When we compared our FNAB diagnosis with conventional histopathological diagnosis which was possible in as many as 96 out of 111 cases, our FNAB diagnosis was accurate in as many as approximately 90% of the cases.

We did not meet any complication in any case studied by us.

In our present study, we have concluded that the FNAB technique is easy to perform, least expensive, most practical and fairly accurate in the diagnosis of various swellings. The procedure is usually not met with any complication even in deeply situated lesions like abdominal lump, prostate & thyroid etc. and fear in the past about this was unfounded.

Our observation has been found totally with the figures of various authors all over the world. The literature on the subject has been extensively reviewed.

Based on our findings & comparability with the figures of various authors, the procedure is recommended for its general use.


11. Conen D.R.: Decreased mutual adhesiveness a property of cells from squamous cell carcinoma, Cancer Res. 4:625-629, 1944.


