SCHEDULES
SCHEDULE - A

Schedule used in the field work for "Rural Development and Panchayati Raj Institutions in Andhra Pradesh - A case study in Chittoor district."

Respondents - Officials

PART - I

1. PRI's have been functioning in different parts of India, their origin is always associated with the recommendation of a committee? (Study Team). Could you name the head of the committee?

2. When was PR introduced in Andhra Pradesh?

3. You know there are three tiers of PR in Andhra Pradesh, namely the GP, PS and ZP. You may also be aware of the position of PRI's in some other states. Could you tell us the tiers at different levels and the designation of their heads in Maharashtra and their method of election.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maharashtra</th>
<th>Name of the tier</th>
<th>Method of election</th>
<th>Designation of elected head</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

II. Responsibilities of Panchayati Raj

1. Now there are officials and non-officials at different levels of PRI's in Andhra Pradesh. Could you describe the responsibilities of the following:

A. Zilla Parishad: DDO, ZP Chairman, and Standing Committees

B. Panchayat Samithi: BDO, Extension Officers, President, Standing Committees, and VDO

C. Gram Panchayat: Executive Officer, Sarpanch and Upa-Sarpanch

III. Functions of PRI's

1. PRI's in Andhra Pradesh have been entrusted with different subjects relating to development programmes. According to you what are the important functions of each of the tiers? ZP, PS and GP.

a) A ZP also some additional functions with respect to PSs. What are they?

b) A PS has some function with respect to GPs. Can you describe them?
2. Extension and transfer of technology is an essential element in increasing production. What according to you are the responsibilities of the PS in this context. Also describe the methods adopted in various fields in this context.

3. What is the machinery available to PS for carrying out this extension work.

4. In your view, how did the PS perform these functions relating to extension during the past 15 years? : (a) highly satisfactory, (b) very satisfactory, (c) satisfactory, (d) somewhat satisfactory, (e) not at all satisfactory. Please give reasons and examples.

5. You know that there were no elected representatives in the Samithis between 1975 and 1981. Do you think that the performance of PSs in the field of extension and transfer of technology was different after the elections to PSs in 1981? If so, was it: (a) better, (b) almost the same, (c) worse.

6. Generally speaking how would you compare the performance of your ZP, PS and GP before and after 1981 and what are the reasons therefore?

Before and after 1981 : (a) ZP, (b) PS, (c) GP

7. There are three important developmental functions which the PRIIs have been entrusted with. They are education, communication and health. Let us now try to understand what the PRIIs have been able to do in these fields.

a) Let us take education first. What, in your view, are the functions of the different tiers in respect of education? : (a) ZP, (b) PS, (c) GP

b) In general, do you think that the PRIIs have been able to make adequate efforts in increasing the education facilities? : (a) highly adequate, (b) adequate, (c) inadequate. Could you elaborate in detail.

c) Inspite of 35 years of operation of the constitution, Universal Primary education has not become a reality. What do you think of the reasons for this?

d) Could you please suggest the role, officials, and non-officials could play at different levels in this context in particular and in improving education in general?
e) Coming to health, what role, would you assign to the PRI in the improvement of medical and health facilities in rural areas: (a) ZP, (b) PS, (c) GP

f) Do you think that the medical facilities available in rural areas today have change qualitatively and quantitatively after the elections to the PRIs in 1981: (a) Yes, (b) No, (c) Cannot say. Please give illustrations and reasons.

1. What is the role of the PRIs in providing water supply in rural areas? (a) ZP, (b) PS, (c) GP

2. In your opinion, how have the PRIs been functioning in the matter of rural water supply? : (a) highly satisfactory, (b) satisfactory, (c) some what satisfactory, (d) not at all satisfactory

3. What do you think are the real practical problems in providing rural water supply to all the needy villages? And what are your solutions?

4. What are the problems faced by the GPs in the maintenance and of water supply schemes? What according to you are the remedies therefor?

5. Coming to the question of roads, there are two aspects 1) laying new roads, 2) maintaining the roads. What do you consider are the problems of PRIs in these aspects? (a) problems, (b) suggestions

IV. 1. Apart from the above functions there have been in recent years a number of schemes/programmes sponsored by the Central Government are operating at the level of the district and below. Could you name some of these schemes, explain their purpose and the role of PRIs in their implementation.

