Landmarks of Community Medicine
LANDMARKS OF COMMUNITY MEDICINE (1947-67)

1947 - Establishment of Ministries of Health as the Centre and States Creation of Post of Director General of Health Services

1948 - India joined World Health Organization-The ESI Act 1948 was passed

1950 - Planning Commission set up- Five year plans started including health

1953 - National Malaria and Filaria Control Programmes

1954 - National Leprosy Control Programme launched

1955 - National Filaria Control Programme launched
   - National Tuberculosis survey started

1956 - The Model Public Health was published-Central Health Education Bureau set up

1958 - National Malaria Control Programme changed into National Malaria Eradication Programme-National Tuberculosis survey completed

1959 - Mudaliar Committee

1960 - Pilot projects for eradication of smallpox initiated

1961 - Central Bureau of Health Intelligence

1962 - National Smallpox Eradication Programme launched District Tuberculosis Programmes formulated

1963 - Applied Nutrition Programme - National Institute of Communicable diseases

1966 - Mukherjee Committee

1967 - Madhok Committee