APPENDIX I

CHRONOLOGY OF THE MAIN EVENTS

October 12, 1920
Golden Temple and Akal Takhat come under the control of the Akalis.

November 16, 1920
The S.G.P.C. comes into existence.

December 14, 1920
The Shiromani Akali Dal formed.

January 25, 1921
The Akalis, under Teja Singh of Bhuchar take control of Darbar Sahib, Tarntaran.

February 20, 1921
Tragedy of Nankana occurs.

February 21, 1921
Karam Singh of Daulatpur organises a political conference at Mehatpur.

March 3, 1921
Mahatma Gandhi attends a Shahidi divan at Nankana Sahib and calls upon the Sikhs to adopt non-cooperation.

March 9 to 11, 1921
Master Mota Singh condemns Nankana Carnage and lashes at the policy of non-violence, at Kot Fatahi.

March 10, 1921
The Akali conference at Rurka Kalan is held. Master Mota Singh addresses the conference.

March 21, 1921
Karam Singh Daulatpur organises a conference at Mehalpur.

March 25–27, 1921
XIII Sikh Education Conference takes place at Hoshiarpur.

April 4, 1921
Kishan Singh Gargaj becomes Secretary, Akali Dal.

April 9, 1921
The militant Akalis hold meeting at Amritsar in the office of the Secretary, Akali Dal.
May 21, 1921  The militant Akalis hold meeting and depute Bela Singh and Ganda Singh to murder J.W. Bowring.

May 23, 1921  Bela Singh and Ganda Singh are arrested and the conspiracy ends in a fiasco.

June 4, 1921  Kishan Singh becomes fugitive.

June, 1921  Master Mota Singh leaves for North-west Frontier Province.

October 27, 1921  Keys of the Tosa Khana of Golden Temple, Amritsar taken away by the Government official.

October, 1921  Karam Singh holds a conference at Kukar Majra.

- Kishan Singh addresses meetings at Haraspur, Phahi and Chaheru.

November 1, 1921  Karam Singh of Daulatpur leads a jatha of 50 Akalis, at the call of the S.G.P.C. to capture the Gurdvara of Rohtian.

November 8, 1921  First Akali Conspiracy case starts.

November 15, 1921  Master Mota Singh appears and delivers a fiery speech at Nankana, on the occasion of the birthday of Sri Guru Nanak Dev ji.

- Baba Gurdit Singh of Koma Gata Maru fame offers, himself, for arrest at Nankana.

November, 1921  S. Kishan Singh floats Chakarvarti Jatha.

- Conference at Rurka Kalan, meetings at Chehru, Phagwara, Jullundur and a diwan at Birring takes place.

December 6, 1921  S. Kishan Singh Gargaj delivers anti-British speech at Haripur

December 12, 1921  Master Dalip Singh of Gossal attends Rurka Kalan diwan and delivers a lecture there.

December 21, 1921  A diwan is arranged at Jhingar.
December 24-28, 1921

Kishan Singh attends divans at Chamkaur Sahib and Sirhind.

January 12, 1922

The Akalis under Mula Singh Bahowal take control of Anandpur Sahib. The militant Akalis under Kishan Singh help capture the Gurdwara of Kiratpur Sahib.

January 17, 1922

The Akalis, arrested in connection with the keys agitation, are released.

January 19, 1922

The keys of the Tosakhana are delivered to Baba Kharek Singh at Akal Takhat.

January 20, 1922

Karam Singh of Daulatpur arranges diwan at Nawanshahr.

January 31, 1922

Meeting is held at Jadla.

February 24-26, 1922

A diwan is held at Ghurial on the concluding day of 101 'Akhand-Paths'.

- A conference is held at Kot Fattuhi.

March 14, 1922

Kishan Singh Gargaj delivers a fiery and anti-British speech at Anandpur Sahib, on the occasion of Hola Mohalla.

March, 1922

A diwan is arranged at Bhunani.

March 18, 1922

A diwan is held at Sirhala.

March 19, 1922

A diwan at Sangowal is held by Kishan Singh.

March 20, 1922

A Conference at Aprodakes place.

March 24, 1922

Meeting at Rajowal by Kishan Singh group to devise ways and means of 'reforming' the toadies.

April 13, 1922

A meeting is convened at Sadhara by Karam Singh of Daulatpur group to consider the reformation of the toadies.

April 22, 1922

A police party raids Sirring to arrest Kishan Singh and Master Mota Singh.

May 11, 1922

Sunder Singh Makhsuspuri is arrested at Sundh.
May 20, 1922

Harnam Singh Mehdipur is assaulted by Chakarvartis of Kishan Singh group.

May 28, 1922

A meeting is called at Kaulgarh by Karam Singh group to reform the jholichuks.

- Assa Singh and Dalip Singh Sadhera seek the advice of Kishan Singh in connection with the decisions of Kaulgarh meeting at Basiala.

June 16, 1922

Master Mota Singh is arrested from his village.

July 3, 1922

Kaka, Lambardar of Bachauri, is robbed of Rs. 570/2 by Karam Singh group.