2. NREP has been functioning in this district. Could you tell me about the purpose of this programme?

3. What are the difficulties in implementing this programme?

4. Do you consider that the programme has been great help? Yes or No. Please give reasons.

5. RLEGF has also been operating in this district. In what ways it is different from NREP?

6. What are your impressions about the usefulness of this programme?
7. TRYSEM is another programme in operation in this district. Could you tell me, in detail, the impact of this programme in this district?

8. Do you think that the programme needs to be modified? Yes/No. If so, in what ways?

9. In these three programmes, NREP, RLEGP and TRYSEM would you think that PRIs could be involved to a greater extent than is the case now? Yes or No. Could you give reasons for such a view?

V. PRI’s were generally considered as vehicles of rural development. Do you think that these new programmes should have been completely given to the PRIs for implementation? Yes or No. Please give reasons?

2. What in your opinion, are the considerations of the Government in getting these programmes executed through DRDA’s and not through the PRIs?

3. Coming to the schemes of alleviation of rural poverty through the programme of IRDP. Do you think that this programme should have been with PRIs? Yes or No.

4. What in your opinion, are the reasons for entrusting the programme to the DRDA, an agency created for this purpose, instead of executing through PRIs?

5. What conditions do you consider are necessary for the success of the IRD programme?

6. In your opinion, to what extent has the implementation of the IRDP been successful? (a) to a large extent, (b) somewhat successful, (c) not at all successful. Could you please give reasons for why it is so?

7. Do you think that the beneficiaries under IRDP are utilising the benefits properly? Yes or No.

8. What are the problems in your opinion that are encountered in the administration of IRDP and what suggestions do you have to overcome those problems?

VI. Relationship between officials and non-officials

1. Generally speaking the success of PRIs, it is said, depends upon cordial relations between the officials and non-officials. Would you agree with this? Yes or No. (a) completely, (b) to a large extent, (c) to some extent, (d) not at all. Could you kindly tell us why you think so?
2. Coming to your ZP, PS and GP, in particular, how would you consider the relations between the officials and non-officials?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Very cordial</th>
<th>Cordial</th>
<th>Some what cordial</th>
<th>Not at all cordial</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ZP</td>
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<td>PS</td>
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<td>GP</td>
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</table>

What is this due to?

3. What have been the results of this kind of relationship? Please give your views in detail with examples?

4. Both the officials and non-officials tend to have some image of each other. Now, generally speaking to what extent would you consider the non-officials at different levels helpful? Please express in percentages on a scale which gives 100% for totally helpful and 0% totally unhelpful.

1) ZP: (a) Chairman (b) Members
2) PS: (a) President (b) Members
3) GP: (a) Sarpanch (b) Members

5. Do you think that the non-officials consider the officials as helpful in implementation of development programmes? Yes or No.

6. Non-officials approach the officials in a number of ways. On the basis of your experience, could you tell us for what purposes non-officials approach you generally?

7. What type of demands do they generally make?

8. How do you respond to their demands? Please elaborate.

9. There is a general feeling that non-officials tend to pressurise the officials. Is this true? (a) Yes (b) No (c) Cannot say

10. Coming to your own experience, how often do you feel that you have been subject to pressurise?: (a) most often (b) often (c) occasionally (d) rarely. In what ways? How do you react? Can you give some examples?
11. During some periods say 1975-81, when there were no non-officials on PRIs, would you consider such periods as wholly free from pressures? (a) completely free, (b) some what free, (c) no difference

12. (1) In the context of proper administration of developmental programmes, how would you look all these demands/pressures? What are your suggestions in this regard?

(2) In the implementation of developmental programmes it is said, coordination is the most important aspect. Do you agree with these view? Yes or No.

(3) On the basis of your experience could you describe the coordinating activities of the following: (a) Collector, (b) DDO, (c) BDO, (d) DRDA Project Director, (e) ZP Chairman, (f) PS President.

(4) What are the most important problems faced by them in coordinations?

(5) What solutions do you suggest for overcoming these problems?

(6) Personally speaking, could you narrate some of the problems encountered by you in coordination in performance of your duties? How did you overcome them?

VII. There is a feeling that corruption, in implementation of developmental programme has increased in recent years. Do you agree? Yes or No. Could you kindly give reasons?

