In modern era of information communication technology, e-librarian have given more weight age to electronic journals on users need and change in the trend of transit from print to e-journals. There have been many ups and down in users behavior, library budget and the professional attitude of human resource in university library. The proliferation of electronic publications and the easy availability of e-resources has attracted the users to access more and more e-journals.

It has been experienced that print journals are no more comfortable to consult as it needs more space, more time and rise has also been an barrier in availability of print journals. E-journals have become popular due to user awareness programs organized by the libraries. Internet, Networking and the creation of institutional repositories have made the libraries more capable to serve the users efficiently to their satisfaction.

However this study entitled “An evaluation study of e-journals collection management transition, trend and technology: A survey of University Libraries of Delhi” has been divided in seven chapter. E-journals and application of information technology, collection of journals, selection policy and development of University libraries of Delhi and literature reviews. Chapter 2 deals with research methodology explaining the research methods and the survey method which has been applied in this study. Chapter 3 deals with e-journal collection Management, Management policy, planning, OPAC etc. which are main factors of e-journal collection management. Chapter 4 in University Libraries deal with publishers role, transit as logical progression, trend of change and shared behavior and value.
Chapter 5 is library service and e-journals deals with DDS, open access service, user’s visit, training service oriented acquisitions, marketing, Accessing and consortia services. Chapter 6 is Results and Discussion which deal with statistical analysis of data collected out of questionnaire, observation and interview schedule. Chapter 7 is conclusion dealing with findings and recommendations. The last is Appendices which includes References, Bibliography and questionnaire.