LESSON PLAN - 11
TOPIC - TYPES/ FORMS OF GOVERNMENT

Instruction Objectives

After the instruction are one, student will be able to:-

1) Differentiate between distortional and democratic Government.
2) Explain the characteristics of a forms Govt.
3) Discuss about the condition for the success of democracy.

Entry Behavior

It is assumed that the students know about the Govt. of India.

Instructional Aids

(I) Transparency showing forms of Govt.
(II) One head projector.
(III) Black-bound, Chalk, Duster & pointer.

Content Sequence

(I) **Type of Govt.**
   There are two type of Govt.
   (a) Democratic Govt.
   (b) Democratic Govt.

(2) **Characteristics of Government**
   (a) Equality
   (b) Freedom
   (c) Independent Judiciary
   (d) Government of people
   (e) Responsible Govt.

(3) **Condition for success of democracy**
   (a) High character
   (b) Independent Judiciary
   (c) Independent & Impartial
   (d) Welfare of the monitories
   (e) Social and economic equality
   (f) Good of organization of political parties.

Graphic organizer

Instructional Program

Content sequence (O,)

Teacher till the students

“Today we will learn about the types of Govt”.

Teacher ask the students-

“In which country do you like?”
“What type of Govt. we have in India?”
“What are the different types of Govt?”
Students Respond
Teacher will explain
There are two types of Govt. one known as dictatorial Govt. and other is known as democratic Govt. Dictatorial Govt. is one man is a final authority in every matter and his will law. This it is one man show.
The other form is democratic form of Govt. Democracy is a which depend on the consort of the Governed i.e. of the people. It is are so matter called a Govt. by the people have the supreme power. In democracy supreme power is exercised by the people or citizens of the country. In India the idea of democracy developed mainly during our struggle for freedom.
Teacher asks
What are the various types of Govt.?”
“What do you mean by dictatorial Govt.?”
Students respond
Conformation/corrective feedback is provided on and when required.

Content sequence (Oₐ)
Teacher tells the students
“Today we will learn about the characteristics of democratic Govt.”
Teacher asks the students
“What do you mean by democracy?”
“What do you understand by the term equality?”
“What are the different characteristics of democratic Govt.”
Student Respond
Teacher will explain

Characteristics of democratic type of Govt.
1. Equality: In democracy every individual has the equality irrespective of caste, class, region, age, sex. It means that child, adult, female, male, Sikh, Hindu have equal rights to do the things.
2. Freedom: In democracy, citizens are free to do the work, speak, etc. but it should be for the welfare of the people. He can write it but it should be for the favour of the society and without hunting anybody. They have the light to move from one place to another etc.
3. Independent Judiciary: In democratic country, we have independent judiciary. It means the no political party or person influence the judiciary system. The courts will do the work according to their own laws.
4. Govt. of the People: Democracy, means that the supreme power is in the hands of the citizen, they select the govt., govt. is for the people, by the people, to the people.
5. Responsible government: In democracy, people select there representative and make the govt. the persons who are selected make some promises to the people and it is the responsibility of representative to look
TYPES/FORMS OF GOVERNMENT

DICTATORIAL GOVERNMENT

Only one man is a final authority in every matter and his will is law. Thus it is one man show

DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT

People are governed by their own Representatives. They have the right to elect and to be elected.

CHARACTERISTICS OF DEMOCRATIC GOVT.

Equality
Freedom
Independent Judiciary
Government of the people
Responsible Government

CONDITIONS FOR SUCCESS OF DEMOCRACY

High Characters
Independent Judiciary
Independent and Impartial Press
Welfare of the Minorities
Social and economic equality
Good organization of Political Parties
after the welfare of the people. So, this type of govt. is responsible for the welfare of the citizens.

Teacher asks
“What do you mean by govt. of the people?”
“Explain the term independent judiciary?”

Students respond
Conformation/corrective feedback is provided on and when required.

Content sequence (Oin)
Teacher tells the student
“Today we will learn about the conditions for the success of democracy.”

Teacher asks the students
“What do you mean by independent judiciary?”
“Why welfare of minorities is essential for the govt. of India?”
“What are the condition for success of democracy in India?”

Students respond
Teacher will explain
To say, we have a democratic govt. is not enough but to make democratic system properly working is more important. There are certain conditions with which we can manage to make democracy effect. They are as follows:

1. **High Characters**: The foremost need is the need of high character of politician, executive, people etc. Because, there is lots of freedom in democratic setup and is essential.

2. **Independent Judiciary**: If we want that the people will get the proper and equal justice then it is important that political parties should not interfere between judiciary system.

3. **Independent and impartial**: For democratic system, it is necessary that from is able to express their view point independently. Because in this system people is free to express their view.

4. **Welfare of the minorities**: In democratic system there is equality for all people and when the majority group is already in high position, then there is need for the up bringing of minority groups.

5. **Social and economic equality**: For perfect democracy, there is need for the equality between people. So one more important condition is social and economic equality.

6. **Good Organization of Political Parties**: Political parties are the bone for the democracy. So, it is important that the organization of the political parties should be properly done.

Teacher asks
“Why high character is a condition for democracy?”
“What type of political system we have in India?”

Student respond
Conformation/corrective feedback is provided on and when required.