July 9, 1922

Kishan Singh considers merger of both the Chakarvarti jathas. He along with Assa Singh, reaches Hayatpur to meet Karam Singh.

August 18, 1922

Karam Singh of Jhingar, Master Dalip Singh of Gossal and Kishan Singh visit Montgomery jail to meet Master Mota Singh.

August 20, 1922

Babbar Akali Akhbar is started by Karam Singh.

August 22, 1922

Guru Ka Bagh Morcha starts.

- The Babbar Akali Jatha is floated after the merger of chakarvati jathas.

September, 1922

Kishan Singh Gargaj addresses a letter to the Secretary S.G.P.C. asking him to give up the policy of non-violence at Guru Ka Bagh.

- Meeting at Rajasal to plan the murder of Arjan Singh Patwari, alleged to be responsible for the arrest of Master Mota Singh.

October, 1922

The Babbar Akalis attend "Charan Ki Chhinj" at Ashalpur.

October 20, 1922

Leaflets are distributed by the Babbar Akalis in the "Parkama" of the Golden Temple, ridiculing non-violence.

November 30, 1922

The Panjab Government announces rewards for the arrest of the Babbars.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>December 8, 1922</td>
<td>Letters of the soldiers printed in the &quot;Babbar Akali Akhbar&quot;.</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 25, 1922</td>
<td>First meeting is held at Jassowal to decide the reformation of the Jholichuka.</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 30-31, 1922</td>
<td>Second meeting at Jassowal takes place.</td>
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<td>January 5, 1923</td>
<td>Karan Singh of Jhingar and Dalip Singh of Gossal are arrested.</td>
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<tr>
<td>January 12, 1923</td>
<td>Letters of soldiers are printed in the &quot;Babbar Akali Akhbar&quot;.</td>
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<td>January 16, 1923</td>
<td>First abortive attempt is made to kill Arjan Singh Patwari of Haripur.</td>
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<td>January 23, 1923</td>
<td>Dhanna Singh Behbalpur joins the 'Babbar Akali jatha'.</td>
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<tr>
<td>January 24, 1923</td>
<td>Second attempt to kill Arjan Singh Patwari of Haripur also ends in fiasco.</td>
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<td>February 2, 1923</td>
<td>Pragpur is raided to arrest Kishan Singh Gargaj.</td>
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<td>February 10, 1923</td>
<td>A dacoity is committed at Jadia.</td>
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<tr>
<td>February 13, 1923</td>
<td>Bishan Singh Zaildar of Rani Thua is murdered.</td>
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<tr>
<td>February 16, 1923</td>
<td>A police informer, Diwan, is murdered by the Babbar Akalis.</td>
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<tr>
<td>February 22, 1923</td>
<td>Waryam Singh of Dhuanga and Dalip of Dhamiar join the Babbar jatha.</td>
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<tr>
<td>February 26, 1923</td>
<td>Third meeting takes place at Jassowal.</td>
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<tr>
<td>March 1, 1923</td>
<td>Kishan Singh Gargaj is arrested from Pindori Mahal.</td>
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<td>March 3, 1923</td>
<td>Assa Singh of Phakrudi is arrested from Kiratpur Sahib.</td>
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<tr>
<td>March 10, 1923</td>
<td>Dacoity at Jassa railway station is committed by the Babbar Akalis.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Buta Singh, Lambardar of Nangal Shamman is murdered.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
March 14, 1923  First attempt is made to kill Labh Singh Dhadda, responsible for the arrest of Kishan Singh.

March 17, 1923  Second attempt to kill Labh Singh Dhadda also fails.

March 19, 1923  Labh Singh of Garhshankar is murdered.

March 22, 1923  First declaration of the Babbars owning the murders and open letter by the Babbar Akalis to Ll. Governor, Panjab, is issued.

March 23, 1923  Third attempt to kill Labh Singh Dhadda also aborts.

March 23, 1923  The police conduct simultaneous raids at Pindori Nijjaran, Kishan Pura, Jassowal, Bika, Pragpur, and Rehsaiwal etc.

March 26, 1923  Amar Singh, granthi of Kot. Fattuhi is arrested.

March 27, 1923  Hasara Singh Sirbrah of Behbalpur is murdered.

April 3, 1923  First attempt is made by the Babbars to murder Lambardars and Chaukidars of Pindori Nijjaran.

April 17, 1923  Subedar Ganda Singh of Ghurial is murdered.

April 20, 1923  Second attempt to murder Lambardars and Chaukidars of Pindori Nijjaran also fails.

April 22, 1923  The arrests of the Babbar Akalis start.

April 23, 1923  The Government of the Panjab takes steps to release the Akalis, arrested in connection with the Guru Ka Bagh morcha.

April 24, 1923  The S.G.P.C. declares its dissociation with the Babbar Akalis.

April 25, 1923  The Akalis arrested in connection with the Guru Ka Bagh Morcha are released.

