. At that time apkindo was headed by Bob Hasan, Suharto business friend and soul mate. Apkindo virtually determined Indonesia's forest policy at that time.