ANNEXURE A

Family tree of Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee
77, Russa Road; The home to this illustrious family

Syama Prasad(left), Umaprasad (standing), Ramaprasad(right), Amala(centre). 1905.
Syama Prasad in England while qualifying for Bar, 1926

Syama Prasad with his wife Sudha Devi
Syama Prasad with his mother Sreemati Jogamaya Debi
(1947)

Syama Prasad with his children.
Standing from left: Anutosh and Debotosh
Sitting from left: Sabita and Arati
Syama Prasad as Vice – Chancellor of University of Calcutta
with Lord Brabourne, Chancellor and Governor of West Bengal, 1937.

Syama Prasad taking salute from students in the maidan on University Foundation Day, 1937.
Dr. Syama Prasad ultimately deciding on the University Seal after he became the Vice-Chancellor
Left to right: Syama Prasad, Sir P.C.Ray, Sir Manmatha Mukherjee, N.C. Chaterjee in a protest meeting on Secondary Education Bill of Muslim League Government Of Bengal on 22nd December, 1940s

Syama Prasad in a meeting of University of Calcutta, demanding separation of Hindu majority areas from Pakistan in 1946 along with Dr. Saha, Sreemati Sucheta Kripalani, Ramananda Chaterjee and Dr. Abha Maity.
Syama Prasad with Dr. B.R. Ambedkar in 1949.

From left : Dr. B.C.Roy, Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee, Governor Katzu, Sardar Vallabhai Patel and others.
Syama Prasad with Dr. S. Radhakrishnan

Syama Prasad and Jawaharlal Nehru at a flag hoisting ceremony
Syama Prasad as Industry and Supply Minister at New Delhi.

Dr. Syama Prasad as Industry and Supply Minister along with J.R.D Tata
Annexures

Syama Prasad laying the foundation stone near the cell where Sri Aurobindo was detained during 1905 – 09 at the Alipore Central Jail

24th April, 1951: ‘Holy Mother’ giving the inaugural speech at the Sri Aurobindo memorial convention at Pondicherry. Syama Prasad took part in this convention.
Syama Prasad was under house arrest in this cottage at Nishatbagh in Kashmir during 11th May to 23rd June, 1953.

“Home they brought their warrior dead”
23rd June, 1953 at 9 pm at Dum Dum Airport
ANNEXURE B

A letter from Syama Prasad, thanking Tagore for giving his consent to participate in the working of the University of Calcutta
A letter from Syama Prasad Mookerjee requesting Tagore to give the convocation address at the University of Calcutta on 13th February, 1937.
Rabindranath Tagore finally accepting the status of University Professor
A letter from Tagore to Syama Prasad, requesting him to set up an University examination centre in Shantiniketan itself.
ANNEXURE C

Initiatives of Syama Prasad Mookerjee

Hindustan Aeronautics Limited

Durgapur Steel Plant
Sindri Fertilizer Factory

Chittaranjan Locomotive Works
CGCRI at Jadavpur

Scientific Laboratory initiated by Syama Prasad
ANNEXURE D

Remembering Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee

At Lodhi Garden Estate,
New Delhi
Multipurpose Gym at Goa

Syama Prasad college in Kolkata
In memory of this great leader of India

Memorabilia
A statue of the great leader at Syama Prasad College

The road named after Syama Prasad Mookerjee
ANNEXURE E

Highlights in the life of Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee:

6th July, 1901 : Born in Calcutta

1917 : Passed the Matriculation Examination in First Division from the Bhowanipur Mitra Institution, Calcutta.

1919 : Passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts, obtaining a First Division from the Presidency college, Calcutta.

1921 : Passed the B.A. Examinations in English(honours) with a First Class from the Presidency College, Calcutta.

16th April, 1922 : Was married to Smt. Sudha Devi.

1923 : Passed the M.A. Examinations with a First Class in Bengali Language and Literature from the Calcutta University.

1924 : Death of Sir Asutosh Mookerjee

: Passed B.L. and was enrolled as an Advocate of the Calcutta High Court.

: Elected Fellow of the Calcutta University.

: Appointed Member of the Syndicate, Calcutta University.

1926 : Left for England to qualify for the Bar

: Joined Lincoln’s Inn

1927 : Became Bar-at-Law.

1929 : Elected Member of the Bengal Legislative Council as a Congress candidate, representing Calcutta University.

1930 : Resigned from the Council in response to the decision of the Congress Party to boycott the legislature.

: Re-elected to the council as an independent candidate.
1933 : Death of Sudha Devi
1934 : Appointed Vice – Chancellor of the University of Calcutta for two successive terms(1934 – 1938)
1935 : Became a member of the Court and Council of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.
1937 : Elected to the Bengal Legislative Assembly from the University Constituency.
1938 : Awarded the degrees of D.Litt and LLD by the Calcutta University and the Benaras Hindu University respectively.
1939 : Participated in the 21st session of the All India Hindu Mahasabha at Calcutta.
1940 : Was elected working President of the All India Hindu Mahasabha (1940-44)
1941 : Served as the Finance Minister of Bengal in the Fazlul Huq Progressive Coalition Ministry.
1942 : Resigned from the above as a protest against the Governor’s policy of repression in the wake of the Quit India Movement, 1942.
1943 : Organised large scale relief measures during the great Bengal famine.
1944 : Founded the English daily Nationalist.
1946 : Was elected to the Bengal Legislative Assembly from the University Constituency.
1947 : Invited by Gandhiji to join the National Government formed by Nehru – was appointed as the Minister of Industries and Supplies.
1950 : President, Mahabodhi Society of India.
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<tr>
<th>Year</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Organised large scale relief measures for the rehabilitation of refugees.</td>
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<td>1951</td>
<td>Founded the Presidency College Alumni Association and served as its Vice – President from 1951 – 1953.</td>
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<td>Founded the Bharatiya Jana Sangha and was elected its first President.</td>
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<td>Founded an English weekly, ‘The People’.</td>
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<td>1952</td>
<td>Was elected to the Parliament from the South Calcutta Constituency.</td>
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<td>Presided over the first Annual Conference of the Bharatiya Jana Sangha at Kanpur.</td>
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<td>23rd June, 1953</td>
<td>Death in Srinagar under detention.</td>
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