VIII. 1. On average in a month how much time do you spend in meetings? (a) called for by superior officers (b) called by you, (c) any other types of meetings (specify).

2. Do you set apart any fixed time in your office for receiving the public? Yes or No. If so how much in a week?

3. Can the villagers see you at any time during the office hours? Yes or No.

4. Can the villagers see you on business at your residence, in holidays? Yes or No.

5. When the villagers bring to your notice their problems concerning your subordinate officer? How often do they represent these matters, by themselves, and or through a local village leader? (a) Most often by
themselves, (b) very often by themselves and some times through local leaders, (c) by themselves and through village leaders almost generally, (d) very often through local leaders and sometimes by themselves, (e) most often through local leaders only.

IX 1. On the basis of your experience, you may feel the necessity for some changes in matters concerning area, elections, mobilisation of resources and functions etc., at different levels. Could you tell us your views, in detailed?

a) Zilla Parishad: 1) area, 2) functions, 3) elections 4) mobilisation of resources

b) Panchayat Samithi: 1) area, 2) functions, 3) elections, 4) mobilisation of resources

c) Gram Panchayat: 1) area, 2) functions, 3) elections, 4) mobilisation of resources

2. The Government of Andhra Pradesh has recently introduced Revenue Mandalas. What in your opinion, is the purpose of these Revenue Mandalas?

3. What have been the problems encountered in the implementation of Revenue Mandalas?

4. Do you think that the Revenue Mandalas have benefited the rural people? Yes or No. If so, in what ways?

5. Personally speaking, do you think it will benefit for you? Yes or No. Could you please elaborate?

6. In your opinion, who will benefit in what ways and to what extent by the introduction of Revenue Mandalas?

X 1. There may be some other aspects relating to Panchayati Raj and Rural Development on which you would like to say something.

2. Please feel free to talk about these matters in detail. Could you kindly describe the type of training you have undergone in your career.

Name of the training Institution Period

3. Do you consider that your training has been of use to you in the general performance of your functions?
4. Coming to rural development in particular, what kind of training would be helpful to officials?

5. Did you have any such training? Please give details?

PART - II

I. 1. Name of the Respondent :

2. Present address :
   Village :
   Door number :
   Street/post :
   Block/taluk :
   District :

3. Sex : Male/Female

4. May I know your religion: Hindu/Muslim/Christian/
   Any other (specify)

5. Do you come under any of the following categories? Specify.
   SC/ST/BC/Any other

6. Age group : 21 to 30 years/31 to 40 years/
   41 to 50 years/50 years and above

7. Educational qualifications:

8. Occupation : Primary :
   Secondary:

9. Father's occupation : Primary :
   Secondary:

10. Type of family : Joint/Nuclear

   Number of members in the family:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Marital status</th>
<th>Education</th>
<th>Occupation</th>
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II. Economic status of the Respondent

1. Land holding in acres: (a) wet land  (b) dry land  
   (c) Total  (d) Total cultivable land.

2. Monthly income of your family (Rupees)  
   (a) Income from your occupation  
   (b) Income from properties and other assets  
   (c) Income from other working members  
   (d) Total

II. Present designation : 
Department :
How long have you been working in this Department :
How long have you been staying in this place :
Could you kindly tell us details about your career since you joined the service?

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<tr>
<th>Designation</th>
<th>Place</th>
<th>Duration</th>
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SCHEDULE - B

Schedule used in the field work for "Rural Development and Panchayati Raj Institutions in Andhra Pradesh - A case study in Chittoor District".

Respondents - Non-officials

PART - I

I. 1. PRIIs have been functioning in different parts of India. Their origin is always associated with the recommendation of a committee (study team). Could you name the head of the committee?

2. When was PR introduced in Andhra Pradesh?

3. You know there are three tiers of Panchayati Raj in Andhra Pradesh, namely the GP, PS and ZP. You may also be aware of the position of PR in Maharashtra State. Could you tell us the tiers at different levels and the designation of their heads in Maharashtra, and their method of elections.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the State</th>
<th>Name of the Tier and level</th>
<th>Method &amp; Designation</th>
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II. Responsibilities of Panchayati Raj

1. Now there are officials and non-officials at different levels of PR Bodies. Could you describe the responsibilities of the following:

A. Zilla Parishad: (a) DDO, (b) ZP Chairman, (c) Standing Committees

B. Panchayat Samithi: (a) BDO, (b) Extension Officers (c) President, (d) PS Standing Committees, (e) VDOs

C. Gram Panchayat: (a) Sarpanch, (b) Executive Officer, (c) Upa-Sarpanch

III. Functions of PRIIs

PRIIs in Andhra Pradesh have been entrusted with different subjects relating to development programmes. According to you, what are the important functions of each of the tiers? (a) ZP, (b) PS, (c) GP
2. A ZP has also some additional functions with respect to PSs. What are they?

