BIBLIOGRAPHY


Agarwal, C.M., (ed) 1993; "Dimensions Of Indian Woman Hood"; Shri Almora Book Dept.; Almora, India.


Altekar A.S., 1962; The Position of Woman in Hindu Civilization; Motilal Banarsidas; Varanasi, India.


Ambedkar B.R., 1948; The Untouchables, Who were they and Why they became Untouchables; Delhi, Amrith Book Co.


Baig T.A., (Ed) 1958; “Women of India”, Publication Division, Govt. of India, New Delhi.


Banks, Olive, 1981; Faces Of Feminism; Mortin Robertson, Oxford University Press, London.


Bebrata P.C., 1967; “Attitude of Women Towards Family Planning/ A 
Study of Differences by Family Types in Six Villages of Delhi”, Journal of Indian studies on Social Sciences quarterly, Vol-1, Bombay, pp.78-93.

Berreman D. Gerald, “Caste & Other Inequalities Essay’s on 
Inequality”, 1979, Ved Prakash, Vetuk Folklore Institute, 35/1 Kailash Puri, Meerea.

Beteitte, Andre, (ed) 1969, Social Equality, Harmond Sworth Middle 
Sex, England Penguin Books Ltd.

Bhagat K.B., “Status of Women and Age at Marriage in India”, Social 
Change, June 1990.

Bharadwaj A.N., 1979; “The Problem of SC’s & ST’s in India”, Light 
Life Publishers, New Delhi.


Census of India Series, Part II, B (II).

Census of Shimoga Dist.

Chanana Karuna, (ed) 1988, Socialization, Education and Women; Exploration in Gender Identity, Orient Long Man, New Delhi.


Constitution of India, The Scheduled Caste, The President of India has Power to issue the list of Scheduled Castes order of 1950 after consultation with the Governor of any State.

Cormack Margmet, 1986, “The Hindu Women”.


DWCD, 1988, National Perspective Plan for Women 2000 AD”, Govt. of India, New Delhi.

Encyclopedia of Britannica; Vol – 27.


Encyclopedia of Social Sciences, 1934.

Encyclopedia of Sociology Vol – I.


Govt. of India Act, 1935, Para 26, Schedule I.


Gupta J.L., 1988; "Challenges to the Fair Sex"; Gian Publication; New Delhi.


Hearn J. And Margan D. (eds), 1990, “Men Masculinities And Social Theory”.

ICSSR; Volumes Of Desertation Abstracts, New Delhi, 1972.

Indira M.A., 1940, “The Status Of Women In India”, Minarva Book Shop, Lohore, India.


Kalia Perumal, K., 1983; “Status of Women and her role in Family Decision-Making Process”; “A Few Case Studies”; in Gupta R.N. and M.M. Grundotra (eds); Women’s Accessibility to Health and Family Planning, IOMR; New Delhi.


Kapur, Promilla, (ed) 2001; “Empowering The Indian Women”, Publishing Division; Ministry of Information and Broadcasting; Govt. of India;

Uppal Publishing House, New Delhi.

Khanna, Girija And Vargheese Mariamma; 1978; “Indian Women
Today”, Vikash Publishing House; New Delhi.

Kothari H. (ed) 1997; “Caste System Untouchability and the
Depressed”, Published by Ajay Kumar Jain for Manohar Publishers &
Distributors, New Delhi –110002.

Kothari Jaya Pillai, 1995, “Women and Empowerment”, Gyan
Publishing House; New Delhi.

Kothari Jaya; 1995; “Women And Empowerment”.

Koushik, Susheela, 1986; “Women’s Oppression Pattern and
Perspective”, Shakti Books, Delhi.

Krishna Maithreyi; 1981, “Female Power and Male Dominance”,
Women Studies in India; Some Perspective: Press Sindicato of University
of Cambridge.

Krishna Swamy, Shantha, 1985; “Glimpses Of Women In India”,
Ashish Publishing House; New Delhi.


Leela Mahadale; “Crime Against Women”, Joint Secretary, Govt. of India Yojana, Feb 2002.

Mahindra Indira, 1980; “The Rebellions Home Makers”; SNDT Women’s University; Bombay.

Majumbar, Veena, 1985; “Emergence of Women’s Question in India and Role of Women’s Studies”; Centre For Women’s Development Studies, New Delhi.


Majundar Veena’s ; Comment in the Session on “Women Power and Authority at 1978 meeting of the Inter-Nation Congress of Autobiographical and Ethnological Sciences” in New Delhi.

Majundar, Veena & Sharma Kumud, 1982; Communities Perception of Sex Roles an exploratory study to develop a Methodology of Promoting values of Sex Quantity CWDS, B-43, Panchasheela Enclave, New Delhi.


Mascarenhas M.M.; 1990; “Women; Silenced from Womb to the Tomb”, Crest Bangalore.


Mehtha S. 1982; “Revolution and the studies of Women in India”, Metropoliton, New Delhi.


Murthy B.S., 1979; “Depressed and Oppressed”, (For Ever Agony); S.Chand & Co. Ltd; New Delhi.


Oakley, Ann, 1974; “House Wife”; Allenlane, London.


Parvathamma C., 1984; “Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe”; A Socio-Eco Survey; Ashish Publishing House; New Delhi.

Pearlin C.T., 1995; “Sex Roles and Depression”; The Datan & C.H.Ginsberg (eds); Life Span Development Psychology; Normative Life Crisis; Academic Press; New York.


Pillai J.K., 2002; “Empowering Women in India”, Selections from University News Association of Indian Universities, AIU House 16, New Delhi.


Rao Usha N.J., 1981; “Deprived Castes in India”; Chugh Publications; Jain Temple Road, Jawahar Nagar, Jaipur-4; India.


Rein Court, Amury De, 1989; “Women and Power in History”; Sterling; New Delhi.


Sharma Kumud; “Gross Roots Organization and Women’s Empowerment”; Some issues in the Contemporary Debate; 1992; In Samya Shakthi Centre for Women’s Development Studies, Vol-VI, New Delhi.

Shatrugna, Veena, 1985; “Women and Health”; Research Centre for Women’s Studies, Bombay.

Shintri Sarogini (edt); “Women her Problems and her Achievements”, Silver Jubilee Publications.


Staff Reporter, Indian Women not aware of Rights, Times of India, Feb 1, 1989.


Sudha D.K., 2000; “Gender Roles”, APH Publishing Corporation, Ansari Road, Daria Ganj; New Delhi.


Tandon R.K., 1998; “Status of Women in Contemporary World”; Common Wealth Publications; Ansari Road; Daria Ganj; New Delhi-110002.

Tapan Neetha, 2000; “Need for Women Empowerment”; Rawat Publications; Jain Temple Road, Jawahar Nagar, Jaipur-4, India.


Upadhya H.C., 1991; “Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes in India”; A Socio-Economic Profile; Anmole Publications, New Delhi.


Varna Rameshwari & Mariette Correa, 1992; “Gender Equality”; A Chapter in Education in Values; A Sources Book NCERT.


Visibility and Power”; Essays on Women in Society and Development; (edt) by Dube Leela, Eleanor, Leocock, Shirley Ardner, 1986; Delhi, Oxford University Press, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras.
