APPENDIX 8

Places of Importance associated with the Babbar Akali Movement

Akalgarh: It is situated on the banks of the Bist Jullundur Canal, three kilometers away from Garhshankar (Hoshiarpur). It had been a venue of a big political conference in which Master Mota Singh and Teja Singh Swatantar participated during the Akali movement.

Achhalpur: The village, situated in the Siwalik range, to the east of Garhshankar, was known for wrestling matches. S. Kishan Singh Gargaj and Karam Singh of Daulatpur delivered speeches there when they visited the place at the time of a 'ghhrinj' in November, 1922.

Bayri Tibba: The village falls in Sangrur District and is near Sherpur. Mann Singh and Ghuwand Singh of this place, played significant part in organising the Babbar Akalis of Malwa at a time when the Babbar Akali movement in the Doaba was on its last legs.

Bhaura: It is on the Banga-Garhshankar road on the 'Chitti Basen' (white rivulet), two miles north of Naura. The place was an occasional resort of Rattan Singh of Rakkar who was helped by Maulvi Ali Shah Sayyad of this village.

Bika: Atma Singh, an important Babbar Akali worker belonged to this village. The village is at a distance of four kilometers from Gunachaur on the Gunachaur-Sirhala Kasian road.
APPENDIX 8 contd:

**Birring:** The village was the birth place of Sardar Kishan Singh Gargaj - the architect of the Babbar Akali movement. It is at a distance of 1 kilometer from the railway station of Jullundur cantonment and now forms a part of Jullundur Municipal Corporation. A punitive police post was set up here during the Babbar Akali movement and a fine of Rs. 1400 was realised from the villagers.

**Bolina:** It is the first railway station on Jullundur-Hoshiarpur line. The village was a centre of S.Kishan Singh Gargaj's activities in 1922.

**Bona Kail:** The village falls in Kapurthala District. Two of its inhabitants played ignoble part during the Babbar Akali movement by becoming approvers.

**Buro Barrian:** The village is towards the north of Garhshankar. Kartar Singh Akali of this village became approver in the Babbar Akali conspiracy case.

**Chabbeval:** It is situated on the Hoshiarpur-Garhshankar road and is in the vicinity of Siwalik Hills. The Babbar leaders S.Kishan Singh Gargaj and Babu Santa Singh met Waryam Singh of Dhugga, Banta Singh and Dalipa of Dhamian and converted them to the Babbar ideology on February 16, 1923, near this village.
Chattlwinds: It is near Amritsar. Harain Singh of this place was a colleague of S. Kishan Singh Gargaj in 2/35 Sikhs, participated in the First Akali conspiracy. He was involved in the Babbar Akali conspiracy case of 1923-25 as well.

Chala: The village lies in Garhshankar Tehsil of Hoshiarpur District. Hari Singh Khanda of this village contributed poems to the Babbar Akali Doaba.

Chhabilpur: This is the only village of Sialkot District which finds place in the annals of the Babbar Akali movement. Partap Singh s/o Lal Singh of this place took part in the movement.

Chhoti Herion: Babu Santa Singh belonged to this village. The village is situated at a distance of 3 miles to the North-East of Samrala.

Dansival: The village is at a distance of 1¼ kilometers from SAILA Khurad railway station. The Babbar Akalis killed Labh Singh Mistri of Garhshankar, on March 17, 1923 at the time of a 'Chhini', here.

Daulatpur: It is near Alawalpur on the Jullundur-Tanda road at a distance of 1/2 kilometre from Kishangarh. Surain Singh of this village was sentenced to life, in the Babbar Akali conspiracy case, Supplementary II.
Daulatpur: It is situated at a distance of one Kilometer to the north from the 12th milestone of Nawanshehar-Chandigarh road. The village was a big centre of the Babbar Akali activities. Karam Singh, the pre-eminent Babbar Akali leader was born here. The other Babbar Akalis of this place were Banta Singh s/o Pal Singh (a cousin of Karam Singh Babbar), Waryam Singh s/o Sohan Singh, Thakar Singh s/o Aeshar Singh, Hari Singh s/o Dewa Singh and Gurbachan Singh s/o Mali. A punitive police post was also set up here and a punitive post tax of Rs. 8000/- was also imposed and realised from this village.

Dhadha Fateh Singh: It is near Hariana to the north of Dhamian. Labh Singh of this village got arrested S.Kishan Singh Garga; from a secluded place which lay between Dhadha and Pindori Mahal.

Dhalival: The village is situated to the North-west of Kapurthala. Amar Singh Subedar (pensioner) who led the First Pensioner's Jatha to the Guru Ka Bagh was also implicated in the Babbar Akali conspiracy case.