3. A PS has some functions with respect to GPs, can you describe them?

4. Extension and transfer of technology is an essential element in increasing production. What, according to you are the responsibilities of the PS in this context. Also describe the methods adopted in various fields in this context?

5. What is the machinery available to PSs for carrying out this extension work.

6. In your view, how did the PSs perform these functions relating to extension during the past 15 years: (a) highly satisfactory, (b) very satisfactory, (c) satisfactory, (d) somewhat satisfactory, (e) not at all satisfactory. Please give reasons and examples.

7. You know that there were no elected representatives in the Samithis between 1975 and 1981. Do you think that the performance of PSs in the field of extension and transfer of technology was different after the elections to PS in 1981? If so was it: (a) better, (b) almost the same, (c) worse. Please give reasons.

8. Generally speaking how would you compare the performance of your ZP, PS and GP before and after 1981 and what are the reasons therefor? (a) ZP (b) PS (c) GP

IV. There are three important developmental functions which the PRIIs have been entrusted with. They are education, communication, and health. Let us now try to understand what the PRIIs have been able to do in these fields:

1. Let us take education first. What is your view, are the functions of the different tiers in respect of education? (a) ZP, (b) PS, (c) GP.

2. In general do you think that the PRIIs have been able to make adequate efforts in increasing the educational facilities? (a) highly adequate, (b) adequate, (c) inadequate. Could you elaborate in detail?

3. In spite of 35 years of operation of the constitution universal primary education, has not became a reality. What do you think are the reason for this?

4. Could you please suggest the role, officials and non-officials could play at different levels in this context in particular and in improving education in general?
5. Coming to health, what role, would you assign to the PRIs in the improvement of medical and health facilities in rural areas? (a) ZP, (b) PS, (c) GP.

6. Do you think that the medical facilities available in rural areas today have change qualitatively and quantitatively after the election to PRIs in 1981. (a) Yes, (b) No (c) Cannot say. Please give illustrations and reasons.

7. What is the role of the PRIs in providing water supply in rural areas? (a) ZP, (b) PS, (c) GP.

8. In your opinion, how have the PRIs been functioning in the matter of rural water supply: (a) highly satisfactory, (b) satisfactory, (c) some what satisfactory, (d) not at all satisfactory.

9. What do you think are the real practical problems in providing rural water supply to all the needy villages? And what are your solutions?

10. What are the problems faced by the GPs in the maintenance and of water supply schemes? What according to you are the remedies therefor.

11. Coming to the question of roads, there are two aspects. (1) Laying new roads, (2) Maintenance of all roads. What do you consider are the problems of PRIs in these two aspects? (a) Problems (b) Suggestions

V. 1. Apart from the above functions there have been in recent years a number of schemes/programmes sponsored by the Central Government and operating at the level of the district and below. Could you name some of these schemes, explain their purpose and the role of PRIs in their implementation.

2. NREP has been functioning in this district. Could you tell me about the purpose of this programme?

3. What are the difficulties in implementing this programme?

4. Do you consider that the programme has been a great help? Yes or No. Please give reasons.

5. RLEG has also been operating in this district. In what ways it is different from NREP?

6. What are your impressions about the usefulness of this?

7. TRYSEM is another programme in operating in this district. Could you tell me, in detail the impact of this programme in this district?
8. Do you think that the programme needs to be modified? If so, in what ways?

9. In these three programmes, MREP, RLEG and TRYSM, would you think that the PRIs could be involved to a greater extent than is the case now? Yes or No. Could you give the reasons for such view?

VI. 1. PRIs were generally conceived as vehicles of Rural Development. Do you think that these new programmes should have been completely given to the PRIs for implementation? Yes or No. Please give reasons.

2. What in your opinion, are the considerations of the Government in getting these programmes executing through DRDAs and not through the PRIs.