- Second proclamation for the apprehension of the Babbars is issued.
May 20, 1923  | Ralla and Dittu of Kaulgarh murdered.
May 21, 1923  | Second letter of the Babbar Akalis owning the murders is issued.
May 29-30, 1923  | The S.G.P.C., again, declares the Babbar Akalis, anti-Panthic.
June 6, 1923  | Ata Mohammed Patwari of Mandachaur, murdered by the Babbar Akalis.
June 20, 1923  | Babu Santa Singh arrested at Tapa railway station.
July 7, 1923  | The S.G.P.C. sends First Enquiry Committee to probe the excesses by the Police in the Doaba.
July 15, 1923  | Bishan Singh Sandhara assaulted by the Babbar Akalis.
July 22, 1923  | Subedar Amar Singh of Dhaliwal, a military pensioner and a member of the S.G.P.C. arrested.
August 8, 1923  | Third Proclamation announcing rewards for the arrest of the Babbars, issued.
August 14, 1923  | Buta Singh of Pindori Nijjaran, arrested.
August 15, 1923  | The case of the Babbars, starts.
August 17, 1923  | The Babbars are produced in the court.
September 1, 1923  | Babali carnage takes place.
September 6, 1923  | The S.G.P.C. appoints second enquiry committee to go into the Doaba excesses.
September 13, 1923  | Second Enquiry Committee arrested by the police.
September 19, 1923  | Harbans Singh of Sirhala Khurad, arrested.
September 21, 1923  | Udham Singh of Jandoo Singha, a member of the S.G.P.C. arrested.
September 23, 1923  | Sixty three Babbars challaned.
October 12, 1923  | Dalipa of Dhamian arrested at Mian Channun, District Montgomery.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
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<tr>
<td>October 25, 1923</td>
<td>Dhanna Singh explodes a bomb at Mannanhana.</td>
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<tr>
<td>November 13, 1923</td>
<td>Jawala Singh of Kotli Bawa Dass murdered.</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 12, 1924</td>
<td>Murder takes place.</td>
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<td>December 29, 1923</td>
<td>Sadha Singh of Pandori Nijjaran dies during the trial.</td>
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<tr>
<td>January 29, 1924</td>
<td>The Babbar Akali conspiracy case Supplementary I is brought before the committing magistrate.</td>
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<td>April 4, 1924</td>
<td>Both, the cases are committed to the sessions.</td>
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<td>June 2, 1924</td>
<td>The case starts in the court.</td>
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<td>June 8, 1924</td>
<td>Waryam Singh of Dugga killed at Chak No. 54, District Lyallpur.</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 13, 1924</td>
<td>Sunder Singh of Hayat Pur dies during the trial.</td>
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<td>February 28, 1925</td>
<td>Five Babar Akalis are sentenced to death.</td>
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<td>January 19, 1926</td>
<td>After an appeal in the High Court 6 Babars instead of 5 are sentenced to death.</td>
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<tr>
<td>February 27, 1926</td>
<td>Six Babar Akalis are executed.</td>
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<tr>
<td>February 28, 1926</td>
<td>Seven are sentenced to death in the Babbar conspiracy case, Supplementary II.</td>
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<tr>
<td>February 27, 1927</td>
<td>After an appeal in connection with Supplementary II in the High Court 6 are sentenced to death and are sent to the gallows.</td>
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<td>October-November, 1929</td>
<td>The Akalis of Malva plan to start the Babbar movement.</td>
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<td>May 16, 1931</td>
<td>Sadhu Singh of Sandhara sent to the gallows.</td>
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<td>July 15, 1932</td>
<td>Rattan Singh of Rakkar killed, in an encounter with the police.</td>
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<td>December 8, 1933</td>
<td>The Babbar Akalis murder Bela Singh of Zian.</td>
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<td>Date</td>
<td>Event</td>
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<tr>
<td>June 21, 1936</td>
<td>Anup Singh of Manku Murdered.</td>
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<td>April 9, 1938</td>
<td>Karam Singh Jhingar dies on the last day of imprisonment.</td>
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<td>August 10, 1939</td>
<td>Kartar Singh Kirti and Gurdit Singh of Mandholi sent to the scaffold for the murder of Anup Singh.</td>
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<td>March 13, 1940</td>
<td>Sir Michael O'Dwyer shot dead by Udham Singh of Sunam, in London.</td>
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<tr>
<td>March 15, 1940</td>
<td>Karam Singh of Mannanhana, responsible for the death of Dhanna Singh of Behbalpur, is murdered.</td>
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<tr>
<td>June 13, 1940</td>
<td>Udham Singh sentenced to death.</td>
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<tr>
<td>June 27, 1940</td>
<td>S.O.M. Beaty shot dead by the Babbar Akalis of Malwa at Chatha Sekhwan.</td>
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<td>July 31, 1940</td>
<td>Udham Singh is sent to the gallows.</td>
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<tr>
<td>January 10, 1943</td>
<td>Harbans Singh of Sirhala arrested.</td>
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<tr>
<td>April 3, 1944</td>
<td>Harbans Singh sent to the scaffold.</td>
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<td>September 1, 1946</td>
<td>First Babbar Shahidi Conference, at Gurudwara Chaunta Sahib (Bebeli), takes place.</td>
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