TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION ....................................................... vii-x

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS ..................................................... x-xiii

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS, MAPS AND PHOTOGRAPHS .............. xii-xiv

CHAPTER I: EMERGENCE OF PORTUGUESE MARITIME POWER, 1387-1495 .... 1-12

[i] Early History of Portuguese Maritime Power ................. 1

[ii] Portuguese Nautical Science and Technology .......... 5

[iii] Portuguese People ........................................ 10

CHAPTER II: PORTUGUESE VOYAGES, PIRACY AND RISE OF THEIR POWER ON COASTAL AREA OF GUJARAT, 1495-1504 ... 13-30

- Voyages of Vasco da Gama and Alvarez, 1495-1500 .......... 13

- Second Voyage of Gama, 1502-1504 .......................... 28

CHAPTER III: PORTUGUESE SEA POWER AND COASTAL AREA OF GUJARAT, 1505-1518 . 31-63

[i] Dom Francisco de Almeida as Viceroy, 1505-1509 .......... 31

- Indo-Arabian Axis, 1506 ..................................... 32

- Amir's Arrival at Diu, 1507 .................................. 32

- The Naval Battle of 1508 .................................... 33

- The Capture of Portuguese Prisoners of war 1508 .......... 36

- The Naval Battle of 1509 .................................... 41

[ii] Albuquerque, the Governor of Portuguese India, 1509-1515 .... 50

- Tristao Dega, the Envoy of the Court of Muzaffar II, 1512 .. 51
Albuquerque’s Friendly visit to Diu, 1513 53
Portuguese Embassy to Gujarat Sultanate, 1514 56

[iii] Lopo Soares, the Governor of Portuguese India, 1515-1518 61
Unsuccessful Attempts made by Lopo Soares in Red Sea, 1516 61
Some Account of Portuguese Merchants and an interesting Tale of Genda, 1517-18 62

CHAPTER IV : SOME CONFLICTS AND POWER STRATEGIES ON THE SEA SHORE OF GUJARAT, 1518-1528 64-77

[i] Diogo Lopes De Sequeira, the Governor of Portuguese India, 1518-1521 64
Hospitalities of Malik Ayaz to Diogo Lopes, 1520 65
Portuguese Defeated at Diu by a Brilliant Captain Agha Muhammad, 1521 66

[iii] Duarte de Menezes, the Governor of Portuguese India, 1521 68
Death of Malik Ayaz, the Lord of Diu, 1523 69
Dom Vasco da Gama, the Governor of Portuguese India, 1524 69

[iii] The Governor Henrique’s Attempts to Attack Diu, 1524-26 70
- Lopo Vaz the de Sampai, The Governor of Portuguese India, 1526 70
- The Arrival of Famous Turkish Captains in Service of Gujarat Sultan, 1527 74
Lopo Vaz’s conflict with Diu Flotilla, 1528 75
CHAPTER V: NUNO DA CUNHA (THE GOVERNOR OF PORTUGUESE INDIA, 1529-37) AND GUJARAT

Nuno Da Cunha Arrives as Governor, 1529

The Futile Attack on Diu by Nuno & Brilliant Victory of Amir Mustafa, Rumikhan, 1531

Portuguese Attack on Bassein, the First Victory over Kingdom of Gujarat, 1532

Simao Ferreira Vs. Santiago, Political Tactics and Macedo Vs. Rumikhan Nuno's Visit to Diu, Oct., 1533

Bahadur Shah's Offering Grant of Bassein and Some Territory Round it, 1533

Bahadur Shah's Treaty with Portuguese, the Cession of Bassein, 1534

Bahadur Shah's Second Treaty with Portuguese, 1535

Portuguese completed Fort at Diu, 1536

Nuno's Arrival at Diu and Tragic Killing of Bahadur Shah, 1537

Various Accounts and Remarks on untimely and Premature Death of Bahadur Shah, 1537

Estimate of Bahadur Shah's Reign

The Portuguese Take Possession of Diu

Foreign Nobles: Amir Mustafa bin Baharam (Rumikhan) and Khwaja Safar Salmani
CHAPTER VI: THE FIRST SIEGE OF DIU FORT, 1538,
HISTORICAL ACCOUNT IN CONTEXT OF
COMPARATIVE STUDIES

(i) The first Siege to Make Diu Free
from Portuguese Power, 1538

(ii) First Attack Made by Alam Khan
and Safar

(iii) Individual Heroism of Portuguese
People

(iv) Sulaiman Pasha Returned,
November, 1538

(v) Sulaimani Guns Left on Coast
of Gujarat.

(vi) Critical Approach of Futile
Attempts for the Recapture of
Fort of Diu

CHAPTER VII: REFLECTIVE APPROACH ON LAST PHASE OF
PORTUGUESE DIU, BESIEGED BY THE
SULTAN OF GUJARAT, 1539-1548

[i] Attack on Bassein the King
of Cambay, 1539

[ii] Martin de Sousa, the govern-
nor of Portuguese India,
1542-1545

[iii] Dom Joao De Castro, the
Governor of Portuguese
India, 1545-48

[iv] Safar's Death of the Battle,
June, 1546
CHAPTER VIII: HISTORICAL ACCOUNT OF CAMBAY, DIU AND CHAMPANER INTO PORTUGUESE PERSPECTIVE 147-169

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAMBAY</th>
<th>147-169</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. The Kingdom of Cambay: According to Barbosa</td>
<td>147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The city of Cambay According to Barros,</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. The city of Cambay According to Couto</td>
<td>159</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. The People of Cambay City</td>
<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. The city of Cambay according Barbosa</td>
<td>166</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DIU</th>
<th>170-177</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Early History of Diu</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Gujarat Sultanate and Diu</td>
<td>172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Diu: According to Barbosa</td>
<td>176</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHAMPANER</th>
<th>178-189</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Early History of Champaner</td>
<td>179</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Champaner: According to Barros</td>
<td>186</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CONCLUSION 190-192

BIBLIOGRAPHY 193-205