Dhamian: It lies three miles north of Sham-Chaurasi and is connected with the Sham-Chaurasi-Mandachaur link road. The village has been venerated by the sacrifices of its heroes. Dalipa of this village was sentenced to death in the Babbar Akali conspiracy case. Banta Singh was killed in an encounter with the police in December 12, 1923.
at Munder. Dalip Singh Clerk was sentenced to life in the Babbar Akali conspiracy case. Bhola Singh, elder brother of Banta Singh was sentenced to life in the Babbar Akali conspiracy case, Supplementary II. Piara Singh, Master Ram Singh, Lakha Singh, Faqir Singh, Jiwan Singh and Kartar Singh also suffered much during the Babbar Akali movement.

Dharam Singh s/o Banta Singh and Ujjagar Singh, a nephew of Piara Singh, were killed in the encounter with the police during the early forties.

Dhugga: It is on the border of Hoshiarpur Tehsil, north of the village, Ambala. Waryam Singh belonged to this village.

Domeli: The village lies at a distance of 10 miles from Phagwara. Kartar Singh s/o Basant Singh and Kartar Singh s/o Dugga Singh, who were sentenced to 7 years each in the Babbar Akali conspiracy case, hailed from this village.

Gobindpur: The village lies in Gujjaranwala District. Mann Singh, a soldier of regiment No.52, took part in the Babbar Akali Movement.
Gobindpur: It is situated on the Banga-Kot Patuhi road and is at a distance of 5 miles from Banga-Kabul. Singh of this village was a sympathiser of the Babbaris.

Gowipur: It is situated to the south-west of Mahalpur. Kartar Singh of this village was a close associate of S. Kishan Singh Gargaj. He was transported to life in the Babbar Akali conspiracy case.

Hayatpur Burki: The village is situated at a distance of 5 miles from Garhshankar. Dharam Singh, Sunder Singh and Surjan Singh of this village were closely associated with the Babbar Akali movement.

Haripur: It lies to the east of Adampur at a distance of 5 miles. Karam Singh of this village was sentenced to death and executed on 27th February, 1926, while Shiv Singh was awarded life-imprisonment.

Jassowal: The village is situated at a distance of 1 kilometer from Saila Khurad railway station. It was an important resort of the Babbar Akalis and was known as a high court in their cellury. It remained a hub of the Babbar activities for three consecutive years. The prominent Babbar Akalis of this place were Hardit Singh, Charan Singh, Lakh Singh, Karam Singh, Hari Singh, Teja Singh, Zaila Singh and Harbakhsh Singh. A remarkable thing about the village is that none of its sons turned traitor. A Punitive Police Post was set up here and punitive post tax was imposed on the village.
Jhingari: Karan Singh, one of the inner circle of the Babbar Akalis, belonged to this village. It is at a distance of 10 miles south of Banga.

Johal: It is near Belina on the Jullundur-Hoshiarpur road.

Kahna: At a distance of 6 miles from Banga, it is situated on the Nawanshahar-Banga road. The village was often visited by Master Dalip Singh of Gossal. Another Babbar Akali, Hazura Singh of Hansro was killed here in an encounter with the police near the mausoleum of Baba Chain Singh.

Kaulgarh: It is 6 miles from Balachaur to the north-east and was a stronghold of the Babbar Akalis. The decision to reform the toadies was arrived at here, under the leadership of S. Karan Singh, in May 1922. Udham Singh, Bawa Singh and Kharak Singh were prominent Babbar Akalis of this village.

Kishan Pura: It is near Kala Bakra. The place was called 'Big Hospital' in the colluqir of the Babbar Akalis.

Khajurala: The village is situated to the east of Jullundur-Ludhiana railway line in Phagwara Tehsil of Kapurthala district.

Khaspur Kaleswal: It was an important haunt of the Babbar Akalis. It lies in Garhshankar Tehsil.
Amroopur: It is in Jullundur Tehsil and is near Jullundur cantonment to the south of Jullundur-Ludhiana railway line.

Kot Fatuhi: The village is situated in Garhshankar Tehsil and was a venue of a big political conference held in February 1922.

Kukar Masara: It is situated on the 9th kilometer of the Garhshankar-Nurpur Bedi road.

Kukar Pindi: It lies at a distance of 7 kilometers from Jullundur to the north-east. Baba Basant Singh of this place participated in the Babbar Akali Movement.

Langeri: It is situated at a distance of 1 kilometer to the South of Mahalpur.

Lihali: It is in Gurdaspur District. Ganga Singh of this village, who was a Naik in the army helped the Babbars with arms and ammunition.

