Both transaminases have no relationship with each other and they seem to behave independently.

The increase of ST and GOT levels found in certain conditions were only marginal.

The pathogenesis of production of reaction in non-lepromatous leprosy seems to be different from the same in lepromatous leprosy.

The value of estimation of serum transaminases in leprosy patients is very limited.

The decreased value of enzyme levels in skin tissue extracts and normal levels in liver tissue extracts indicate that increase of serum enzyme levels in certain conditions of leprosy is not due to any hepatocellular damage.

Conclusion