The 'environmental movements' in India enable us to pose problems of wider significance. However India is still a predominantly agrarian country where environmentalism has its origins in conflicts between competing groups between peasantry and industry-over productive resources. This work aligns itself within the strand of political ecology as social movements which examine the meanings between the different groups and the research field through an analysis of the political interests and actions of various actors like- states, agencies, NGOs, corporations, pressure groups and lobbyists, elites, peasants and the landless were politics and power remains central that participate in the political ecological conflicts. The study has broadened the explorations in environmental history by linking it to contemporary protests with the case study of Kudremukh Environment movement in Karnataka.

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