3. Coming to the scheme of all alleviation of rural poverty through the programme of IRD. Do you think that this programme should have been with the PRIs? Yes or No.

4. What in your opinion, are the reason for entrusting the programme to the DRDA, an agency created for this purpose, instead of executing through PRIs.

5. What conditions do you consider are necessary for the success of the IRD programme?

6. In your opinion to what extent has the implementation of the IRDP been a success? (a) to a large extent, (b) some what successful, (c) not at all successful. Could you please give reasons for why it is so?

7. Do you think that the beneficiaries under IRDP are utilizing the benefits properly? Yes or No. Give examples.

8. What are the problems in your opinion that are encountered in the administration of IRDP and what suggestions do you have to overcome those problems?

VII. 1. Normally what percentage of members in your opinion attend the following meetings?
   (a) ZP General Body   (b) ZP Standing Committees
   (c) PS General Body   (d) PS Standing Committees

2. If some members do not attend, what could be the reasons for absence of others? Specify the reasons. (a) due to delays in getting the communication of the meeting, (b) due to illhealth (c) lack of adequate transport facilities, (d) any other reasons (specify).
3. In the meetings how keen would you consider the participation by the members in general? (a) very keen, (b) keen, (c) modest, (d) not much, (e) almost cut.

4. What is the total membership of your ZP, PS and GP. of this, how many would you consider as your best friends?

5. Usually it is said that there will be different groups factions in the same party. Do people think that such factions exist in.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Congress</th>
<th>Telugu Desam Party</th>
<th>Others</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ZP</td>
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<tr>
<td>PS</td>
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<tr>
<td>GP</td>
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6. Are you considered to belong to any of this factions? Yes or No. If yes, which.

7. Do you think that the present financial resources of different PRIs are adequate for the performance of the functions. Yes or No.

8. Can you suggest any new strategies to improve the tax revenue of PRIs. Yes or No. Give details. (a) ZP, (b) PS, (c) GP.

VII. 1. State the pressing problems of your GP, PS and ZP. Yes or No.

2. Did you take any steps to solve them? Yes or No. If yes, what are they? If no, what are the reasons?

3. As a Sarpanch, PS President and ZP Chairman what activities you carry out during the past term of your office? Give details.

4. Have you been able to mobilize popular support and local contributions for developmental works? If yes, in what ways? Yes or No.
5. As a non official of the GP, PS and ZP, do you face any pressures from the people regarding the developmental programmes. Yes or No. If yes, specify (a) Pressures for individual work (b) Pressures for CD programmes, (c) Any other (specify)

6. As a political executive of the PRIs are you faced any problems regarding the CD programmes from the opposition group/ faction group? Yes or No. If yes, what are they?

IX. Relationship between officials and non-officials

1. Generally speaking the success of PR, it is said, depends upon cordial relations between the officials and non-officials. Would you agree with this? Yes or No. (a) completely (b) to a large extent (c) to some extent (d) not at all. Could you kindly give reasons for your replay?

2. Coming to your ZP, PS and GP, in particular, how would you consider the relations between the officials and non officials

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Cordial</th>
<th>Not at all cordial</th>
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What is this due to?

3. What have been the results of this kind of relationship? Please give your views in detail with examples?

4. Both the officials and non-officials tend to have some images of each other, now generally speaking to what extent would you consider the non-officials at different levels helpful. Please express in percentages on a scale which gives 100% for totally helpful and 0% totally unhelpful.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>I. Zilla Parishad</th>
<th>II. Panchayat Samithi</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Collector</td>
<td>1. BDO</td>
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<td>2. DDO</td>
<td>2. PS Extension Office</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Deputy DDO</td>
<td>3. VDOs</td>
</tr>
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<td>4. District Agriculture Officer</td>
<td>4. Gram Panchayat Executive Officer</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. District Medical and Health Officer</td>
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</table>
5. Do you think that the officials consider the non-officials as helpful in implementation of development programmes? Yes or No.

6. Normally non-officials approach the officials in a number of ways. On the basis of your experience, could you tell us for what purposes non-officials approach the officials?

7. What type of demands do the non-officials generally make?

8. How do the officials respond to such demands.

9. There is a general feeling that non-officials tend to pressurise the officials. Do you agree with this view? Yes or No. If yes, what are the occasions and what kind of pressures?

