Bibliography


   (Website: www.econ.ucsb.edu/papers/wp06-03.pdf)


47. Census of India, 1971. Migration Tables, India, P- II- D (i).


60. Census of India, 2011, Provisional Population Totals.


the United States and Venezuela: A cross national study of decision
making” in G. Kurian and R. Ghosh (eds.). Women in the family and

73. Currie, Janet and Wanchuan Lin. 2007. “Chipping away at health: More on the
relationship between income and child health,” Health Affairs 26(2):331-344.

Policy 27(3): 335-56.

perspective on ethnic differences in women’s economic activity in Britain”

The National Assembly of Voluntary Organisations, Indian Social
Institute, October 2-4, New Delhi.

Of women’s status in Birbhum district of West Bengal” in J. Bagchi (ed.).
2005.

78. Das Gupta, Monica. 1995. “Life course perspectives on women’s

79. Davar, Bhargavi. 1995. “Mental illness among Indian women,” Economic and
Political Weekly 30(45):2879-86.

80. Davis, Angela. 1981. Women, race and class: The approaching obsolescence of
housework: A working class perspective. Great Britain: The Women’s Press
Ltd.


102. Ellsberg, Mary Carol. 2000. “Candies in hell: Research and action on Domestic violence against women in Nicaragua,” *Umea University, Sweden and Nicaragua Autonomous National University, Leon, Nicaragua.*


Dimensions, determinants and the influence of context” in Harriet B Presser
and Gita Sen (eds.). *Women’s empowerment and demographic processes:
Moving beyond Cairo*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp.204-238.

India and Pakistan: The influence of religion and region”, *Population and

parents’s socioeconomic status: Distinguishing the impact of mothers and
fathers”. (Website: www.econ.ceu.hu/download/BESS/19Nov09.pdf)


*Economic and Political Weekly* 37(21):2037-2044.

clothing industry in Morocco,” in Afshar Haleh (ed.). *Women, work and

series*. New York; Oxford; Toronto and Melbourne: Oxford University
Press.


measurement of women’s empowerment,” *Development and change*
30:435-64.


