Appendix I

Kumar Nath Sarkar, B.A., B.L. (1860-1930), the eldest son of Raj Kumar and Hari Sundari, practised as a lawyer at Rajshahi. He had earned a lucrative practice and had also a flourishing business in ballast stone and coal.

Shashi Shekar, the second son (1864-1932), was still receiving education when he sustained a serious injury by fall from a tree. The injury affected his brain, and he remained an invalid for the rest of his life.

Jadunath (1870-1958) was the third son.

Anandinath, B.A., B.L. (1881-1955) retired as a pleader in the small cause court of Calcutta. He was highly respected at the Bar and the Bench, also for his scholarship in English (literature).

Bijaynath, B.A. (Hons), C.E. (Roorkee) (1883-1963) was an executive Engineer in the P.W.D. in Madhya Pradesh. His interest in history, archaeology and travel made him look closer to Jadunath than anyone else in the family.

Birendranath, the fifth son (1883-1954) became a Professor of Physics at the Krishnanath (Berhampur) College.
Akhilnath, M.B., the youngest (1886–1951) was a Professor of midwifery at the Patna Medical College. He also became a Rai Bahadur and G.O.M.

The three sisters were Sushila Sundari (1865–1910), Sukumari (1868–1938) and Surbala (1876–1960).

Jadunath Sarkar's wife was Kadambini Sarkar (1880–1964).


2. Vide information to a query, from Dr. J.N. Chowdhury, a pupil and a close family friend of Sir J.N. Sarkar. His biography of the historian is awaiting publication in Bengali by Bangiya Sahitya Parishad, Calcutta.