10. Does it happen that, sometimes officials come to you to use your good offices in speedier implementation of developmental programmes? Yes or No. Can you give me some examples?

   (1) Are there any other occasions when officials come to see you for their personal work? Yes or No. If yes, give some examples?

   (2) Does such personal work have any impact on the implementation of developmental programmes? Yes or No.

11. Coming to your own experience, do you consider the officials helpful, whenever you meet them on some work? Yes or No. (a) most of the time, (b) very frequently, (c) sometimes (d) not at all.

12. There is a feeling that left to them, officials would be able to implement the developmental functions better. Do you agree? Yes or No. If so, what are the reasons.

13. There is a feeling that corruption in implementation of developmental programmes has increased in recent years? Yes or No. Could you kindly give reasons.

14. Do you consider the following officials accessible to you?
15. Do you set apart any fixed time in your office for receiving the public? Yes or No. If so, how much in a week?

X. On the basis of your experience, you may feel the necessity for some changes in matters concerning area, elections, mobilization of resources and functions, etc., of different levels. Could you tell us your views in detail?

1. Zilla Parishad: (a) area, (b) elections (c) mobilisation of resources, (d) functions

2. Panchayat Samithi: (a) area, (b) elections (c) mobilisation of resources, (d) functions

3. Gram Panchayat: (a) area, (b) elections, (c) mobilisation of resources, (d) functions

XI. 1. The Government of Andhra Pradesh has recently introduced Revenue Mandalas. What is your opinion is the purpose of these Revenue Mandalas?

2. What have been the problems encountered in the implementation of Revenue Mandalas? Yes or No. If so, please explain.
3. Do you think that revenue mandals have benefited the rural people? Yes or No. If so, in what ways?

4. In your opinion, who will benefit in what ways and to what extent by the introduction of Revenue Mandals.

5. Personally speaking, do you think it will benefit for you? Yes or No. Could you please elaborate?

6. Are there any other matters concerning the role of PRIs in Rural Development. Which you would like to say?

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**PART - II**

1. Name of the Respondent
2. Present address
   - Name of the Village
   - Name of the GP
   - Name of the block
   - Name of the district
3. Sex: Male/Female
4. May I know your religion: Hindu/Muslim/Christian/Any other (specify)
5. Do you come under any of the following categories? Specify.
6. Age group (in years): (a) 21 to 30, (b) 31 to 40, (c) 41 to 50, (d) 51 and above
7. Educational qualifications: illiterate/up to primary/upto high school/Intermediate/P.U.C./graduation/post-graduation/Any other (specify)
8. Occupation: (a) Primary, (b) Secondary
9. Father's occupation: (a) Primary, (b) Secondary
10. Type of family: Joint/Nuclear

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II. Economic status of the Respondent

1. Land holding in acres: (a) wet land (b) dry land (c) Total (d) Total cultivable land

2. Monthly income (rupees) of your family:
   (a) Income from your occupation
   (b) Income from properties and other assets
   (c) Income from other working members
   (d) Total

III. Present position

1. When did you enter in politics? What made you think of joining politics.

2. Type of your election: (a) elected (b) not elected (c) co-opted

3. Can you kindly tell us the different positions including the present one, you have hold so far in politics under the following:
   (a) Political Parties
   (b) PRIs
   (c) Co-operatives
   (d) Legislature (State and Centre), etc.
Lxviii

SCHEDULE - C

Schedule used in the field work for "Rural Development and Panchayati Raj Institutions in Andhra Pradesh - A case study in Chittoor District".

Respondents - Cross section of the Heads of the House Hold

PART - I

I. 1. PRIs have been functioning in Andhra Pradesh for the past 25 years. Could you tell us the year of the last elections to these bodies in Andhra Pradesh?

2. Did you vote at the time? Yes or No. If no, what are the reasons?

3. How many members are there in your GP excluding the Sarpanch?

4. Can you tell us how the Sarpanch is elected?

5. And how the President of the PS is elected?

6. How is the chairman of the ZP elected?

II. Could you tell us the names of the following:

A. Gram Panchayat: (1) Member of the GP from your ward (2) Sarpanch, (3) Upa-Sarpanch

B. Panchayat Samithi: (1) PS President, (2) BDO, (3) Extension Officer of Agriculture (4) Extension Officer of Animal Husbandry (5) VDO

C. Zilla Parishad: (1) Chairman of the ZP, (2) District Collector, (3) District Development Officer, (4) Project Director DRDA.

