This case is regarded as one of the most landmark cases which stress the freedom of religion as a fundamental human right. Lord Denning’s interpretation of the Race Relations Act 1976 was set aside by the Law Lords Lord Fraser of Tullybelton, Lord Edmund-Davies, Lord Roskill, Lord Brandon of Oakbrook and Lord Templeman. The Case was decided on 24 March 1982. It firmly established freedom of religion as a human right throughout the world. Eminent lawyers Mr. Alexander Irvine QC and Mr. Harjit Singth argued in this case.