CONCLUSION

Local analgesia for reduction of closed fractures by haematoma block is one of the method among the various.

Thirty five patients were treated from Jan, 1991 to Dec., 1991 with approximately 2 : 1 male : female ratio of more than 14 years of age.

All the patients were having varying closed fractures of forearm or leg e.g. Colles' fractures of both bone leg, Barton and Galleazzi fracture dislocation. Most of them 23 (65.71%) were of Colles' fracture.

Haematoma block was given by 10 ml 2% xylocaine in most of the cases under aseptic precaution within 10 minutes maximum analgesia was obtained.

Fifteen (42.86%) patients reported excellent response, seventeen (48.57%) moderate response and three (8.57%) patients showed poor response.

No any complication could be noticed in any case except transient fainting and giddiness in one(2.86%) case during which no alteration in any vital parameter
could be recorded and within two minutes the normal condition was restored.

The method remained economical for time both for surgeon and patient.