III. 1. Are you aware that a GP is expected to call a meeting of Gram Sabha i.e., a meeting of all the people in the village to explain to them the activities of the GP and tell them about the financial position of the GP?

2. How many meetings were there in the last 2 years? How many did you attend?

IV. Functions of PRIs

1. We would like to hear from you the important functions of different PRIs and how they have been performing them. First about the GP. Then about the PS. Next about...
is now being said that Government officials have become more considerate towards public. What do you think so? Agree, Disagree, DK/NR

Is the public have any means to influence the Government? Yes, No. DK/NR

.. is possible for the people to change the Government if they so will? Yes, how .... No. DK/NR

Some people believe that it would not matter whether one votes or not. What is your opinion? Yes, It does make a difference.

It would not make a difference but will certainly made a different. DK/NR

6. Do you consider it desirable for people to participate in politics? Yes, not good 3) DK/NR

7. In your opinion do people like you have any responsibilities to make PRIs perform their functions well? Yes or No. If yes, what are they?

8. PRIs to perform the above functions need money.

What are the resources available to them? GP, PS.

9. As far as your GP is concerned, what are the taxes it levies?

10. How are the taxes collected?

11. What are the taxes you pay?

12. Have you paid your house tax for 1984-85 and 1985-86? If so, when and how?

13. In addition to paying taxes, have you ever helped the GP in any other ways? Yes or No.

V. 1. Please describe in detail, what are the other resources available for your GP?

2. Can you tell us the programmes undertaken by your GP for the development of the village?

3. In what ways have they been of use to the people?

4. Have you faced any problems in making use of these programmes? Please give reasons.

5. Do you think that the PS also has done some work for the villages? Yes or No. Could you tell us what it is?
VI. 1. Do you know where the Primary Health Center located? Yes or No.

2. Have you ever been to the center? Yes or No.

3. Are you satisfied with the treatment given there? Yes or No. Please give reasons.

VII. 1. Coming to Animal Husbandry what kind of service are provided by the GP/PS and ZP?

2. How far is a Veterinary Hospital from your village?

3. Do you face any difficulties in making use of existing Veterinary Facilities? Yes or No. Please explain.


5. What is the role of GP/PS and ZP in this help?

6. What kind of produce do you sell?

7. Do you sell them in the village itself? Yes or No.

8. What is the distance between your village and the nearest market.

9. Are you satisfied with the facilities available for selling your produce? Yes or No. Please give reasons.

VIII. 1. Turning to the general sanitary conditions of your village, are the roads cleaned very day? Yes or No.

2. Are there arrangements for latrines in general? Yes or No.

3. Are there latrines for women in particular? Yes or No.

4. Are the latrines maintained satisfactorily? Yes or No or Not good.

5. What are the facilities which in your opinion, are lacking in your village? And what did you think are the reasons for the lack of these facilities?

   (a) Lack of facilities

   (b) Reasons

IX. 1. Speaking about the past 5 years that is after the 1981 elections. What are the fields, where you think some improvements have come? And what are the reasons therefore?
2. What are the other difficulties faced by you in getting the loans?

3. What were the problems faced by you in working the scheme? Describe in detail?

4. Have you been able to repay the loan amount?
   (a) repaid correctly  (b) repaid partly
   (c) not at all paid

5. What are the difficulties in repaying the amount?

6. Have the Bank been helping you? Yes or No. If so, in what ways.

7. What has been the benefit of IRDP for you?

8. Has your annual income gone up? Yes or No. If yes, how much.

9. What are your suggestions for improving the implementation of IRDP?

X. 1. How many children of school going age do you have?

2. And how many of them go to the school?

3. If some of or all of them do not go to the school, why do they not go to school?

XI. 1. You know the government used to provide mid-day meals to children in the schools and this was recently discontinued. Do you think that the scheme was a good one? Yes or No. Give reasons for such view.

2. Do you want the mid-day meals scheme to be continued? Yes or No.

3. Do you have any suggestions for improving its operation?

4. In place of mid-day meals scheme, the Government provides books and uniforms now. Does this scheme work well? Yes or No. Please give reasons.