Mahal Gehlai: It is in Nawanshehar Tehsil. A Punitive Police Post was set up here to crush the Babbar Akalis.

Makhsuspur: It is near Kot Fatuhi. Sunder Singh s/o Natha Singh of this place had undergone life-imprisonment in connection with the Babbar Akali movement.

Malakwal: The solitary village of the North-western Panjab and of Rawalpindi District produced Kirpal Singh who helped the Babbar Akalis with arms and ammunition. Later on, he turned approver.
Manaki: It lies in Phagvara Tehsil. Dalip Singh accused No. 72 of the Babbar Akali conspiracy case, hailed from this village.

Mananbana: It is situated at a distance of 2 kilometers to the north-west of Kot Patluhi. Dhanna Singh exploded a bomb here in which 9 persons were killed.

Mangat: It lies in Nawanshehar Tehsil near the border of Phagvara Tehsil. Bishan Singh, the martyr of Babali, and Bhan Singh belonged to this village.

Mehatpur: It is situated on the Bist Doab canal at a distance of 3 kilometers from Rahon. Karam Singh of Daulatpur organised a political conference here in 1921.

Moragwali: It is towards the south of Behbalpur and to the west of Garhshankar. Milkha Singh accused No.88 in the Babbar Akali conspiracy case, hailed from this village.

Munder: It is situated on the Jullundur-Hoshiarpur road and is the last village of District Jullundur. Here, an encounter of the Babbar Akalis took place on December 12, 1923 in which Banta Singh of Dhamian and Jawala Singh of Fatehpur Kothi were killed.

Masara Kalan: It is situated on Rahon-Jalda road at a distance of three miles from Usmanpur. Waryam Singh, Kartar Singh and Ram Singh took part in the Babbar Akali movement.
Mangal Shamman: The village is hardly a mile from Jullundur cantonment. The Babbar Akalis shot Bata Singh of Mangal Shamman dead, on March 10, 1923.

Pindori Nijjaran: The village lies at a distance of 20 kms. from Jullundur on the linkroad leading from Adampur to Shamshaurasi. From Adampur, it is hardly 5 miles. Thirteen persons of this village took part in the Babbar Akali movement. A Punitive Police Post was also set-up here.

Pandori Mahal: Kishan Singh Gargaj was arrested here on 26th February, 1923. The village lies in Hoshiarpur District.

Pindori Rajputan: It is situated in Hoshiarpur Tehsil. Duman Singh, an ex-soldier, who took prominent part in the Babbar Akali movement, belonged to this village.

Patara: It lies to the east of Jullundur-Hoshiarpur road at a distance of 10 kilometers from Jullundur cantonment. Master Mota Singh, belonged to this village. It was called 'Mecca' by the Babbar Akalis.

Pathlawa: It is situated at a distance of 8 miles north of Banga on the Banga-Saila Khurad road. Sanga Singh of this village helped the Babbar Akalis.

Plahi: It is in Phagwara Tehsil of Kapurthala District. It is at a distance of one mile from Phagwara. It was an occasional haunt of S. Kishan Singh Gargaj.
Praupgri: It is only at a distance of 1/2 mile from Jullundur cantonment. Kishan Singh Gargaj started his activities with the help of Sant Kartar Singh in 1921 from this place.

Rajowal: It is near Rehsival in Hoshiarpur Tehsil. The Babbar Akali Jatha was launched here, in August 1922 in the Kutiya of Sant Thakar Singh.

Rakkar Bet: It is situated on the Balachaur-Ropar road on the Doaba Bist Jullundur Canal at a distance of 5 miles from Balachaur. Rattan Singh, hero of thirties, was born here.

Ramgarh Jhuggian: It is near Hayatpur - Samundara. Uday Singh of Babli fame belonged to this village.

Rehsival: It is near Rajowal. The Babbar Akali Doab leaflet was often cyclostyled here in the house of Sham Singh.

Rurki Khas: It is situated at a distance of five miles, to the east of Garhshankar. Rattan Singh met his heroic end here in an encounter with the police on July 15, 1932.

Sirhala Khurad: The village lies in Garhshankar Tehsil of District Hoshiarpur. Khen Singh pensioner and his son Harbans Singh were arrested during the Babbar Akali movement.
Sadharat: It is situated on the line road, which takes off from Balachaur-Garhshankar road, leading to Makhupur to the east of Masari. Dalip Singh and his son Gurbachan Singh of this place were arrested during the Babbar Akali movement.

Tapai: It is a railway station between Dhuri and Bhatinda junctions. Baba Santa Singh, one of the leaders of the Babbar Akalis, was arrested from this place on June 20, 1923.