LIST OF FIGURES

Fig. 2.1: South Indian Craton and its major provinces.

Fig. 2.2: Geological map of Kolar Schist Belt.

Fig. 2.3: Kolar Schist Belt and its major blocks.

Fig. 2.4: Central Kolar Schist Belt and gold lodes.

Fig. 2.5: Layering of sulfides and cherty-quartz in West Prospect lode.

Fig. 2.6: Layering of cherty-quartz and mafic minerals with sulfides.

Fig. 2.7: Magnetite as distinct layers in McTagaart West lode.

Fig. 2.8: Geological map of South Kolar Schist Belt with Nallappakonda and Chigarikunta ore lodes.

Fig. 2.9: Morphology of the Mallappakonda lode.

Fig. 2.10: Chigarikunta ore lode and its blocks.

Fig. 2.11: Pyrite crystals smeared and parallel to the schistosity of the host amphibolite in Chigarikunta lode.

Fig. 2.12: Field locations of the samples studied

Fig. 3.1: Pinching and swelling of pyrrhotite layers.

Fig. 4.2: Calcite along with pyrrhotite cutting the schistosity of the host rock.

Fig. 4.3: Rock-ball texture in West Prospect lode samples.

Fig. 4.4: Blebs of pyrrhotite in arsenopyrite.

Fig. 4.5: Sphalerite and pyrrhotite relationship.

Fig. 4.6: Pinching and swelling of sulfide and silicate layers
Fig. 4.7: Rock-ball textures in Oriental lode samples.

Fig. 4.8: Magnetite with inclusions of arsenopyrite and pyrrhotite.

Fig. 4.9: X-ray scanning image of Au in arsenopyrite.

Fig. 4.10: Anhedral highly deformed arsenopyrite surrounded and intruded by pyrrhotite.

Fig. 4.11: Arsenopyrite showing metamorphic intergrowth textures with silicates.

Fig. 4.12: Sphalerite with exsolved blebs of chalcopyrite.

Fig. 4.13: Banding magnetite with gradational band widths.

Fig. 4.14: Magnetite with tiny inclusions of arsenopyrite and pyrrhotite.

Fig. 4.15: Disseminated sulfides with the quartz.

Fig. 4.16: Laths of scheelite in quartz lodes.

Fig. 4.17: Alteration of calcic amphiboles in quartz lodes.

Fig. 4.18: Granular carbonate zones in the quartz lodes.

Fig. 4.19: Highly sheared and stretched quartz grains in the gold quartz lodes.

Fig. 4.20: Rock-ball textures in Mysore Mine lodes.

Fig. 4.21: Sphalerite-chalcopyrite-pyrrhotite relations in Mysore Mine lodes.

Fig. 4.22: Rounded grains of pyrite in pyrrhotite and in silicates.

Fig. 4.23: Small undeformed euhedral crystals of arsenopyrite in association with pyrrhotite.

Fig. 4.24: Blebs of magnetite in pyrrhotite.
Fig. 4.25: Rock-ball textures in Mallappakonda lodes.
Fig. 4.26: Arsenopyrite occurring as distinct monomineralic bands.
Fig. 4.27: Arsenopyrite showing typical metamorphic textures.
Fig. 4.28: Arsenopyrite-magnetite-pyrrhotite relations.
Fig. 4.29: Magnetite cuts, surrounds and intrudes arsenopyrite.
Fig. 4.30: Au surrounds magnetite within arsenopyrite.
Fig. 4.31: Visible gold in silicates.
Fig. 4.32: Pyrite as deformed lenses.
Fig. 4.33: Gold in sphalerite.
Fig. 5.1: Behaviour of various elements in the KGF sulfide lodes.
Fig. 6.1: Solubility of gold as a function of temperature.
Fig. 6.2: Variation of oxidation potential with pH.
Fig. 6.3: Solubility of SiO₂ and Al₂O₃ as a function of pH.
Fig. 6.4: Effects of seawater interaction with basalts.
Fig. 6.5: Au-S system.
Fig. 6.6: Geochemical model for the genesis of Kolar gold deposits.
**LIST OF TABLES**

| Table 2.1: | Stratigraphy of the Kolar Schist Belt. |
| Table 2.2: | Details of samples studied. |
| Table 3.1: | Major element data for USGS Rock Standards. |
| Table 3.2: | Trace element data for USGS Rock Standards. |
| Table 3.3: | Comparison of gold analysis by two different methods. |
| Table 3.4: | Concentration of trace elements in ore, bulk sulfides and in monomineralic sulfides of Kolar sulfide lodes. |
| Table 3.5: | Concentration of As and S in Kolar sulfide lodes. |
| Table 5.1: | Major element data for West Prospect lode samples. |
| Table 5.2: | Trace element and Au data for West Prospect lode samples |
| Table 5.3: | Composition of arsenopyrite and pyrrhotite of West Prospect lode samples. |
| Table 5.4: | Major element data for Oriental lode samples |
| Table 5.5: | Trace element and Au data for Oriental lode samples. |
| Table 5.6: | Composition of arsenopyrite and pyrrhotites from Oriental lode samples. |
| Table 5.7: | Major element data for McTagaart West lode samples. |
| Table 5.8: | Trace element and Au data for McTagaart West lode samples. |
| Table 5.9: | Composition of arsenopyrite and pyrrhotite from McTagaart West lode samples. |
| Table 5.10: | Major element data for Mundys lode samples. |
Table 5.11: Trace element and Au data for Mundys lode samples.

Table 5.12: Major element data for Champion lode samples.

Table 5.13: Trace element and Au data for Champion Lode samples.

Table 5.14: Major element data for Mysore Mine lode samples.

Table 5.15: Trace element and Au data for Mysore Mine lode samples.

Table 5.16: Major element data for Mallappakonda lode samples.

Table 5.17: Trace element and Au data for Mallappakonda lode samples.

Table 5.18: Composition of arsenopyrite and pyrrhotite of Mallappakonda lode samples.

Table 5.19: Major element data for Chigarikunta lode samples.

Table 5.20: Trace element and Au data for Chigarikunta lode samples.

Table 5.21: Composition of arsenopyrite and pyrrhotite from Chigarikunta lode.

Table 5.22a: Au data for Mallappakonda lode samples

Table 5.22b: Mean and Standard Deviation for gold analysis.

Table 5.23: Au concentration in ore, bulk sulfides and in monomineralic sulfides.

Table 5.24: Abundance of Au, total sulfide content and proportions of individual sulfide minerals.

Table 5.25: Calculated temperature and sulfur fugacity for Kolar sulfide lodes.