5. Given an option what would you prefer the old mid-day meals scheme or the present scheme of uniform and books?

6. Do you think that there has been a change in the attitude of the upper castes towards the poor in the past 10 years? Yes or No. If so, please elaborate.
2. What are the other difficulties faced by you in getting the loans?

3. What were the problems faced by you in working the scheme? Describe in detail?

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   (a) repaid correctly  (b) repaid partly  
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5. Given an option what would you prefer the old mid-day meals scheme or the present scheme of uniform and books?

6. Do you think that there has been a change in the attitude of the upper castes towards the poor in the past 10 years? Yes or No. If so, please elaborate.
XII. 1. Do you think that the following non-officials Panchayat members, Sarpanch, Samiti President are helpful? Yes or No. If so, in what ways.

2. Do you think that they care for the poor people? Yes or No.

3. Have you faced any difficulties in meeting the following: (a) Sarpanch (b) members of panchayat (c) samiti president (d) BDO (e) Extension Officers (f) Project Director – DRDA (g) Bank Officers.

4. Do you agree that

   (1) Rich is becoming richer and poor is becoming poor?
       Strongly agree/Agree/Don't know/ Disagree/ Strongly disagree.

   (2) Leaders are not interested in solving the problems of the poor?
       Disagree/Strongly disagree/Don't know/Agree/ Strongly agree.

   (3) The poor must organise themselves to change their conditions?
       Strongly agree/Agree/Don't know/Disagree/ Strongly Disagree.

   (4) Only the strong leader from the working masses can solve the problems of the poor?
       Disagree/Strongly disagree/Don't know/Agree/ Strongly agree.

   (5) The Government in this country can be run better, if there were no parties?
       Don't know/ agree/strongly agree/strongly disagree, Disagree.

   (6) Direct election of the Sarpanch has improved the implementation of developmental works?
       Agree/Strongly agree/Disagree/Strongly disagree/ Don't know.

   (7) Central Government is taking more interest in the welfare of the weaker sections than the State Government?
       Disagree/Strongly disagree/Don't know/Agree/ Strongly agree.
(9) The functioning of PRIs has not benefited to weaker sections?
Strongly agree/Agree/Don't know/Disagree/Strongly disagree.

(9) Direct election of the Samithi President has improved the implementation of developmental works?
Don't know/Agree/Strongly agree/Strongly disagree/disagree.

XIII. 1. The Government of Andhra Pradesh has recently introduced Revenue Mandals, what in your opinion, is the purpose of these Revenue Mandals?

2. What have been the problems encountered in the implementation of Revenue Mandals?

3. Do you think that the Revenue Mandals have benefited the rural people? Yes or No. If so, in what ways.

4. Which system is better the previous taluks or the present Revenue Mandal?

5. In your opinion, who will be benefited and to what extent by the introduction of Revenue Mandals?

6. Do you have any suggestions/observations regarding the role of PRIs in rural development?

PART - II

I. 1. Name of the Respondent

2. Relationship with the head

3. Name of the Gram Panchayat

4. Name of the Hamlet

5. Name of the PS/Block

6. Name of the Taluk

7. Name of the District

8. Sex: Male/Female

9. May I know your religion: Hindu/Muslim/Christian/Any other
10. Do you come under any of the following categories?
Specify. SC/ST/BC/Any other.

11. Age in years :

12. Educational qualifications : Illiterate/Upto primary/upto high school/Intermediate/P.U.C./Graduation/Post-graduation/Any other (specify)

13. Occupation : landless labourer/agriculture labour/rural artisan/marginal farmer/small farmer/any other

14. Father's occupation : primary :
    Secondary :

15. Type of family : Joint/Nuclear

Number of the members in the family

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II. Economic status of the respondent

1. Land holdings in acres: (a) wet land (b) dry land (c) Total (d) leased out (e) leased in (f) cost per acre in (1) wet (2) dry

2. Properties and other assets owned

1. Do you have the following in your house? : clock/radio/bicycle/stove/sewing machine/frize/television/tractor.

2. Do you have the following livestock? bullocks/buffaloes/cows/goat or sheep/poultry birds

3. Monthly income of your family (in rupees)
   (1) income from your occupation
   (2) income from properties and other assets
   (3) income from other working members
   (4) Total

[Signature]

[Registration No. 3053]